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1	PROCUREMENT AMENDMENTS
2	2012 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Wayne L. Niederhauser
5	House Sponsor: Melvin R. Brown
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill recodifies and amends the Utah Procurement Code.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	defines terms;
13	 describes requirements and procedures relating to procurements and procurement
14	processes by public entities;
15	 describes the applicability of the Utah Procurement Code;
16	grants rulemaking authority;
17	 describes the duties and powers of the Division of Purchasing and General Services;
18	 provides for exemptions from certain provisions of the Utah Procurement Code;
19	 describes the duties and powers of the Utah State Procurement Policy Board and the
20	procurement advisory councils;
21	 describes the duties and powers of the chief procurement officer;
22	 provides for exceptions to procurement process requirements;
23	addresses cancellations, rejections, and debarment;
24	 addresses reciprocal preferences and purchases from community rehabilitation
25	programs;
26	 describes the duties and powers of the Purchasing from Persons with Disabilities
27	Advisory Board;
28	 describes bid security and bond requirements;
29	 describes requirements relating to contracts and change orders;

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30	 describes requirements relating to construction procurement and contracts;
31	 describes requirements relating to architect-engineer services;
32	 describes procedures, requirements, and limitations relating to controversies,
33	protests, appeals, and judicial action;
34	 addresses the retention of records;
35	 addresses interaction between public procurement units;
36	 establishes ethical practice provisions relating to procurements;
37	▶ amends existing, and enacts new, criminal provisions and penalties relating to
38	procurements; and
39	makes technical changes.
40	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
41	None
42	Other Special Clauses:
43	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2013.
44	This bill coordinates with S.B. 114, Contesting Public Procurements, by providing
45	substantive and technical amendments.
46	This bill coordinates with S.B. 165, Redevelopment Agency Amendments, by
47	providing substantive and technical amendments.
48	Utah Code Sections Affected:
49	AMENDS:
50	7-1-323, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
51	7-2-21, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
52	9-4-704, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 342
53	9-4-906, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
54	9-4-1602, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 217
55	10-3-1304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
56	10-3-1305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
57	10-7-86 as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008. Chapter 382

58	11-17-20, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
59	11-39-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 360 and 382
50	11-39-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 387
51	11-44-202, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 244
52	11-44-301, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 244
53	13-2-9, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
64	14-1-18, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
55	17-16a-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
56	17-43-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
67	17-43-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
58	17-53-225, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
59	17-53-313, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
70	17B-1-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
71	17B-2a-818, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 281
72	17B-2a-818.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 297 and 400
73	17D-1-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 40, 106, 205, and 209
74	17D-2-108, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 360
75	19-1-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 297 and 400
76	20A-11-701 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 396
77	26-8a-405.3 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 297
78	26-8a-405.5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 297
79	26-10-8 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 413
30	26-10b-102 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 297
31	26-18-2.6 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 344
32	26-40-110 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 297
33	30-3-11.3 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 51
34	30-3-11.4 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 51
35	30-3-38 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 44 and 382

86	31A-29-110, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
87	31A-29-111 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 382 and 385
88	31A-33-104 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
89	31A-33-107 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
90	34A-2-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
91	35A-5-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
92	38-1-30 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 299
93	38-1-39, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
94	41-12a-803 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 342
95	53-2-404 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 342
96	53A-1-706, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
97	53A-1a-511, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
98	53A-20-101 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
99	53A-25b-105 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 294
22	,
100	53C-1-201 (Effective 07/01/12), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 247
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100	53C-1-201 (Effective 07/01/12), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 247
100 101	53C-1-201 (Effective 07/01/12) , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 247 and 353
100 101 102	53C-1-201 (Effective 07/01/12), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 247 and 353 54-3-29 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 340
100101102103	53C-1-201 (Effective 07/01/12), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 247 and 353 54-3-29, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 340 54-8b-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 329 and 342
100101102103104	53C-1-201 (Effective 07/01/12), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 247 and 353 54-3-29, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 340 54-8b-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 329 and 342 62A-1-108.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 366
100 101 102 103 104 105	53C-1-201 (Effective 07/01/12), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 247 and 353 54-3-29, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 340 54-8b-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 329 and 342 62A-1-108.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 366 62A-3-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
100 101 102 103 104 105 106	53C-1-201 (Effective 07/01/12), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 247 and 353 54-3-29, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 340 54-8b-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 329 and 342 62A-1-108.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 366 62A-3-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382 62A-3-104.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107	53C-1-201 (Effective 07/01/12), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 247 and 353 54-3-29, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 340 54-8b-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 329 and 342 62A-1-108.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 366 62A-3-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382 62A-3-104.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382 62A-14-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108	53C-1-201 (Effective 07/01/12), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 247 and 353 54-3-29, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 340 54-8b-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 329 and 342 62A-1-108.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 366 62A-3-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382 62A-3-104.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382 62A-14-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382 63A-5-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 400
100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109	53C-1-201 (Effective 07/01/12), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 247 and 353 54-3-29, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 340 54-8b-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 329 and 342 62A-1-108.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 366 62A-3-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382 62A-3-104.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382 62A-14-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382 63A-5-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 400 63A-5-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110	53C-1-201 (Effective 07/01/12), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 247 and 353 54-3-29, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 340 54-8b-10, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 329 and 342 62A-1-108.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 366 62A-3-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382 62A-14-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382 63A-5-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 400 63A-5-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382 63A-5-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382

114	63B-5-102 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
115	63B-6-102 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
116	63B-6-402 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
117	63B-7-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
118	63B-7-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
119	63B-8-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
120	63B-8-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
121	63B-9-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
122	63B-11-202 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
123	63C-7-210, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
124	63C-9-301 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 10 and 382
125	63C-9-403 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 400
126	63E-2-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
127	63F-1-205 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 376
128	63G-7-804, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
129	63G-10-403 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 361
130	63H-2-504 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 378
131	63H-3-109, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 370
132	63H-4-108, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 370
133	63H-5-108, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 370
134	63H-6-103, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 370
135	63I-1-263 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 199, 370, 408, and 411
136	63M-1-2602 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 352
137	63M-1-2603 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 352
138	63M-1-2605 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 352
139	63M-1-2606 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 352
140	63M-1-2607 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 352

142	63M-1-2610, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 352
143	64-13a-13, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
144	67-16-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
145	67-16-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
146	67-16-5.3 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
147	67-16-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
148	72-6-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 90
149	72-6-107.5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 400
150	72-6-108 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 388
151	72-6-205 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 183
152	72-7-504 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
153	73-10-27 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 267 and 382
154	73-23-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
155	76-10-1602 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 320
156	78A-2-112 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
157	79-2-404 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 400
158	79-4-203, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 344
159	ENACTS:
160	63G-6a-104 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
161	63G-6a-110 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
162	63G-6a-201 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
163	63G-6a-301 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
164	63G-6a-401 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
165	63G-6a-402 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
166	63G-6a-403, Utah Code Annotated 1953
167	63G-6a-404 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
168	63G-6a-405 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
169	63G-6a-406 , Utah Code Annotated 1953

170	63G-6a-408 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
171	63G-6a-501 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
172	63G-6a-502 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
173	63G-6a-503 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
174	63G-6a-504 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
175	63G-6a-601 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
176	63G-6a-602 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
177	63G-6a-603 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
178	63G-6a-604 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
179	63G-6a-605 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
180	63G-6a-606 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
181	63G-6a-607 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
182	63G-6a-608 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
183	63G-6a-609 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
184	63G-6a-610 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
185	63G-6a-611 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
186	63G-6a-612 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
187	63G-6a-701 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
188	63G-6a-702 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
189	63G-6a-703 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
190	63G-6a-704 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
191	63G-6a-705 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
192	63G-6a-706 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
193	63G-6a-707 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
194	63G-6a-708 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
195	63G-6a-709 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
196	63G-6a-710 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
197	63G-6a-801 , Utah Code Annotated 1953

198	63G-6a-803, Utah Code Annotated 1953
199	63G-6a-901 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
200	63G-6a-1001 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
201	63G-6a-1004 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
202	63G-6a-1101 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
203	63G-6a-1201 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
204	63G-6a-1204 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
205	63G-6a-1301 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
206	63G-6a-1401 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
207	63G-6a-1501 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
208	63G-6a-1601 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
209	63G-6a-1701 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
210	63G-6a-1801 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
211	63G-6a-1901 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
212	63G-6a-2001 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
213	63G-6a-2101 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
214	63G-6a-2201 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
215	63G-6a-2202 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
216	63G-6a-2301 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
217	63G-6a-2303 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
218	63G-6a-2304 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
219	63G-6a-2305 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
220	63G-6a-2306 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
221	63G-6a-2307 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
222	RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:
223	63G-6a-101, (Renumbered from 63G-6-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter
224	382)
225	63G-6a-102, (Renumbered from 63G-6-102, as renumbered and amended by Laws of

226	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
227	63G-6a-103, (Renumbered from 63G-6-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
228	Chapter 376)
229	63G-6a-105, (Renumbered from 63G-6-104, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
230	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
231	63G-6a-106, (Renumbered from 63G-6-207, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008,
232	Chapter 3 and renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
233	63G-6a-109, (Renumbered from 63G-6-105, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
234	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
235	63G-6a-202 , (Renumbered from 63G-6-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
236	Chapter 376)
237	63G-6a-203 , (Renumbered from 63G-6-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
238	Chapter 376)
239	63G-6a-204, (Renumbered from 63G-6-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009,
240	Chapter 132)
241	63G-6a-205, (Renumbered from 63G-6-209, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
242	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
243	63G-6a-302, (Renumbered from 63G-6-203, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
244	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
245	63G-6a-303, (Renumbered from 63G-6-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008,
246	Chapter 352 and renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
247	63G-6a-304, (Renumbered from 63G-6-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008,
248	Chapter 352 and renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
249	63G-6a-305 , (Renumbered from 63G-6-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
250	Chapter 376)
251	63G-6a-407, (Renumbered from 63G-6-303, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
252	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
253	63G-6a-711 , (Renumbered from 63G-6-408.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008,

254	Chapter 352)
255	63G-6a-802, (Renumbered from 63G-6-410, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
256	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
257	63G-6a-804, (Renumbered from 63G-6-423, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
258	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
259	63G-6a-805, (Renumbered from 63G-6-425, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
260	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
261	63G-6a-902, (Renumbered from 63G-6-412, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
262	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
263	63G-6a-903, (Renumbered from 63G-6-413, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
264	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
265	63G-6a-904, (Renumbered from 63G-6-804, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
266	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
267	63G-6a-1002, (Renumbered from 63G-6-404, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
268	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
269	63G-6a-1003, (Renumbered from 63G-6-405, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
270	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
271	63G-6a-1102, (Renumbered from 63G-6-504, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
272	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
273	63G-6a-1103, (Renumbered from 63G-6-505, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
274	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
275	63G-6a-1104, (Renumbered from 63G-6-506, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,
276	Chapter 299)
277	63G-6a-1105, (Renumbered from 63G-6-507, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
278	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
279	63G-6a-1202, (Renumbered from 63G-6-601, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
280	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
281	63G-6a-1203, (Renumbered from 63G-6-603, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009,

282	Chapter 217)
283	63G-6a-1205, (Renumbered from 63G-6-416, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
284	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
285	63G-6a-1206, (Renumbered from 63G-6-415, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
286	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
287	63G-6a-1207, (Renumbered from 63G-6-602, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
288	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
289	63G-6a-1302, (Renumbered from 63G-6-501, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
290	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
291	63G-6a-1303 , (Renumbered from 63G-6-604, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010,
292	Chapter 18)
293	63G-6a-1402, (Renumbered from 63G-6-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010,
294	Chapter 358)
295	63G-6a-1403, (Renumbered from 63G-6-503, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
296	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
297	63G-6a-1502, (Renumbered from 63G-6-701, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
298	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
299	63G-6a-1503, (Renumbered from 63G-6-702, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
300	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
301	63G-6a-1504, (Renumbered from 63G-6-703, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
302	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
303	63G-6a-1505, (Renumbered from 63G-6-704, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
304	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
305	63G-6a-1506, (Renumbered from 63G-6-705, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
306	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
307	63G-6a-1602, (Renumbered from 63G-6-805, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
308	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
309	63G-6a-1603 , (Renumbered from 63G-6-801, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011,

310	Chapter 361)
311	63G-6a-1604, (Renumbered from 63G-6-806, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
312	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
313	63G-6a-1605, (Renumbered from 63G-6-907, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
314	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
315	63G-6a-1606, (Renumbered from 63G-6-802, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
316	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
317	63G-6a-1607, (Renumbered from 63G-6-803, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
318	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
319	63G-6a-1702, (Renumbered from 63G-6-807, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010,
320	Chapter 286)
321	63G-6a-1703, (Renumbered from 63G-6-810, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
322	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
323	63G-6a-1704, (Renumbered from 63G-6-808, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
324	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
325	63G-6a-1705, (Renumbered from 63G-6-809, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
326	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
327	63G-6a-1706, (Renumbered from 63G-6-811, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
328	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
329	63G-6a-1707, (Renumbered from 63G-6-812, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
330	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
331	63G-6a-1708, (Renumbered from 63G-6-813, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
332	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
333	63G-6a-1802, (Renumbered from 63G-6-814, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
334	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
335	63G-6a-1803, (Renumbered from 63G-6-815, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
336	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
337	63G-6a-1804 . (Renumbered from 63G-6-817, as renumbered and amended by Laws of

338	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
339	63G-6a-1805, (Renumbered from 63G-6-816, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
340	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
341	63G-6a-1902, (Renumbered from 63G-6-419, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
342	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
343	63G-6a-1903, (Renumbered from 63G-6-818, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
344	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
345	63G-6a-1904, (Renumbered from 63G-6-819, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
346	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
347	63G-6a-1905, (Renumbered from 63G-6-820, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
348	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
349	63G-6a-2002, (Renumbered from 63G-6-106, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
350	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
351	63G-6a-2003, (Renumbered from 63G-6-421, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
352	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
353	63G-6a-2004, (Renumbered from 63G-6-905, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
354	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
355	63G-6a-2102, (Renumbered from 63G-6-901, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
356	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
357	63G-6a-2103, (Renumbered from 63G-6-902, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
358	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
359	63G-6a-2104, (Renumbered from 63G-6-904, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
360	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
361	63G-6a-2105, (Renumbered from 63G-6-424, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
362	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
363	63G-6a-2302, (Renumbered from 63G-6-420, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
364	Utah 2008, Chapter 382)
365	REPEALS:

900	10-7-87, as fast amended by Laws of Otan 2008, Chapter 382
367	11-37-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
368	17-15-24, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
369	17B-1-109, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
370	26A-1-108.7 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
371	63G-6-206, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
372	63G-6-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 376
373	63G-6-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 388
374	63G-6-402, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
375	63G-6-403, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
376	63G-6-406, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
377	63G-6-407, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
378	63G-6-408, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
379	63G-6-409, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
380	63G-6-411, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
381	63G-6-414, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
382	63G-6-417, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
383	63G-6-418, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
384	63G-6-422, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
385	63G-6-426, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
386	63G-6-903, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
387	63G-6-906, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
388	63G-6-1001, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
389	63G-6-1002, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
390	Utah Code Sections Affected by Coordination Clause:
391	26-8a-405.3 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 297
392	63A-5-208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
393	63G-6-104, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382

394	63G-6-201 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 376
395	63G-6-202 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 376
396	63G-6-801 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 361
397	63G-6-801.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
398	63G-6-802, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
399	63G-6-803, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
400	63G-6-805, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
401	63G-6-806, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
402	63G-6-807 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 286
403	63G-6-807.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
404	63G-6-808, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
405	63G-6-809, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
406	63G-6-810, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
407	63G-6-811, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
408	63G-6-812, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
409	63G-6-813, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
410	63G-6-814, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
411	63G-6-814.5 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
412	63G-6-815, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
413	63G-6-816, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
414	63G-6-817, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
415	63G-6-818, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
416	63G-6-819, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
417	63G-6-820, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
418	63G-6-907, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
419	63G-6a-103 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
420	63G-6a-104 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
421	63G-6a-105 , Utah Code Annotated 1953

422	63G-6a-202 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
423	63G-6a-203 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
424	63G-6a-1602 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
425	63G-6a-1603 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
426	63G-6a-1604 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
427	63G-6a-1605 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
428	63G-6a-1606 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
429	63G-6a-1702 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
430	63G-6a-1703 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
431	63G-6a-1704 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
432	63G-6a-1705 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
433	63G-6a-1706 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
434	63G-6a-1707 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
435	63G-6a-1708 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
436	63G-6a-1802 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
437	63G-6a-1803 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
438	63G-6a-1804 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
439	63G-6a-1805 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
440	63G-6a-1902 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
441	63G-6a-1903 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
442	63G-6a-1904 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
443	63G-6a-1905 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
444	63G-6a-1906 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
445	63G-6a-1907 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
446	63G-6a-1908 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
447	63G-6a-1909 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
448	63G-6a-1910 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
449	63G-6a-1911 , Utah Code Annotated 1953

450	63G-10-403 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 361
451 452	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
453	Section 1. Section 7-1-323 is amended to read:
454	7-1-323. Regulation of interstate operations Coordination of efforts.
455	(1) The commissioner may:
456	(a) examine, supervise, and regulate a branch operated in this state by a depository
457	institution chartered by another state and take any action or issue any order with regard to that
458	branch;
459	(b) examine, supervise, and regulate a branch operated in another state by a depository
460	institution chartered by this state and take any action or issue any order with regard to that
461	branch; and
462	(c) coordinate these activities with any other state or federal agency that shares
463	jurisdiction over the institution.
464	(2) The commissioner may coordinate the examination, supervision, and regulation of
465	any depository institution chartered by this state with the examination, supervision, and
466	regulation of an affiliated depository institution operating in another state.
467	(3) The commissioner may take any reasonable and lawful action in furtherance of
468	coordinating the regulation of interstate operations, including:
469	(a) negotiating and entering into cooperative agreements with an agency of another
470	state or of the federal government;
471	(b) sharing information and reports in accordance with Section 7-1-802 with an agency
472	that shares jurisdiction over the institution;
473	(c) accepting as sufficient, if appropriate, examination reports and other information
474	compiled or generated by or for an agency that shares jurisdiction over the institution;
475	(d) contracting with an agency that shares jurisdiction over the institution to engage the
476	services of its examiners at a reasonable rate of compensation;

(e) offering the services of the department's examiners at a reasonable rate of

478	compensation to an agency that shares jurisdiction over the institution;
479	(f) collecting fees on behalf of, or receiving payment of fees through, an agency that
480	shares jurisdiction over the institution; and
481	(g) cooperating in any other way with other supervisory agencies and professional
482	associations to promote the efficient, safe, and sound operation and regulation of interstate
483	depository institution activities, including the formulation of interstate examination policies
484	and procedures and the drafting of model laws, rules, and agreements.
485	(4) A contract between the department and an agency that shares jurisdiction over a
486	depository institution to provide examiners to aid in interstate examination and regulation is
487	considered a sole source contract under Section [63G-6-410] <u>63G-6a-802</u> .
488	Section 2. Section 7-2-21 is amended to read:
489	7-2-21. Applicability of Utah Procurement Code.
490	No action of the commissioner taken under this chapter or Chapter 19, Acquisition of
491	Failing Depository Institutions or Holding Companies, is subject to the provisions of Title 63C
492	Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
493	Section 3. Section 9-4-704 is amended to read:
494	9-4-704. Distribution of fund money.
495	(1) The executive director shall:
496	(a) make grants and loans from the fund for any of the activities authorized by Section
497	9-4-705, as directed by the board;
498	(b) establish the criteria with the approval of the board by which loans and grants will
499	be made; and
500	(c) determine with the approval of the board the order in which projects will be funded
501	(2) The executive director shall distribute, as directed by the board, any federal money
502	contained in the fund according to the procedures, conditions, and restrictions placed upon the
503	use of the money by the federal government.

(3) (a) The executive director shall distribute, as directed by the board, any funds

received pursuant to Section 17C-1-412 to pay the costs of providing income targeted housing

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within the community that created the community development and renewal agency under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Community Development and Renewal Agencies Act.

(b) As used in Subsection (3)(a):

- (i) "Community" has the meaning as defined in Section 17C-1-102.
- (ii) "Income targeted housing" has the meaning as defined in Section 17C-1-102.
- (4) Except federal money and money received under Section 17C-1-412, the executive director shall distribute, as directed by the board, all other money from the fund according to the following requirements:
 - (a) Not less than 30% of all fund money shall be distributed to rural areas of the state.
- (b) At least 50% of the money in the fund shall be distributed as loans to be repaid to the fund by the entity receiving them.
- (i) (A) Of the fund money distributed as loans, at least 50% shall be distributed to benefit persons whose annual income is at or below 50% of the median family income for the state.
- (B) The remaining loan money shall be distributed to benefit persons whose annual income is at or below 80% of the median family income for the state.
- (ii) The executive director or the executive director's designee shall lend money in accordance with this Subsection (4) at a rate based upon the borrower's ability to pay.
 - (c) Any fund money not distributed as loans shall be distributed as grants.
- (i) At least 90% of the fund money distributed as grants shall be distributed to benefit persons whose annual income is at or below 50% of the median family income for the state.
- (ii) The remaining fund money distributed as grants may be used by the executive director to obtain federal matching funds or for other uses consistent with the intent of this part, including the payment of reasonable loan servicing costs, but no more than 3% of the revenues of the fund may be used to offset other department or board administrative expenses.
 - (5) The executive director may with the approval of the board:
- (a) enact rules to establish procedures for the grant and loan process by following the

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534	procedures and requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
535	and
536	(b) service or contract, pursuant to Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code,
537	for the servicing of loans made by the fund.
538	Section 4. Section 9-4-906 is amended to read:
539	9-4-906. Relation to certain acts.
540	(1) The corporation is exempt from:
541	(a) Title 51, Chapter 5, Funds Consolidation Act;
542	(b) Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act;
543	(c) Title 63A, Utah Administrative Services Code; [and]
544	(d) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code;
545	(e) Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act;
546	(f) Title 63J, Chapter 2, Revenue Procedures and Control Act; and
547	(g) Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah State Personnel Management Act.
548	(2) The corporation shall comply with:
549	(a) Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act; and
550	(b) Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
551	Section 5. Section 9-4-1602 is amended to read:
552	9-4-1602. Distribution of fund money.
553	(1) (a) The director shall make loans and loan guarantees from the fund for the Small
554	Business Credit Initiative created under the federal government's Small Business Jobs Act of
555	2010, to use federal money for programs that leverage private lending to help finance small
556	businesses and manufacturers that are creditworthy but not receiving the loans needed to

(b) In making loans and loan guarantees under this part, the director shall give due consideration to small businesses in underserved communities throughout the state that have been deeply impacted by recession and not seen a comparable resurgence in their economies.

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expand and create jobs.

(2) The director shall distribute any federal money in the fund according to the

562	procedures, conditions, and restrictions placed upon the use of the money by the federal
563	government.
564	(3) The director may, with the approval of the executive director of the department:
565	(a) enact rules to establish procedures for the loan and loan guarantee process by
566	following the procedures and requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
567	Rulemaking Act; and
568	(b) service or contract, under Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, for
569	the servicing of loans made by the fund.
570	Section 6. Section 10-3-1304 is amended to read:
571	10-3-1304. Use of office for personal benefit prohibited.
572	(1) As used in this section, "economic benefit tantamount to a gift" includes:
573	(a) a loan at an interest rate that is substantially lower than the commercial rate then
574	currently prevalent for similar loans; and
575	(b) compensation received for private services rendered at a rate substantially
576	exceeding the fair market value of the services.
577	(2) It is an offense for an elected or appointed officer or municipal employee, under
578	circumstances not amounting to a violation of Section [63G-6-1001] 63G-6a-2304 or 76-8-105,
579	to:
580	(a) disclose or improperly use private, controlled, or protected information acquired by
581	reason of the officer's or employee's official position or in the course of official duties in order
582	to further substantially the officer's or employee's personal economic interest or to secure
583	special privileges or exemptions for the officer or employee or for others;
584	(b) use or attempt to use the officer's or employee's official position to:
585	(i) further substantially the officer's or employee's personal economic interest; or
586	(ii) secure special privileges for the officer or employee or for others; or
587	(c) knowingly receive, accept, take, seek, or solicit, directly or indirectly, for the officer
588	or employee or for another, a gift of substantial value or a substantial economic benefit
589	tantamount to a gift that:

590	(i) would tend improperly to influence a reasonable person in the person's position to
591	depart from the faithful and impartial discharge of the person's public duties; or
592	(ii) the person knows or that a reasonable person in that position should know under
593	the circumstances is primarily for the purpose of rewarding the person for official action taken.
594	(3) Subsection (2)(c) does not apply to:
595	(a) an occasional nonpecuniary gift having a value of less than \$50;
596	(b) an award publicly presented in recognition of public services;
597	(c) any bona fide loan made in the ordinary course of business; or
598	(d) a political campaign contribution.
599	Section 7. Section 10-3-1305 is amended to read:
600	10-3-1305. Compensation for assistance in transaction involving municipality
601	Public disclosure and filing required.
602	(1) As used in this section, "municipal body" means any public board, commission,
603	committee, or other public group organized to make public policy decisions or to advise
604	persons who make public policy decisions.
605	(2) It is an offense for an elected officer, or appointed officer, who is a member of a
606	public body, under circumstances not amounting to a violation of Section [63G-6-1001]
607	63G-6a-2304 or 76-8-105, to receive or agree to receive compensation for assisting any person
608	or business entity in any transaction involving the municipality in which the member is an
609	officer unless the member:
610	(a) files with the mayor a sworn statement giving the information required by this
611	section; and
612	(b) discloses the information required by Subsection (5) in an open meeting to the
613	members of the body of which the officer is a member immediately before the discussion.
614	(3) It is an offense for an appointed officer who is not a member of a public body or a
615	municipal employee to receive or agree to receive compensation for assisting any person or
616	business entity in any transaction involving the municipality by which the person is employed
617	unless the officer or employee:

618	(a) files with the mayor a sworn statement giving the information required by this
619	section; and
620	(b) discloses the information required by Subsection (5) to:
621	(i) the officer or employee's immediate supervisor; and
622	(ii) any other municipal officer or employee who may rely upon the employee's
623	representations in evaluating or approving the transaction.
624	(4) (a) The officer or employee shall file the statement required to be filed by this
625	section 10 days before the date of any agreement between the elected or appointed officer or
626	municipal employee and the person or business entity being assisted or 10 days before the
627	receipt of compensation by the officer or employee, whichever is earlier.
628	(b) The statement is public information and shall be available for examination by the
629	public.
630	(5) The statement and disclosure shall contain:
631	(a) the name and address of the officer or municipal employee;
632	(b) the name and address of the person or business entity being or to be assisted or in
633	which the appointed or elected official or municipal employee has a substantial interest; and
634	(c) a brief description of the transaction as to which service is rendered or is to be
635	rendered and of the nature of the service performed or to be performed.
636	Section 8. Section 10-7-86 is amended to read:
637	10-7-86. Municipality may adopt Utah Procurement Code Hiring of
638	professional architect, engineer, or surveyor.
639	(1) The governing body of any municipality may adopt any or all of the provisions of
640	Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, or the rules promulgated pursuant to that
641	code.
642	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the governing body of each municipality that
643	engages the services of a professional architect, engineer, or surveyor and considers more than
644	one such professional for the engagement:
645	(a) shall consider, as a minimum, in the selection process:

S.B. 153 **Enrolled Copy** 646 (i) the qualifications, experience, and background of each firm submitting a proposal; 647 (ii) the specific individuals assigned to the project and the time commitments of each 648 to the project; and 649 (iii) the project schedule and the approach to the project that the firm will take; and 650 (b) may engage the services of a professional architect, engineer, or surveyor based on 651 the criteria under Subsection (2)(a) rather than solely on lowest cost. 652 Section 9. Section 11-17-20 is amended to read: 653 11-17-20. Power of the State Charter School Finance Authority. 654 (1) The State Charter School Finance Authority may exercise the powers granted to 655 municipalities and counties by this chapter, subject to the same limitations as that imposed on a municipality or county under the chapter, except as provided by Title 53A, Chapter 20b, State 656 657 Charter School Finance Authority Act. (2) As used in this chapter, "governing body" when applied to the State Charter School 658 659 Finance Authority means the authority's governing board as described in Section 53A-20b-103. 660 (3) Notwithstanding Section 11-17-15, a charter school that receives financing under 661 this chapter is subject to Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code. Section 10. Section 11-39-101 is amended to read: 662 663 11-39-101. **Definitions.** 664 As used in this chapter: 665 (1) "Bid limit" means: (a) for a building improvement: 666 667 (i) for the year 2003, \$40,000; and 668 (ii) for each year after 2003, the amount of the bid limit for the previous year, plus an

year; and
(b) for a public works project:
(i) for the year 2003, \$125,000; and

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amount calculated by multiplying the amount of the bid limit for the previous year by the lesser

of 3% or the actual percent change in the Consumer Price Index during the previous calendar

674	(ii) for each year after 2003, the amount of the bid limit for the previous year, plus an
675	amount calculated by multiplying the amount of the bid limit for the previous year by the lesser
676	of 3% or the actual percent change in the Consumer Price Index during the previous calendar
677	year.
678	(2) "Building improvement":
679	(a) means the construction or repair of a public building or structure; and
680	(b) does not include construction or repair at an international airport.
681	(3) "Consumer Price Index" means the Consumer Price Index for All Urban
682	Consumers as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of
683	Labor.
684	(4) "Design-build project":
685	(a) means a building improvement or public works project costing over \$250,000 with
686	respect to which both the design and construction are provided for in a single contract with a
687	contractor or combination of contractors capable of providing design-build services; and
688	(b) does not include a building improvement or public works project:
689	(i) that is undertaken by a local entity under contract with a construction manager that
690	guarantees the contract price and is at risk for any amount over the contract price; and
691	(ii) each component of which is competitively bid.
692	(5) "Design-build services" means the engineering, architectural, and other services
693	necessary to formulate and implement a design-build project, including its actual construction.
694	(6) "Emergency repairs" means a building improvement or public works project
695	undertaken on an expedited basis to:
696	(a) eliminate an imminent risk of damage to or loss of public or private property;
697	(b) remedy a condition that poses an immediate physical danger; or
698	(c) reduce a substantial, imminent risk of interruption of an essential public service.
699	(7) "Governing body" means:
700	(a) for a county, city, or town, the legislative body of the county, city, or town;
701	(b) for a local district, the board of trustees of the local district; and

702	(c) for a special service district:
703	(i) the legislative body of the county, city, or town that established the special service
704	district, if no administrative control board has been appointed under Section 17D-1-301; or
705	(ii) the administrative control board of the special service district, if an administrative
706	control board has been appointed under Section 17D-1-301.
707	(8) "Local district" has the same meaning as defined in Section 17B-1-102.
708	(9) "Local entity" means a county, city, town, local district, or special service district.
709	(10) "Lowest responsive responsible bidder" means a prime contractor who:
710	(a) has submitted a bid in compliance with the invitation to bid and within the
711	requirements of the plans and specifications for the building improvement or public works
712	project;
713	(b) is the lowest bidder that satisfies the local entity's criteria relating to financial
714	strength, past performance, integrity, reliability, and other factors that the local entity uses to
715	assess the ability of a bidder to perform fully and in good faith the contract requirements;
716	(c) has furnished a bid bond or equivalent in money as a condition to the award of a
717	prime contract; and
718	(d) furnishes a payment and performance bond as required by law.
719	(11) "Procurement code" means the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah
720	Procurement Code.
721	(12) "Public works project":
722	(a) means the construction of:
723	(i) a park or recreational facility; or
724	(ii) a pipeline, culvert, dam, canal, or other system for water, sewage, storm water, or
725	flood control; and
726	(b) does not include:
727	(i) the replacement or repair of existing infrastructure on private property;
728	(ii) construction commenced before June 1, 2003; and
729	(iii) construction or repair at an international airport.

/30	(13) "Special service district" has the same meaning as defined in Section 1/D-1-102.
731	Section 11. Section 11-39-107 is amended to read:
732	11-39-107. Procurement code.
733	(1) This chapter may not be construed to:
734	(a) prohibit a county or municipal legislative body from adopting the procedures of the
735	procurement code; or
736	(b) limit the application of the procurement code to a local district or special service
737	district.
738	(2) A local entity may adopt procedures for the following construction contracting
739	methods:
740	(a) construction manager/general contractor, as defined in Section [63G-6-103]
741	<u>63G-6a-103;</u> or
742	(b) a method that requires that the local entity draft a plan, specifications, and an
743	estimate for the building improvement or public works project.
744	(3) For a public works project only and that costs \$10,000,000 or more, the following
745	may enter into a contract for design-build, as defined in Section [63G-6-103] 63G-6a-103, and
746	adopt the procedures and follow the provisions of the procurement code for the procurement of
747	and as the procedures and provisions relate to a design-build:
748	(a) a city of the first class;
749	(b) a local district; or
750	(c) a special service district.
751	(4) (a) In seeking bids and awarding a contract for a building improvement or public
752	works project, a county or a municipal legislative body may elect to follow the provisions of
753	the procurement code, as the county or municipal legislative body considers appropriate under
754	the circumstances, for specification preparation, source selection, or contract formation.
755	(b) A county or municipal legislative body's election to adopt the procedures of the
756	procurement code may not excuse the county or municipality, respectively, from complying
757	with the requirements to award a contract for work in excess of the bid limit and to publish

758	notice of the intent to award.
759	(c) An election under Subsection (4)(a) may be made on a case-by-case basis, unless
760	the county or municipality has previously adopted [the procurement code as permitted by
761	Subsection 63G-6-104(3)(e)] the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
762	(d) The county or municipal legislative body shall:
763	(i) make each election under Subsection (4)(a) in an open meeting; and
764	(ii) specify in its action the portions of the procurement code to be followed.
765	(5) If the estimated cost of the building improvement or public works project proposed
766	by a local district or special service district exceeds the bid limit, the governing body of the
767	local district or special service district may, if it determines to proceed with the building
768	improvement or public works project, use the competitive procurement procedures of the
769	procurement code in place of the comparable provisions of this chapter.
770	Section 12. Section 11-44-202 is amended to read:
771	11-44-202. Types of agreements.
772	Notwithstanding Section [63G-6-416] 63G-6a-1205, a political subdivision shall
773	structure an energy service agreement as a guaranteed energy savings performance contract,
774	which shall include:
775	(1) the design and installation of an energy efficiency measure, if applicable;
776	(2) operation and maintenance of any energy efficiency measure implemented; and
777	(3) guaranteed annual cost savings that meet or exceed the total annual contract
778	payments by the political subdivision under the contract, including financing charges incurred
779	by the political subdivision over the life of the contract.
780	Section 13. Section 11-44-301 is amended to read:
781	11-44-301. Selection.
702	(1) A selicional selection shall full and a second selection in Tide (20, Chapter

- 782 (1) A political subdivision shall follow the procedures outlined in Title 63G, Chapter
 - [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, when selecting a qualified energy service provider.
- 784 (2) The Division of Purchasing shall maintain a list of qualified energy service 785 providers.

786	(3) The qualified energy service provider selected from the bid process shall prepare an
787	investment grade energy audit, which shall become part of the final contract between the
788	political subdivision and the qualified energy service provider.
789	(4) The audit shall include:
790	(a) a detailed description of the energy efficiency measure;
791	(b) an estimated cost; and
792	(c) a projected cost savings.
793	Section 14. Section 13-2-9 is amended to read:
794	13-2-9. Internet Consumer education.
795	(1) The Division of Consumer Protection shall, subject to appropriation, contract with
796	a person to make public service announcements advising consumers about the dangers of using
797	the Internet, especially:
798	(a) material harmful to minors;
799	(b) steps a consumer may take to learn more about the dangers of using the Internet;
800	(c) information about how a service provider can help a consumer learn more about the
801	dangers of using the Internet, including the service provider's duties created by this bill; and
802	(d) how a consumer can monitor the Internet usage of family members.
803	(2) Money appropriated under Subsection (1) shall be paid by the Division of
804	Consumer Protection to a person only if:
805	(a) the person is a nonprofit organization; and
806	(b) the person agrees to spend private money amounting to two times the amount of
807	money provided by the Division of Consumer Protection during each fiscal year in accordance
808	with Subsection (1).
809	(3) In administering any money appropriated for use under this section, the Division of
810	Consumer Protection shall comply with Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
811	Section 15. Section 14-1-18 is amended to read:
812	14-1-18. Definitions Application of Procurement Code to payment and
813	performance bonds.

814	(1) (a) For purposes of this chapter, "political subdivision" means any county, city,
815	town, school district, local district, special service district, community development and
816	renewal agency, public corporation, institution of higher education of the state, public agency
817	of any political subdivision, and, to the extent provided by law, any other entity which expends
818	public funds for construction.
819	(b) For purposes of applying Section [63G-6-505] 63G-6a-1103 to a political
820	subdivision, "state" includes "political subdivision."
821	(2) [Section 63G-6-505] Notwithstanding any provision of Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah
822	Procurement Code, to the contrary, Section 63G-6a-1103 applies to all contracts for the
823	construction, alteration, or repair of any public building or public work of the state or a
824	political subdivision of the state.
825	Section 16. Section 17-16a-4 is amended to read:
826	17-16a-4. Prohibited use of official position Exception.
827	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is an offense for an elected or appointed
828	officer, under circumstances not amounting to a violation of Section [63G-6-1001]
829	<u>63G-6a-2304</u> or 76-8-105, to:
830	(a) disclose confidential information acquired by reason of the officer's official position
831	or use that information to secure special privileges or exemptions for himself or others;
832	(b) use or attempt to use the officer's official position to secure special privileges for
833	the officer or for others; or
834	(c) knowingly receive, accept, take, seek or solicit, directly or indirectly, any gift or
835	loan for the officer or for another, if the gift or loan tends to influence the officer in the
836	discharge of the officer's official duties.
837	(2) This section is inapplicable to:
838	(a) an occasional nonpecuniary gift having a value of less than \$50;
839	(b) an award publicly presented;
840	(c) any bona fide loan made in the ordinary course of business; or
841	(d) political campaign contributions actually used in a political campaign.

(3) A member of a county legislative body who is also a member of the governing
board of a provider of mental health or substance abuse services under contract with the county
does not commit an offense under Subsection (1)(a) or (b) by discharging, in good faith, the
duties and responsibilities of each position, if the county legislative body member does not
participate in the process of selecting the mental health or substance abuse service provider.
Section 17. Section 17-43-202 is amended to read:
17-43-202. Local substance abuse authorities Requirements prior to
distributing public funds.
(1) Each local substance abuse authority shall award all public funds in compliance
with:
(a) the requirements of Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code; or
(b) a county procurement ordinance that requires similar procurement practices.
(2) If all initial bids on the project are rejected, the authority shall publish a new
invitation to bid. If no satisfactory bid is received by the authority when the bids received from
the second invitation are opened, the authority may execute a contract without requiring
competitive bidding.
(3) A local substance abuse authority need not comply with the procurement provisions
of this section when it disburses public funds to another political subdivision of the state or an
institution of higher education of the state.
(4) Each contract awarded by a local substance abuse authority shall be for a fixed
amount and limited period. A contract may be modified due to changes in available funding
for the same contract purpose without competition.
Section 18. Section 17-43-302 is amended to read:
17-43-302. Local mental health authorities Requirements prior to distributing
public funds.
(1) Each local mental health authority shall award all public funds by complying with
the requirements of Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, or by complying with a
county procurement ordinance which requires similar procurement practices.

870	(2) If all initial bids on the project are rejected, the authority shall publish a new
871	invitation to bid in the manner specified in this section. If no satisfactory bid is received by the
872	authority when the bids received from the second invitation are opened, the authority may
873	execute a contract without requiring competitive bidding.
874	(3) The local mental health authority need not comply with the procurement provisions
875	of this section when it disburses public funds to another political subdivision of the state or an
876	institution of higher education of the state.
877	(4) Each contract awarded by a local mental health authority shall be for a fixed
878	amount and limited period. A contract may be modified due to changes in available funding
879	for the same contract purpose without competition.
880	Section 19. Section 17-53-225 is amended to read:
881	17-53-225. County legislative body may adopt Utah Procurement Code
882	Retention of records.
883	(1) A county legislative body may adopt any or all of the provisions of Title 63G,
884	Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, or the rules promulgated pursuant to that code.
885	(2) Whenever any county is required by law to receive bids for purchases, construction,
886	repairs, or any other purpose requiring the expenditure of funds, that county shall keep on file
887	all bids received, together with proof of advertisement by publication or otherwise, for:
888	(a) at least three years following the letting of any contract pursuant to those bids; or
889	(b) three years following the first advertisement for the bids, if all bids pursuant to that
890	advertisement are rejected.
891	Section 20. Section 17-53-313 is amended to read:
892	17-53-313. Hiring of professional architect, engineer, or surveyor.
893	Notwithstanding the adoption of some or all of the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter [6]
894	6a, Utah Procurement Code, under Section 17-53-225, each county executive that engages the
895	services of a professional architect, engineer, or surveyor and considers more than one such
896	professional for the engagement:
897	(1) shall consider, as a minimum, in the selection process:

898	(a) the qualifications, experience, and background of each firm submitting a proposal;
899	(b) the specific individuals assigned to the project and the time commitments of each to
900	the project; and
901	(c) the project schedule and the approach to the project that the firm will take; and
902	(2) may engage the services of a professional architect, engineer, or surveyor based on
903	the criteria under Subsection (1) rather than solely on lowest cost.
904	Section 21. Section 17B-1-108 is amended to read:
905	17B-1-108. Restrictions on local district procurement of architect-engineer
906	services.
907	(1) As used in this section:
908	(a) "Architect-engineer services" means those professional services within the scope of
909	the practice of architecture as defined in Section 58-3a-102.
910	(b) "Engineer services" means those professional services within the scope of the
911	practice of professional engineering as defined in Section 58-22-102.
912	(2) When a local district elects to obtain architect services or engineering services by
913	using a competitive procurement process and has provided public notice of its competitive
914	procurement process:
915	(a) a higher education entity, or any part of one, may not submit a proposal in response
916	to the local district's competitive procurement process; and
917	(b) the local district may not award a contract to perform the architect services or
918	engineering services solicited in the competitive procurement process to a higher education
919	entity or any part of one.
920	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection [63G-6-104(3)(d)] 63G-6a-105(3), each local district
921	board that engages the services of a professional architect, engineer, or surveyor and considers
922	more than one such professional for the engagement:
923	(a) shall consider, as a minimum, in the selection process:
924	(i) the qualifications, experience, and background of each firm submitting a proposal;
925	(ii) the specific individuals assigned to the project and the time commitments of each

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926	to the project; and
927	(iii) the project schedule and the approach to the project that the firm will take; and
928	(b) may engage the services of a professional architect, engineer, or surveyor based on
929	the criteria under Subsection (3)(a) rather than solely on lowest cost.
930	Section 22. Section 17B-2a-818 is amended to read:
931	17B-2a-818. Requirements applicable to public transit district contracts.
932	(1) A public transit district shall comply with the applicable provisions of Title 63G,
933	Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
934	(2) If construction of a district facility or work exceeds \$750,000, the construction shall
935	be let as provided in:
936	(a) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
937	(b) Section 17B-2a-818.5.
938	Section 23. Section 17B-2a-818.5 is amended to read:
939	17B-2a-818.5. Contracting powers of public transit districts Health insurance
940	coverage.
941	(1) For purposes of this section:
942	(a) "Employee" means an "employee," "worker," or "operative" as defined in Section
943	34A-2-104 who:
944	(i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and
945	(ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance which
946	may not exceed the first day of the calendar month following 90 days from the date of hire.
947	(b) "Health benefit plan" has the same meaning as provided in Section 31A-1-301.
948	(c) "Qualified health insurance coverage" is as defined in Section 26-40-115.

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(d) "Subcontractor" has the same meaning provided for in Section 63A-5-208.

(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), this section applies to a design or

construction contract entered into by the public transit district on or after July 1, 2009, and to a

(b) (i) A prime contractor is subject to this section if the prime contract is in the

prime contractor or to a subcontractor in accordance with Subsection (2)(b).

954 amount of \$1,500,000 or greater.

- 955 (ii) A subcontractor is subject to this section if a subcontract is in the amount of \$750,000 or greater.
 - (3) This section does not apply if:
 - (a) the application of this section jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;
- 959 (b) the contract is a sole source contract; or
- 960 (c) the contract is an emergency procurement.
 - (4) (a) This section does not apply to a change order as defined in Section [63G-6-103] 63G-6a-103, or a modification to a contract, when the contract does not meet the initial threshold required by Subsection (2).
 - (b) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to circumvent the requirements of Subsection (2) is guilty of an infraction.
 - (5) (a) A contractor subject to Subsection (2) shall demonstrate to the public transit district that the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the contractor's employees and the employee's dependents during the duration of the contract.
 - (b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2)(b), the contractor shall demonstrate to the public transit district that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employee's dependents during the duration of the contract.
 - (c) (i) (A) A contractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(a) during the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with an ordinance adopted by the public transit district under Subsection (6).
 - (B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(b).
 - (ii) (A) A subcontractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(b) during the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with an ordinance adopted by the public transit district under Subsection (6).

982	(B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to meet the
983	requirements of Subsection (5)(a).
984	(6) The public transit district shall adopt ordinances:
985	(a) in coordination with:
986	(i) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 19-1-206;
987	(ii) the Department of Natural Resources in accordance with Section 79-2-404;
988	(iii) the State Building Board in accordance with Section 63A-5-205;
989	(iv) the State Capitol Preservation Board in accordance with Section 63C-9-403; and
990	(v) the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section 72-6-107.5; and
991	(b) which establish:
992	(i) the requirements and procedures a contractor shall follow to demonstrate to the
993	public transit district compliance with this section which shall include:
994	(A) that a contractor will not have to demonstrate compliance with Subsection (5)(a) or
995	(b) more than twice in any 12-month period; and
996	(B) that the actuarially equivalent determination required for the qualified health
997	insurance coverage in Subsection (1) is met by the contractor if the contractor provides the
998	department or division with a written statement of actuarial equivalency from either:
999	(I) the Utah Insurance Department;
1000	(II) an actuary selected by the contractor or the contractor's insurer; or
1001	(III) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
1002	rates;
1003	(ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally
1004	violates the provisions of this section, which may include:
1005	(A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into
1006	future contracts with the public transit district upon the first violation;
1007	(B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future
1008	contracts with the public transit district upon the second violation;
1009	(C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with

Section [63G-6-804] <u>63G-6a-904</u> upon the third or subsequent violation; and

- (D) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to purchase qualified health insurance coverage for employees and dependents of employees of the contractor or subcontractor who were not offered qualified health insurance coverage during the duration of the contract; and
- (iii) a website on which the district shall post the benchmark for the qualified health insurance coverage identified in Subsection (1)(c).
- (7) (a) (i) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (6)(b)(ii), a contractor or subcontractor who intentionally violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the employee for health care costs that would have been covered by qualified health insurance coverage.
- 1021 (ii) An employer has an affirmative defense to a cause of action under Subsection 1022 (7)(a)(i) if:
 - (A) the employer relied in good faith on a written statement of actuarial equivalency provided by an:
- 1025 (I) actuary; or

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- 1026 (II) underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium rates; 1027 or
 - (B) a department or division determines that compliance with this section is not required under the provisions of Subsection (3) or (4).
 - (b) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to enforce the provisions of this Subsection (7).
 - (8) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the Medicaid Restricted Account created in Section 26-18-402.
 - (9) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide qualified health insurance coverage as required by this section:
- 1036 (a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror, or contractor under Section [63G-6-801] 63G-6a-1603 or any other provision in Title 63G,

1038	Chapter [6, Part 8, Legal and Contractual Remedies] 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
1039	(b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or
1040	contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design
1041	or construction.
1042	Section 24. Section 17D-1-106 is amended to read:
1043	17D-1-106. Special service districts subject to other provisions.
1044	(1) A special service district is, to the same extent as if it were a local district, subject
1045	to and governed by:
1046	(a) Sections 17B-1-105, 17B-1-107, 17B-1-108, [17B-1-109,] 17B-1-110, 17B-1-111,
1047	17B-1-112, 17B-1-113, 17B-1-116, 17B-1-118, 17B-1-119, 17B-1-120, and 17B-1-121;
1048	(b) Subsections 17B-1-301(3) and (4), Sections 17B-1-304, 17B-1-305, 17B-1-306,
1049	17B-1-307, 17B-1-310, 17B-1-312, 17B-1-313, and 17B-1-314;
1050	(c) Section 20A-1-512;
1051	(d) Title 17B, Chapter 1, Part 6, Fiscal Procedures for Local Districts;
1052	(e) Title 17B, Chapter 1, Part 7, Local District Budgets and Audit Reports;
1053	(f) Title 17B, Chapter 1, Part 8, Local District Personnel Management; and
1054	(g) Title 17B, Chapter 1, Part 9, Collection of Service Fees and Charges.
1055	(2) For purposes of applying the provisions listed in Subsection (1) to a special service
1056	district, each reference in those provisions to the local district board of trustees means the
1057	governing body.
1058	Section 25. Section 17D-2-108 is amended to read:
1059	17D-2-108. Other statutory provisions.
1060	(1) This chapter is supplemental to existing laws relating to a local entity's acquisition,
1061	use, maintenance, management, or operation of a project.
1062	(2) Except as provided in this chapter, a local entity or local building authority that
1063	complies with the provisions of this chapter need not comply with any other statutory provision
1064	concerning the acquisition, construction, use, or maintenance of a project, including:
1065	(a) a statute relating to public bidding; and

1066	(b) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
1067	(3) A local building authority is, to the same extent as if it were a local district, subject
1068	to and governed by:
1069	(a) Title 17B, Chapter 1, Part 6, Fiscal Procedures for Local Districts;
1070	(b) Title 17B, Chapter 1, Part 8, Local District Personnel Management; and
1071	(c) Section 17B-1-108.
1072	Section 26. Section 19-1-206 is amended to read:
1073	19-1-206. Contracting powers of department Health insurance coverage.
1074	(1) For purposes of this section:
1075	(a) "Employee" means an "employee," "worker," or "operative" as defined in Section
1076	34A-2-104 who:
1077	(i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and
1078	(ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance which
1079	may not exceed the first day of the calendar month following 90 days from the date of hire.
1080	(b) "Health benefit plan" has the same meaning as provided in Section 31A-1-301.
1081	(c) "Qualified health insurance coverage" is as defined in Section 26-40-115.
1082	(d) "Subcontractor" has the same meaning provided for in Section 63A-5-208.
1083	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), this section applies to a design or
1084	construction contract entered into by or delegated to the department or a division or board of
1085	the department on or after July 1, 2009, and to a prime contractor or subcontractor in
1086	accordance with Subsection (2)(b).
1087	(b) (i) A prime contractor is subject to this section if the prime contract is in the
1088	amount of \$1,500,000 or greater.
1089	(ii) A subcontractor is subject to this section if a subcontract is in the amount of
1090	\$750,000 or greater.
1091	(3) This section does not apply to contracts entered into by the department or a division
1092	or board of the department if:

(a) the application of this section jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;

1094	(b) the contract or agreement is between:
1095	(i) the department or a division or board of the department; and
1096	(ii) (A) another agency of the state;
1097	(B) the federal government;
1098	(C) another state;
1099	(D) an interstate agency;
1100	(E) a political subdivision of this state; or
1101	(F) a political subdivision of another state;
1102	(c) the executive director determines that applying the requirements of this section to a
1103	particular contract interferes with the effective response to an immediate health and safety
1104	threat from the environment; or
1105	(d) the contract is:
1106	(i) a sole source contract; or
1107	(ii) an emergency procurement.
1108	(4) (a) This section does not apply to a change order as defined in Section [63G-6-103]
1109	63G-6a-103, or a modification to a contract, when the contract does not meet the initial
1110	threshold required by Subsection (2).
1111	(b) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to
1112	circumvent the requirements of Subsection (2) is guilty of an infraction.
1113	(5) (a) A contractor subject to Subsection (2) shall demonstrate to the executive
1114	director that the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance
1115	coverage for the contractor's employees and the employees' dependents during the duration of
1116	the contract.
1117	(b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2), the contractor shall
1118	demonstrate to the executive director that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of
1119	qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees'
1120	dependents during the duration of the contract.
1121	(c) (i) (A) A contractor who fails to comply with Subsection (5)(a) during the duration

1122 of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules adopted by the 1123 department under Subsection (6). 1124 (B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to meet the 1125 requirements of Subsection (5)(b). 1126 (ii) (A) A subcontractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(b) during 1127 the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules 1128 adopted by the department under Subsection (6). 1129 (B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to meet the 1130 requirements of Subsection (5)(a). 1131 (6) The department shall adopt administrative rules: 1132 (a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; 1133 (b) in coordination with: 1134 (i) a public transit district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-818.5; (ii) the Department of Natural Resources in accordance with Section 79-2-404; 1135 1136 (iii) the State Building Board in accordance with Section 63A-5-205; 1137 (iv) the State Capitol Preservation Board in accordance with Section 63C-9-403; 1138 (v) the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section 72-6-107.5; and 1139 (vi) the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and 1140 (c) which establish: 1141 (i) the requirements and procedures a contractor shall follow to demonstrate to the 1142 public transit district compliance with this section that shall include: 1143 (A) that a contractor will not have to demonstrate compliance with Subsection (5)(a) or 1144 (b) more than twice in any 12-month period; and 1145 (B) that the actuarially equivalent determination required for the qualified health 1146 insurance coverage in Subsection (1) is met by the contractor if the contractor provides the department or division with a written statement of actuarial equivalency from either: 1147 1148 (I) the Utah Insurance Department; 1149 (II) an actuary selected by the contractor or the contractor's insurer; or

1150	(III) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
1151	rates;
1152	(ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally
1153	violates the provisions of this section, which may include:
1154	(A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into
1155	future contracts with the state upon the first violation;
1156	(B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future
1157	contracts with the state upon the second violation;
1158	(C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with
1159	Section [63G-6-804] 63G-6a-904 upon the third or subsequent violation; and
1160	(D) notwithstanding Section 19-1-303, monetary penalties which may not exceed 50%
1161	of the amount necessary to purchase qualified health insurance coverage for an employee and
1162	the dependents of an employee of the contractor or subcontractor who was not offered qualified
1163	health insurance coverage during the duration of the contract; and
1164	(iii) a website on which the department shall post the benchmark for the qualified
1165	health insurance coverage identified in Subsection (1)(c).
1166	(7) (a) (i) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (6)(c), a contractor or
1167	subcontractor who intentionally violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the
1168	employee for health care costs that would have been covered by qualified health insurance
1169	coverage.
1170	(ii) An employer has an affirmative defense to a cause of action under Subsection
1171	(7)(a)(i) if:
1172	(A) the employer relied in good faith on a written statement of actuarial equivalency
1173	provided by:
1174	(I) an actuary; or
1175	(II) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
1176	rates; or
1177	(B) the department determines that compliance with this section is not required under

1178	the provisions of Subsection (3) or (4).
1179	(b) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to
1180	enforce the provisions of this Subsection (7).
1181	(8) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the
1182	Medicaid Restricted Account created in Section 26-18-402.
1183	(9) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide qualified health insurance
1184	coverage as required by this section:
1185	(a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror,
1186	or contractor under Section [63G-6-801] 63G-6a-1603 or any other provision in Title 63G,
1187	Chapter [6, Part 8, Legal and Contractual Remedies] 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
1188	(b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or
1189	contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design
1190	or construction.
1191	Section 27. Section 20A-11-701 is amended to read:
1192	20A-11-701. Campaign financial reporting by corporations Filing requirements
1193	Statement contents.
1194	(1) (a) Each corporation that has made expenditures for political purposes that total at
1195	least \$750 during a calendar year shall file a verified financial statement with the lieutenant
1196	governor's office:
1197	(i) on January 10, reporting expenditures as of December 31 of the previous year;
1198	(ii) seven days before the regular primary election date;
1199	(iii) on August 31; and
1200	(iv) seven days before the regular general election date.
1201	(b) The corporation shall report:
1202	(i) a detailed listing of all expenditures made since the last statement;
1203	(ii) for financial statements filed under Subsections (1)(a)(ii) through (iv), all
1204	expenditures as of five days before the required filing date of the financial statement; and

(iii) whether the corporation, including an officer of the corporation, director of the

1206	corporation, or person with at least 10% ownership in the corporation:
1207	(A) has bid since the last financial statement on a contract, as defined in Section
1208	[63G-6-103] <u>63G-6a-103</u> , in excess of \$100,000;
1209	(B) is currently bidding on a contract, as defined in Section [63G-6-103] 63G-6a-103,
1210	in excess of \$100,000; or
1211	(C) is a party to a contract, as defined in Section [63G-6-103] 63G-6a-103, in excess of
1212	\$100,000.
1213	(c) The corporation need not file a financial statement under this section if the
1214	corporation made no expenditures during the reporting period.
1215	(2) The financial statement shall include:
1216	(a) the name and address of each reporting entity that received an expenditure from the
1217	corporation, and the amount of each expenditure;
1218	(b) the total amount of expenditures disbursed by the corporation; and
1219	(c) a statement by the corporation's treasurer or chief financial officer certifying the
1220	accuracy of the financial statement.
1221	Section 28. Section 26-8a-405.3 is amended to read:
1222	26-8a-405.3. Use of competitive sealed proposals Procedure Appeal rights.
1223	(1) (a) Competitive sealed proposals for paramedic or 911 ambulance services under
1224	Section 26-8a-405.2, or for non-911 services under Section 26-8a-405.4, shall be solicited
1225	through a request for proposal and the provisions of this section.
1226	(b) The governing body of the political subdivision shall approve the request for
1227	proposal prior to the notice of the request for proposals under Subsection (1)(c).
1228	(c) (i) Notice of the request for proposals shall be published:
1229	(A) at least once a week for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general
1230	circulation published in the county; or
1231	(B) if there is no such newspaper, then notice shall be posted for at least 20 days in at
1232	least five public places in the county; and
1233	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for at least 20 days

(2) (a) Proposals shall be opened so as to avoid disclosure of contents to competing offerors during the process of negotiations.

- (b) (i) Subsequent to the published notice, and prior to selecting an applicant, the political subdivision shall hold a presubmission conference with interested applicants for the purpose of assuring full understanding of, and responsiveness to, solicitation requirements.
- (ii) A political subdivision shall allow at least 90 days from the presubmission conference for the proposers to submit proposals.
- (c) Subsequent to the presubmission conference, the political subdivision may issue addenda to the request for proposals. An addenda to a request for proposal shall be finalized and posted by the political subdivision at least 45 days before the day on which the proposal must be submitted.
- (d) Offerors to the request for proposals shall be accorded fair and equal treatment with respect to any opportunity for discussion and revisions of proposals, and revisions may be permitted after submission and before a contract is awarded for the purpose of obtaining best and final offers.
- (e) In conducting discussions, there shall be no disclosures of any information derived from proposals submitted by competing offerors.
- (3) (a) (i) A political subdivision may select an applicant approved by the department under Section 26-8a-404 to provide 911 ambulance or paramedic services by contract to the most responsible offeror as defined in [Subsection 63G-6-103(24)] Section 63G-6a-103.
- (ii) An award under Subsection (3)(a)(i) shall be made to the responsible offeror whose proposal is determined in writing to be the most advantageous to the political subdivision, taking into consideration price and the evaluation factors set forth in the request for proposal.
- (b) The applicants who are approved under Section 26-8a-405 and who are selected under this section may be the political subdivision issuing the request for competitive sealed proposals, or any other public entity or entities, any private person or entity, or any combination thereof.
 - (c) A political subdivision may reject all of the competitive proposals.

1262	(4) In seeking competitive sealed proposals and awarding contracts under this section,
1263	a political subdivision:
1264	(a) shall apply the public convenience and necessity factors listed in Subsections
1265	26-8a-408(2) through (6);
1266	(b) shall require the applicant responding to the proposal to disclose how the applicant
1267	will meet performance standards in the request for proposal;
1268	(c) may not require or restrict an applicant to a certain method of meeting the
1269	performance standards, including:
1270	(i) requiring ambulance medical personnel to also be a firefighter; or
1271	(ii) mandating that offerors use fire stations or dispatch services of the political
1272	subdivision;
1273	(d) shall require an applicant to submit the proposal:
1274	(i) based on full cost accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting
1275	principals; and
1276	(ii) if the applicant is a governmental entity, in addition to the requirements of
1277	Subsection (4)(e)(i), in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards and
1278	in compliance with the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide; and
1279	(e) shall set forth in the request for proposal:
1280	(i) the method for determining full cost accounting in accordance with generally
1281	accepted accounting principles, and require an applicant to submit the proposal based on such
1282	full cost accounting principles;
1283	(ii) guidelines established to further competition and provider accountability; and
1284	(iii) a list of the factors that will be considered by the political subdivision in the award
1285	of the contract, including by percentage, the relative weight of the factors established under this
1286	Subsection (4)(e), which may include such things as:
1287	(A) response times;
1288	(B) staging locations;
1289	(C) experience;

1290	(D) quality of care; and
1291	(E) cost, consistent with the cost accounting method in Subsection (4)(e)(i).
1292	(5) (a) Notwithstanding [the provisions of Subsection 63G-6-104(3), the] any provision
1293	of Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, to the contrary, the provisions of Title 63G,
1294	Chapter [6, Part 8, Legal and Contractual Remedies] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, apply to the
1295	procurement process required by this section, except as provided in Subsection (5)(c).
1296	(b) [The Procurement Appeals Board created in Section 63G-6-807] An appeals board,
1297	as defined in Section 63G-6a-103, shall have jurisdiction to review and determine an appeal of
1298	an offeror under this section in the same manner as provided in Section [63G-6-810]
1299	<u>63G-6a-1703</u> .
1300	(c) (i) An offeror may appeal the solicitation or award as provided by the political
1301	subdivision's procedures. After all political subdivision appeal rights are exhausted, the offeror
1302	may appeal under the provisions of Subsections (5)(a) and (b).
1303	(ii) The factual determination required by Subsection [63G-6-813] 63G-6a-1708(1)
1304	shall be based on whether the solicitation or award was made in accordance with the
1305	procedures set forth in this section and Section 26-8a-405.2.
1306	(d) The determination of an issue of fact by the appeals board shall be final and
1307	conclusive unless arbitrary and capricious or clearly erroneous as provided in Section
1308	[63G-6-813] <u>63G-6a-1708</u> .
1309	Section 29. Section 26-8a-405.5 is amended to read:
1310	26-8a-405.5. Use of competitive sealed proposals Procedure Appeal rights.
1311	(1) (a) The department shall issue a request for proposal for non-911 services in a
1312	geographic service area if the department receives a request from a political subdivision under
1313	Subsection 26-8a-405.4(3)(a)(ii)(B) to issue a request for proposal for non-911 services.
1314	(b) Competitive sealed proposals for non-911 services under Subsection (1)(a) shall be
1315	solicited through a request for proposal and the provisions of this section.
1316	(c) (i) Notice of the request for proposals shall be published:

(A) at least once a week for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general

circulation published in the county; or

- (B) if there is no such newspaper, then notice shall be posted for at least 20 days in at least five public places in the county; and
 - (ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for at least 20 days.
- 1322 (2) (a) Proposals shall be opened so as to avoid disclosure of contents to competing offerors during the process of negotiations.
 - (b) (i) Subsequent to the published notice, and prior to selecting an applicant, the department shall hold a presubmission conference with interested applicants for the purpose of assuring full understanding of, and responsiveness to, solicitation requirements.
 - (ii) The department shall allow at least 90 days from the presubmission conference for the proposers to submit proposals.
 - (c) Subsequent to the presubmission conference, the department may issue addend to the request for proposals. An addenda to a request for proposal shall be finalized and posted by the department at least 45 days before the day on which the proposal must be submitted.
 - (d) Offerors to the request for proposals shall be accorded fair and equal treatment with respect to any opportunity for discussion and revisions of proposals, and revisions may be permitted after submission and before a contract is awarded for the purpose of obtaining best and final offers.
 - (e) In conducting discussions, there shall be no disclosures of any information derived from proposals submitted by competing offerors.
 - (3) (a) (i) The department may select an applicant approved by the department under Section 26-8a-404 to provide non-911 services by contract to the most responsible offeror as defined in [Subsection 63G-6-103(24)] Section 63G-6a-103.
 - (ii) An award under Subsection (3)(a)(i) shall be made to the responsible offeror whose proposal is determined in writing to be the most advantageous to the public, taking into consideration price and the evaluation factors set forth in the request for proposal.
 - (b) The applicants who are approved under Section 26-8a-405 and who are selected under this section may be the political subdivision responding to the request for competitive

1346 sealed proposals, or any other public entity or entities, any private person or entity, or any 1347 combination thereof. 1348 (c) The department may reject all of the competitive proposals. 1349 (4) In seeking competitive sealed proposals and awarding contracts under this section, 1350 the department: 1351 (a) shall consider the public convenience and necessity factors listed in Subsections 1352 26-8a-408(2) through (6); (b) shall require the applicant responding to the proposal to disclose how the applicant 1353 1354 will meet performance standards in the request for proposal; 1355 (c) may not require or restrict an applicant to a certain method of meeting the 1356 performance standards, including: 1357 (i) requiring ambulance medical personnel to also be a firefighter; or 1358 (ii) mandating that offerors use fire stations or dispatch services of the political 1359 subdivision; 1360 (d) shall require an applicant to submit the proposal: 1361 (i) based on full cost accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting 1362 principals; and 1363 (ii) if the applicant is a governmental entity, in addition to the requirements of 1364 Subsection (4)(e)(i), in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards and in compliance with the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide; and 1365 1366 (e) shall set forth in the request for proposal: 1367 (i) the method for determining full cost accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and require an applicant to submit the proposal based on such 1368 1369 full cost accounting principles; 1370 (ii) guidelines established to further competition and provider accountability; and 1371 (iii) a list of the factors that will be considered by the department in the award of the 1372 contract, including by percentage, the relative weight of the factors established under this 1373 Subsection (4)(e), which may include such things as:

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(A) response times;	

1374	(A) response times;
1375	(B) staging locations;
1376	(C) experience;
1377	(D) quality of care; and
1378	(E) cost, consistent with the cost accounting method in Subsection (4)(e)(i).
1379	(5) A license issued under this section:
1380	(a) is for the exclusive geographic service area approved by the department;
1381	(b) is valid for four years;
1382	(c) is not subject to a request for license from another applicant under the provisions of
1383	Sections 26-8a-406 through 26-8a-409 during the four-year term, unless the applicant's license
1384	is revoked under Section 26-8a-504;
1385	(d) is subject to supervision by the department under Sections 26-8a-503 and
1386	26-8a-504; and
1387	(e) except as provided in Subsection (4)(a), is not subject to the provisions of Sections
1388	26-8a-406 through 26-8a-409.
1389	Section 30. Section 26-10-8 is amended to read:
1390	26-10-8. Request for proposal required for non-state supplied services.
1391	(1) Funds provided to the department through Sections 51-9-201 and 59-14-204 to be
1392	used to provide services, shall be awarded to non-governmental entities based on a competitive
1393	process consistent with Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
1394	(2) Beginning July 1, 2010, and not more than every five years thereafter, the
1395	department shall issue requests for proposals for new or renewing contracts to award funding
1396	for programs under Subsection (1).
1397	Section 31. Section 26-10b-102 is amended to read:
1398	26-10b-102. Department to award grants and contracts Applications.
1399	(1) (a) Within appropriations specified by the Legislature for this purpose, the
1400	department may make grants to public and nonprofit entities for the cost of operation of

providing primary health care services to medically underserved populations.

1402	(b) The department may, as funding permits, contract with community based
1403	organizations for the purpose of developing culturally and linguistically appropriate programs
1404	and services for low income and medically underserved populations through a pilot program to
1405	accomplish one or more of the following:
1406	(i) to educate individuals:
1407	(A) to use private and public health care coverage programs, products, services, and
1408	resources in a timely, effective, and responsible manner;
1409	(B) to make prudent use of private and public health care resources;
1410	(C) to pursue preventive health care, health screenings, and disease management; and
1411	(D) to locate health care programs and services;
1412	(ii) to assist individuals to develop:
1413	(A) personal health management;
1414	(B) self-sufficiency in daily care; and
1415	(C) life and disease management skills;
1416	(iii) to support translation of health materials and information;
1417	(iv) to facilitate an individual's access to primary care services and providers, including
1418	mental health services; and
1419	(v) to measure and report empirical results of the pilot project.
1420	(2) (a) Grants by the department shall be awarded based on:
1421	(i) applications submitted to the department in the manner and form prescribed by the
1422	department; and
1423	(ii) the criteria established in Section 26-10b-103.
1424	(b) The application for a grant under Subsection (2)(a) shall contain:
1425	(i) a requested award amount;
1426	(ii) a budget; and
1427	(iii) a narrative plan of the manner in which the applicant intends to provide the
1428	primary health care services described in Subsection 26-10b-101(7).
1429	(c) A contract bid for a service under Subsection (1)(b):

1430	(i) shall be awarded in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement
1431	Code;
1432	(ii) shall include the information described in Section 26-10b-103; and
1433	(iii) is subject to Subsection (3) [of this section].
1434	(3) (a) An applicant under this chapter shall demonstrate to the department that the
1435	applicant will not deny services to a person because of the person's inability to pay for the
1436	services.
1437	(b) Subsection (3)(a) does not preclude an applicant from seeking payment from the
1438	person receiving services, a third party, or a government agency if:
1439	(i) the applicant is authorized to charge for the services; and
1440	(ii) the person, third party, or government agency is under legal obligation to pay the
1441	charges.
1442	(4) The department shall maximize the use of federal matching funds received for
1443	services under Subsection (1)(b) to fund additional contracts under Subsection (1)(b).
1444	Section 32. Section 26-18-2.6 is amended to read:
1445	26-18-2.6. Dental benefits.
1446	(1) (a) The division shall establish a competitive bid process to bid out Medicaid dental
1447	benefits under this chapter.
1448	(b) The division may bid out the Medicaid dental benefits separately from other
1449	program benefits.
1450	(2) The division shall use the following criteria to evaluate dental bids:
1451	(a) ability to manage dental expenses;
1452	(b) proven ability to handle dental insurance;
1453	(c) efficiency of claim paying procedures;
1454	(d) provider contracting, discounts, and adequacy of network; and
1455	(e) other criteria established by the department.
1456	(3) The division shall request bids for the program's benefits:
1457	(a) in 2011; and

1458	(b) at least once every five years thereafter.
1459	(4) The division's contract with dental plans for the program's benefits shall include
1460	risk sharing provisions in which the dental plan must accept 100% of the risk for any difference
1461	between the division's premium payments per client and actual dental expenditures.
1462	(5) The division may not award contracts to:
1463	(a) more than three responsive bidders under this section; or
1464	(b) an insurer that does not have a current license in the state.
1465	(6) (a) The division may cancel the request for proposals if:
1466	(i) there are no responsive bidders; or
1467	(ii) the division determines that accepting the bids would increase the program's costs.
1468	(b) If the division cancels the request for proposals under Subsection (6)(a), the
1469	division shall report to the Health and Human Services Committee regarding the reasons for
1470	the decision.
1471	(7) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, shall apply to this section.
1472	Section 33. Section 26-40-110 is amended to read:
1473	26-40-110. Managed care Contracting for services.
1474	(1) Program benefits provided to enrollees under the program, as described in Section
1475	26-40-106, shall be delivered in a managed care system if the department determines that
1476	adequate services are available where the enrollee lives or resides.
1477	(2) (a) The department shall use the following criteria to evaluate bids from health
1478	plans:
1479	(i) ability to manage medical expenses, including mental health costs;
1480	(ii) proven ability to handle accident and health insurance;
1481	(iii) efficiency of claim paying procedures;
1482	(iv) proven ability for managed care and quality assurance;
1483	(v) provider contracting and discounts;
1484	(vi) pharmacy benefit management;
1485	(vii) an estimate of total charges for administering the pool;

1480	(viii) admity to administer the poor in a cost-efficient manner;
1487	(ix) the ability to provide adequate providers and services in the state; and
1488	(x) other criteria established by the department.
1489	(b) The dental benefits required by Section 26-40-106 may be bid out separately from
1490	other program benefits.
1491	(c) Except for dental benefits, the department shall request bids for the program's
1492	benefits in 2008. The department shall request bids for the program's dental benefits in 2009.
1493	The department shall request bids for the program's benefits at least once every five years
1494	thereafter.
1495	(d) The department's contract with health plans for the program's benefits shall include
1496	risk sharing provisions in which the health plan shall accept at least 75% of the risk for any
1497	difference between the department's premium payments per client and actual medical
1498	expenditures.
1499	(3) The executive director shall report to and seek recommendations from the Health
1500	Advisory Council created in Section 26-1-7.5:
1501	(a) if the division receives less than two bids or proposals under this section that are
1502	acceptable to the division or responsive to the bid; and
1503	(b) before awarding a contract to a managed care system.
1504	(4) (a) The department shall award contracts to responsive bidders if the department
1505	determines that a bid is acceptable and meets the criteria of Subsections (2)(a) and (d).
1506	(b) The department may contract with the Group Insurance Division within the Utah
1507	State Retirement Office to provide services under Subsection (1) if:
1508	(i) the executive director seeks the recommendation of the Health Advisory Council
1509	under Subsection (3); and
1510	(ii) the executive director determines that the bids were not acceptable to the
1511	department.
1512	(c) In accordance with Section 49-20-201, a contract awarded under Subsection (4)(b)
1513	is not subject to the risk sharing required by Subsection (2)(d).

1514	(5) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, shall apply to this section.
1515	Section 34. Section 30-3-11.3 is amended to read:
1516	30-3-11.3. Mandatory educational course for divorcing parents Purpose
1517	Curriculum Exceptions.
1518	(1) The Judicial Council shall approve and implement a mandatory course for
1519	divorcing parents in all judicial districts. The mandatory course is designed to educate and
1520	sensitize divorcing parties to their children's needs both during and after the divorce process.
1521	(2) The Judicial Council shall adopt rules to implement and administer this program.
1522	(3) As a prerequisite to receiving a divorce decree, both parties are required to attend a
1523	mandatory course on their children's needs after filing a complaint for divorce and receiving a
1524	docket number, unless waived under Section 30-3-4. If that requirement is waived, the court
1525	may permit the divorce action to proceed.
1526	(4) The court may require unmarried parents to attend this educational course when
1527	those parents are involved in a visitation or custody proceeding before the court.
1528	(5) The mandatory course shall instruct both parties:
1529	(a) about divorce and its impacts on:
1530	(i) their child or children;
1531	(ii) their family relationship; and
1532	(iii) their financial responsibilities for their child or children; and
1533	(b) that domestic violence has a harmful effect on children and family relationships.
1534	(6) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall administer the course pursuant to
1535	Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, through private or public contracts and
1536	organize the program in each of Utah's judicial districts. The contracts shall provide for the
1537	recoupment of administrative expenses through the costs charged to individual parties,
1538	pursuant to Subsection (8).
1539	(7) A certificate of completion constitutes evidence to the court of course completion
1540	by the parties.
1541	(8) (a) Each party shall pay the costs of the course to the independent contractor

providing the course at the time and place of the course. A fee of \$8 shall be collected, as part of the course fee paid by each participant, and deposited in the Children's Legal Defense Account, described in Section 51-9-408.

- (b) Each party who is unable to pay the costs of the course may attend the course without payment upon a prima facie showing of impecuniosity as evidenced by an affidavit of impecuniosity filed in the district court. In those situations, the independent contractor shall be reimbursed for its costs from the appropriation to the Administrative Office of the Courts for "Mandatory Educational Course for Divorcing Parents Program." Before a decree of divorce may be entered, the court shall make a final review and determination of impecuniosity and may order the payment of the costs if so determined.
- (9) Appropriations from the General Fund to the Administrative Office of the Courts for the "Mandatory Educational Course for Divorcing Parents Program" shall be used to pay the costs of an indigent parent who makes a showing as provided in Subsection (8)(b).
- (10) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall adopt a program to evaluate the effectiveness of the mandatory educational course. Progress reports shall be provided if requested by the Judiciary Interim Committee.
 - Section 35. Section 30-3-11.4 is amended to read:

30-3-11.4. Mandatory orientation course for divorcing parties -- Purpose -- Curriculum -- Exceptions.

- (1) There is established a mandatory divorce orientation course for all parties with minor children who file a petition for temporary separation or for a divorce. A couple with no minor children are not required, but may choose to attend the course. The purpose of the course shall be to educate parties about the divorce process and reasonable alternatives.
- (2) A petitioner shall attend a divorce orientation course no more than 60 days after filing a petition for divorce.
- (3) The respondent shall attend the divorce orientation course no more than 30 days after being served with a petition for divorce.
- 1569 (4) The clerk of the court shall provide notice to a petitioner of the requirement for the

1570 course, and information regarding the course shall be included with the petition or motion, 1571 when served on the respondent. 1572 (5) The divorce orientation course shall be neutral, unbiased, at least one hour in 1573 duration, and include: 1574 (a) options available as alternatives to divorce; 1575 (b) resources available from courts and administrative agencies for resolving custody 1576 and support issues without filing for divorce; (c) resources available to improve or strengthen the marriage; 1577 1578 (d) a discussion of the positive and negative consequences of divorce; 1579 (e) a discussion of the process of divorce; 1580 (f) options available for proceeding with a divorce, including: (i) mediation; 1581 1582 (ii) collaborative law; and (iii) litigation; and 1583 1584 (g) a discussion of post-divorce resources. 1585 (6) The course may be provided in conjunction with the mandatory course for 1586 divorcing parents required by Section 30-3-11.3. 1587 (7) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall administer the course pursuant to 1588 Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, through private or public contracts. 1589 (8) Each participant shall pay the costs of the course, which may not exceed \$20, to the 1590 independent contractor providing the course at the time and place of the course. 1591 (a) A fee of \$5 shall be collected, as part of the course fee paid by each participant, and 1592 deposited in the Children's Legal Defense Account described in Section 51-9-408. 1593 (b) A participant who is unable to pay the costs of the course may attend without 1594 payment and request an Affidavit of Impecuniosity from the provider to be filed with the 1595 petition or motion. The provider shall be reimbursed for its costs by the Administrative Office 1596 of the Courts. A petitioner who is later determined not to meet the qualifications for

impecuniosity may be ordered to pay the costs of the course.

1598	(9) Appropriations from the General Fund to the Administrative Office of the Courts
1599	for the divorce orientation course shall be used to pay the costs of an indigent petitioner who is
1600	determined to be impecunious as provided in Subsection (8)(b).
1601	(10) The Online Court Assistance Program shall include instructions with the forms for
1602	divorce which inform the petitioner of the requirement of this section.
1603	(11) Both parties shall attend a divorce orientation course before a divorce decree may
1604	be entered, unless waived by the court. A certificate of completion constitutes evidence to the
1605	court of course completion by the parties.
1606	(12) It shall be an affirmative defense in all divorce actions that the divorce orientation
1607	requirement was not complied with, and the action may not continue until a party has
1608	complied.
1609	(13) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall adopt a program to evaluate the
1610	effectiveness of the mandatory educational course. Progress reports shall be provided if
1611	requested by the Judiciary Interim Committee.
1612	Section 36. Section 30-3-38 is amended to read:
1613	30-3-38. Expedited Parent-time Enforcement Program.
1614	(1) There is established an Expedited Parent-time Enforcement Program in the third
1615	judicial district to be administered by the Administrative Office of the Courts.
1616	(2) As used in this section:
1617	(a) "Mediator" means a person who:
1618	(i) is qualified to mediate parent-time disputes under criteria established by the
1619	Administrative Office of the Courts; and
1620	(ii) agrees to follow billing guidelines established by the Administrative Office of the
1621	Courts and this section.
1622	(b) "Services to facilitate parent-time" or "services" means services designed to assist
1623	families in resolving parent-time problems through:
1624	(i) counseling;
1625	(ii) supervised parent-time;

1626	(iii) neutral drop-off and pick-up;
1627	(iv) educational classes; and
1628	(v) other related activities.
1629	(3) (a) If a parent files a motion in the third district court alleging that court-ordered
1630	parent-time rights are being violated, the clerk of the court, after assigning the case to a judge,
1631	shall refer the case to the administrator of this program for assignment to a mediator, unless a
1632	parent is incarcerated or otherwise unavailable. Unless the court rules otherwise, a parent
1633	residing outside of the state is not unavailable. The director of the program for the courts, the
1634	court, or the mediator may excuse either party from the requirement to mediate for good cause.
1635	(b) Upon receipt of a case, the mediator shall:
1636	(i) meet with the parents to address parent-time issues within 15 days of the motion
1637	being filed;
1638	(ii) assess the situation;
1639	(iii) facilitate an agreement on parent-time between the parents; and
1640	(iv) determine whether a referral to a service provider under Subsection (3)(c) is
1641	warranted.
1642	(c) While a case is in mediation, a mediator may refer the parents to a service provider
1643	designated by the Department of Human Services for services to facilitate parent-time if:
1644	(i) the services may be of significant benefit to the parents; or
1645	(ii) (A) a mediated agreement between the parents is unlikely; and
1646	(B) the services may facilitate an agreement.
1647	(d) At any time during mediation, a mediator shall terminate mediation and transfer the
1648	case to the administrator of the program for referral to the judge or court commissioner to
1649	whom the case was assigned under Subsection (3)(a) if:
1650	(i) a written agreement between the parents is reached; or
1651	(ii) the parents are unable to reach an agreement through mediation and:
1652	(A) the parents have received services to facilitate parent-time;
1653	(B) both parents object to receiving services to facilitate parent-time; or

1654	(C) the parents are unlikely to benefit from receiving services to facilitate parent-time.
1655	(e) Upon receiving a case from the administrator of the program, a judge or court
1656	commissioner may:
1657	(i) review the agreement of the parents and, if acceptable, sign it as an order;
1658	(ii) order the parents to receive services to facilitate parent-time;
1659	(iii) proceed with the case; or
1660	(iv) take other appropriate action.
1661	(4) (a) If a parent makes a particularized allegation of physical or sexual abuse of a
1662	child who is the subject of a parent-time order against the other parent or a member of the other
1663	parent's household to a mediator or service provider, the mediator or service provider shall
1664	immediately report that information to:
1665	(i) the judge assigned to the case who may immediately issue orders and take other
1666	appropriate action to resolve the allegation and protect the child; and
1667	(ii) the Division of Child and Family Services within the Department of Human
1668	Services in the manner required by Title 62A, Chapter 4a, Part 4, Child Abuse or Neglect
1669	Reporting Requirements.
1670	(b) If an allegation under Subsection (4)(a) is made against a parent with parent-time
1671	rights or a member of that parent's household, parent-time by that parent shall, pursuant to an
1672	order of the court, be supervised until:
1673	(i) the allegation has been resolved; or
1674	(ii) a court orders otherwise.
1675	(c) Notwithstanding an allegation under Subsection (4)(a), a mediator may continue to
1676	mediate parent-time problems and a service provider may continue to provide services to
1677	facilitate parent-time unless otherwise ordered by a court.
1678	(5) (a) The Department of Human Services may contract with one or more entities in
1679	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, to provide:
1680	(i) services to facilitate parent-time;
1681	(ii) case management services; and

1682	(iii) administrative services.
1683	(b) An entity who contracts with the Department of Human Services under Subsection
1684	(5)(a) shall:
1685	(i) be qualified to provide one or more of the services listed in Subsection (5)(a); and
1686	(ii) agree to follow billing guidelines established by the Department of Human Services
1687	and this section.
1688	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), the cost of mediation shall be:
1689	(i) reduced to a sum certain;
1690	(ii) divided equally between the parents; and
1691	(iii) charged against each parent taking into account the ability of that parent to pay
1692	under billing guidelines adopted in accordance with this section.
1693	(b) A judge may order a parent to pay an amount in excess of that provided for in
1694	Subsection (6)(a) if the parent:
1695	(i) failed to participate in good faith in mediation or services to facilitate parent-time;
1696	or
1697	(ii) made an unfounded assertion or claim of physical or sexual abuse of a child.
1698	(c) (i) The cost of mediation and services to facilitate parent-time may be charged to
1699	parents at periodic intervals.
1700	(ii) Mediation and services to facilitate parent-time may only be terminated on the
1701	ground of nonpayment if both parents are delinquent.
1702	(7) (a) The Judicial Council may make rules to implement and administer the
1703	provisions of this program related to mediation.
1704	(b) The Department of Human Services may make rules to implement and administer
1705	the provisions of this program related to services to facilitate parent-time.
1706	(8) (a) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall adopt outcome measures to
1707	evaluate the effectiveness of the mediation component of this program. Progress reports shall

be provided to the Judiciary Interim Committee as requested by the committee.

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(b) The Department of Human Services shall adopt outcome measures to evaluate the

1710	effectiveness of the services component of this program. Progress reports shall be provided to
1711	the Judiciary Interim Committee as requested by the committee.
1712	(c) The Administrative Office of the Courts and the Department of Human Services
1713	may adopt joint outcome measures and file joint reports to satisfy the requirements of
1714	Subsections (7)(a) and (b).
1715	(9) The Department of Human Services shall, by following the procedures and
1716	requirements of Title 63J, Chapter 5, Federal Funds Procedures, apply for federal funds as
1717	available.
1718	Section 37. Section 31A-29-110 is amended to read:
1719	31A-29-110. Pool administrator Selection Powers.
1720	(1) The board shall select a pool administrator in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter
1721	[6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code. The board shall evaluate bids based on criteria established by
1722	the board, which shall include:
1723	(a) ability to manage medical expenses;
1724	(b) proven ability to handle accident and health insurance;
1725	(c) efficiency of claim paying procedures;
1726	(d) marketing and underwriting;
1727	(e) proven ability for managed care and quality assurance;
1728	(f) provider contracting and discounts;
1729	(g) pharmacy benefit management;
1730	(h) an estimate of total charges for administering the pool; and
1731	(i) ability to administer the pool in a cost-efficient manner.
1732	(2) A pool administrator may be:
1733	(a) a health insurer;
1734	(b) a health maintenance organization;
1735	(c) a third-party administrator; or
1736	(d) any person or entity which has demonstrated ability to meet the criteria in
1737	Subsection (1).

(3) (a) The pool administrator shall serve for a period of three years, with two one-year extension options, subject to the terms, conditions, and limitations of the contract between the board and the administrator.

- (b) At least one year prior to the expiration of the contract between the board and the pool administrator, the board shall invite all interested parties, including the current pool administrator, to submit bids to serve as the pool administrator.
- (c) Selection of the pool administrator for a succeeding period shall be made at least six months prior to the expiration of the period of service under Subsection (3)(a).
- (4) The pool administrator is responsible for all operational functions of the pool and shall:
- (a) have access to all nonpatient specific experience data, statistics, treatment criteria, and guidelines compiled or adopted by the Medicaid program, the Public Employees Health Plan, the Department of Health, or the Insurance Department, and which are not otherwise declared by statute to be confidential;
- (b) perform all marketing, eligibility, enrollment, member agreements, and administrative claim payment functions relating to the pool;
- (c) establish, administer, and operate a monthly premium billing procedure for collection of premiums from enrollees;
- (d) perform all necessary functions to assure timely payment of benefits to enrollees, including:
- (i) making information available relating to the proper manner of submitting a claim for benefits to the pool administrator and distributing forms upon which submission shall be made; and
 - (ii) evaluating the eligibility of each claim for payment by the pool;
- (e) submit regular reports to the board regarding the operation of the pool, the frequency, content, and form of which reports shall be determined by the board;
- 1764 (f) following the close of each calendar year, determine net written and earned 1765 premiums, the expense of administration, and the paid and incurred losses for the year and

1766	submit a report of this information to the board, the commissioner, and the Division of Finance
1767	on a form prescribed by the commissioner; and
1768	(g) be paid as provided in the plan of operation for expenses incurred in the
1769	performance of the pool administrator's services.
1770	Section 38. Section 31A-29-111 is amended to read:
1771	31A-29-111. Eligibility Limitations.
1772	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), an individual who is not HIPAA
1773	eligible is eligible for pool coverage if the individual:
1774	(i) pays the established premium;
1775	(ii) is a resident of this state; and
1776	(iii) meets the health underwriting criteria under Subsection (5)(a).
1777	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), an individual who is not HIPAA eligible is not
1778	eligible for pool coverage if one or more of the following conditions apply:
1779	(i) the individual is eligible for health care benefits under Medicaid or Medicare,
1780	except as provided in Section 31A-29-112;
1781	(ii) the individual has terminated coverage in the pool, unless:
1782	(A) 12 months have elapsed since the termination date; or
1783	(B) the individual demonstrates that creditable coverage has been involuntarily
1784	terminated for any reason other than nonpayment of premium;
1785	(iii) the pool has paid the maximum lifetime benefit to or on behalf of the individual;
1786	(iv) the individual is an inmate of a public institution;
1787	(v) the individual is eligible for a public health plan, as defined in federal regulations
1788	adopted pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 300gg;
1789	(vi) the individual's health condition does not meet the criteria established under
1790	Subsection (5);
1791	(vii) the individual is eligible for coverage under an employer group that offers a health
1792	benefit plan or a self-insurance arrangement to its eligible employees, dependents, or members
1793	as:

1794	(A) an eligible employee;
1795	(B) a dependent of an eligible employee; or
1796	(C) a member;
1797	(viii) the individual is covered under any other health benefit plan;
1798	(ix) at the time of application, the individual has not resided in Utah for at least 12
1799	consecutive months preceding the date of application; or
1800	(x) the individual's employer pays any part of the individual's health benefit plan
1801	premium, either as an insured or a dependent, for pool coverage.
1802	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), an individual who is HIPAA eligible is
1803	eligible for pool coverage if the individual:
1804	(i) pays the established premium; and
1805	(ii) is a resident of this state.
1806	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), a HIPAA eligible individual is not eligible for
1807	pool coverage if one or more of the following conditions apply:
1808	(i) the individual is eligible for health care benefits under Medicaid or Medicare,
1809	except as provided in Section 31A-29-112;
1810	(ii) the individual is eligible for a public health plan, as defined in federal regulations
1811	adopted pursuant to 42 U.S.C. 300gg;
1812	(iii) the individual is covered under any other health benefit plan;
1813	(iv) the individual is eligible for coverage under an employer group that offers a health
1814	benefit plan or self-insurance arrangements to its eligible employees, dependents, or members
1815	as:
1816	(A) an eligible employee;
1817	(B) a dependent of an eligible employee; or
1818	(C) a member;
1819	(v) the pool has paid the maximum lifetime benefit to or on behalf of the individual;
1820	(vi) the individual is an inmate of a public institution; or
1821	(vii) the individual's employer pays any part of the individual's health benefit plan

premium, either as an insured or a dependent, for pool coverage.

- (3) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(b)(ix), if otherwise eligible under Subsection (1)(a), an individual whose health care insurance coverage from a state high risk pool with similar coverage is terminated because of nonresidency in another state is eligible for coverage under the pool subject to the conditions of Subsections (1)(b)(i) through (viii).
- (b) Coverage sought under Subsection (3)(a) shall be applied for within 63 days after the termination date of the previous high risk pool coverage.
- (c) The effective date of this state's pool coverage shall be the date of termination of the previous high risk pool coverage.
- (d) The waiting period of an individual with a preexisting condition applying for coverage under this chapter shall be waived:
- (i) to the extent to which the waiting period was satisfied under a similar plan from another state; and
 - (ii) if the other state's benefit limitation was not reached.
- (4) (a) If an eligible individual applies for pool coverage within 30 days of being denied coverage by an individual carrier, the effective date for pool coverage shall be no later than the first day of the month following the date of submission of the completed insurance application to the carrier.
- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), for individuals eligible for coverage under Subsection (3), the effective date shall be the date of termination of the previous high risk pool coverage.
- (5) (a) The board shall establish and adjust, as necessary, health underwriting criteria based on:
 - (i) health condition; and
- (ii) expected claims so that the expected claims are anticipated to remain within available funding.
- 1848 (b) The board, with approval of the commissioner, may contract with one or more providers under Title 63G, Chapter [6] <u>6a</u>, Utah Procurement Code, to develop underwriting

1850	criteria under Subsection (5)(a).
1851	(c) If an individual is denied coverage by the pool under the criteria established in
1852	Subsection (5)(a), the pool shall issue a certificate of insurability to the individual for coverage
1853	under Subsection 31A-30-108(3).
1854	Section 39. Section 31A-33-104 is amended to read:
1855	31A-33-104. Workers' Compensation Fund exempted.
1856	(1) The Workers' Compensation Fund is exempt from the provisions of:
1857	(a) Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act;
1858	(b) Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act; and
1859	(c) Title 63A, Utah Administrative Services Code.
1860	(2) The board may specifically exempt the Workers' Compensation Fund from any
1861	provisions of:
1862	(a) Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah State Personnel Management Act; and
1863	(b) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
1864	(3) The provisions of Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, do not
1865	govern the initial determination of any person's eligibility for benefits under Title 34A, Chapter
1866	2, Workers' Compensation Act, and Title 34A, Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease Act.
1867	Section 40. Section 31A-33-107 is amended to read:
1868	31A-33-107. Duties of board Creation of subsidiaries Entering into joint
1869	enterprises.
1870	(1) The board shall:
1871	(a) appoint a chief executive officer to administer the Workers' Compensation Fund;
1872	(b) receive and act upon financial, management, and actuarial reports covering the
1873	operations of the Workers' Compensation Fund;
1874	(c) ensure that the Workers' Compensation Fund is administered according to law;
1875	(d) examine and approve an annual operating budget for the Workers' Compensation
1876	Fund;
1877	(e) serve as investment trustees and fiduciaries of the Injury Fund;

1878	(f) receive and act upon recommendations of the chief executive officer;
1879	(g) develop broad policy for the long-term operation of the Workers' Compensation
1880	Fund, consistent with its mission and fiduciary responsibility;
1881	(h) subject to Chapter 19a, Part 4, Workers' Compensation Rates, approve any rating
1882	plans that would modify a policyholder's premium;
1883	(i) subject to Chapter 19a, Part 4, Workers' Compensation Rates, approve the amount
1884	of deviation, if any, from standard insurance rates;
1885	(j) approve the amount of the dividends, if any, to be returned to policyholders;
1886	(k) adopt a procurement policy consistent with the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter [6]
1887	<u>6a</u> , Utah Procurement Code;
1888	(l) develop and publish an annual report to policyholders, the governor, the Legislature,
1889	and interested parties that describes the financial condition of the Injury Fund, including a
1890	statement of expenses and income and what measures were taken or will be necessary to keep
1891	the Injury Fund actuarially sound;
1892	(m) establish a fiscal year;
1893	(n) determine and establish an actuarially sound price for insurance offered by the
1894	fund;
1895	(o) establish conflict of interest requirements that govern the board, officers, and
1896	employees;
1897	(p) establish compensation and reasonable expenses to be paid to directors on the board
1898	subject to the requirements of Section 31A-33-106, so that the board may not approve
1899	compensation that exceeds the amount described in Subsection 31A-33-106(18)(a)(i)(B); and
1900	(q) perform all other acts necessary for the policymaking and oversight of the Workers'
1901	Compensation Fund.
1902	(2) Subject to board review and its responsibilities under Subsection (1)(e), the board
1903	may delegate authority to make daily investment decisions.
1904	(3) The fund may form or acquire a subsidiary or enter into a joint enterprise:
1905	(a) only if that action is approved by the board; and

1906	(b) subject to the limitations in Section 31A-33-103.5.
1907	Section 41. Section 34A-2-203 is amended to read:
1908	34A-2-203. Payment of premiums for workers' compensation.
1909	(1) Until June 30, 2007, a department, commission, board, or other agency of the state
1910	shall pay the insurance premium on its employees direct to the Workers' Compensation Fund.
1911	(2) Beginning July 1, 2007, the state shall secure the payment of workers'
1912	compensation benefits for its employees:
1913	(a) by:
1914	(i) insuring, and keeping insured, the payment of this compensation with the Workers'
1915	Compensation Fund;
1916	(ii) insuring, and keeping insured, the payment of this compensation with any stock
1917	corporation or mutual association authorized to transact the business of workers' compensation
1918	insurance in this state; or
1919	(iii) paying direct compensation as a self-insured employer in the amount, in the
1920	manner, and when due as provided for in this chapter or Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease
1921	Act;
1922	(b) in accordance with Title 63A, Chapter 4, Risk Management; and
1923	(c) subject to Subsection (3).
1924	(3) (a) If the state determines to secure the payment of workers' compensation benefits
1925	for its employees by paying direct compensation as a self-insured employer in the amount, in
1926	the manner, and due as provided for in this chapter or Chapter 3, Utah Occupational Disease
1927	Act, the state is:
1928	(i) exempt from Section 34A-2-202.5 and Subsection 34A-2-704(14); and
1929	(ii) required to pay a premium assessment as provided in Section 34A-2-202.
1930	(b) If the state chooses to pay workers' compensation benefits for its employees
1931	through insuring under Subsection (2)(a)(i) or (ii), the state shall obtain that insurance in
1932	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
1933	Section 42. Section 35A-5-202 is amended to read:

1934	35A-5-202. Contracts with providers.
1935	(1) In compliance with Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, the
1936	department shall enter into a contract with one or more qualified providers to implement the
1937	workforce improvement plan created under Section 35A-5-201.
1938	(2) A contract entered into under this section shall be:
1939	(a) performance based; and
1940	(b) structured so that the provider receives reimbursement based on:
1941	(i) job development;
1942	(ii) participant placement in jobs;
1943	(iii) wages and benefits provided; and
1944	(iv) participant retention in jobs over at least a 12-month period.
1945	(3) If the department determines through the procurement process that there are no
1946	qualified providers to implement the workforce improvement plan, the department may
1947	implement the plan.
1948	Section 43. Section 38-1-30 is amended to read:
1949	38-1-30. Third party contract Designated agent.
1950	(1) The division shall contract in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah
1951	Procurement Code, with a third party to establish and maintain the database for the purposes
1952	established under this section, Section 38-1-27, and Sections 38-1-31 through 38-1-36.
1953	(2) (a) The third party under contract under this section is the division's designated
1954	agent, and shall develop and maintain a database from the information provided by:
1955	(i) local government entities issuing building permits;
1956	(ii) original contractors;
1957	(iii) subcontractors; and
1958	(iv) other interested persons.
1959	(b) The database shall accommodate filings by third parties on behalf of clients.
1960	(c) The division and the designated agent shall design, develop, and test the database
1961	for full implementation on May 1, 2005.

1962 (3) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 1963 division shall make rules and develop procedures for: 1964 (a) the division to oversee and enforce this section, Section 38-1-27, and Sections 1965 38-1-31 through 38-1-36; 1966 (b) the designated agent to administer this section, Section 38-1-27, and Sections 1967 38-1-31 through 38-1-36; and 1968 (c) the form of submission of an alternate filing, which may include procedures for 1969 rejecting an illegible or incomplete filing. 1970 (4) (a) The designated agent shall archive computer data files at least semiannually for 1971 auditing purposes. 1972 (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 1973 division shall make rules to allow the designated agent to periodically archive projects from the 1974 database. 1975 (c) A project shall be archived no earlier than: 1976 (i) one year after the day on which a notice of completion is filed for a project; 1977 (ii) if no notice of completion is filed, two years after the last filing activity for a 1978 project; or 1979 (iii) one year after the day on which a filing is cancelled under Subsection 1980 38-1-32(6)(c) or 38-1-33(2)(c). 1981 (d) The division may audit the designated agent's administration of the database as 1982 often as the division considers necessary. 1983 (5) The designated agent shall carry errors and omissions insurance in the amounts 1984 established by rule made by the division in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah 1985 Administrative Rulemaking Act. 1986 (6) (a) The designated agent shall make reasonable efforts to assure the accurate entry 1987 into the database of information provided in alternate filings.

(b) The designated agent shall meet or exceed standards established by the division for

the accuracy of data entry for alternate filings.

1988

1990	(7) The designated agent is not liable for the correctness of the information contained
1991	in an alternate filing it enters into the database.
1992	Section 44. Section 38-1-39 is amended to read:
1993	38-1-39. Waiver or impairment of a lien right Forms Scope.
1994	(1) As used in this section:
1995	(a) "Check" means a payment instrument on a depository institution including:
1996	(i) a check;
1997	(ii) a draft;
1998	(iii) an order; or
1999	(iv) other instrument.
2000	(b) "Depository institution" is as defined in Section 7-1-103.
2001	(c) "Lien claimant" means a person that claims a lien under this chapter.
2002	(d) "Receives payment" means, in the case of a restrictive endorsement, a payee has
2003	endorsed a check and the check is presented to and paid by the depository institution on which
2004	it is drawn.
2005	(2) Notwithstanding Section 38-1-29, a written consent given by a lien claimant that
2006	waives or limits the lien claimant's lien rights is enforceable only if the lien claimant:
2007	(a) (i) executes a waiver and release that is signed by the lien claimant or the lien
2008	claimant's authorized agent; or
2009	(ii) for a restrictive endorsement on a check, includes a restrictive endorsement on a
2010	check that is:
2011	(A) signed by the lien claimant or the lien claimant's authorized agent; and
2012	(B) in substantially the same form set forth in Subsection (4)(d); and
2013	(b) receives payment of the amount identified in the waiver and release or check that
2014	includes the restrictive endorsement:
2015	(i) including payment by a joint payee check; and
2016	(ii) for a progress payment, only to the extent of the payment.
2017	(3) (a) Notwithstanding the language of a waiver and release described in Subsection

2018	(2), Subsection (3)(b) applies if:	
2019	(i) the payment given in exchange for any waiver and release of lien is made by check;	
2020	and	
2021	(ii) the check fails to clear the depository institution on which it is drawn for any	
2022	reason.	
2023	(b) If the conditions of Subsection (3)(a) are met:	
2024	(i) the waiver and release described in Subsection (3)(a) is null, void, and of no legal	
2025	effect; and	
2026	(ii) the following will not be affected by the lien claimant's execution of the waiver and	
2027	release:	
2028	(A) any lien;	
2029	(B) any lien right;	
2030	(C) any bond right;	
2031	(D) any contract right; or	
2032	(E) any other right to recover payment afforded to the lien claimant in law or equity.	
2033	(4) (a) A waiver and release given by a lien claimant meets the requirements of this	
2034	section if it is in substantially the form provided in this Subsection (4) for the circumstance	
2035	provided in this Subsection (4).	
2036	(b) A waiver and release may be in substantially the following form if the lien claimant	
2037	is required to execute a waiver and release in exchange for or to induce the payment of a	
2038	progress billing:	
2039	"UTAH CONDITIONAL WAIVER AND RELEASE UPON PROGRESS PAYMENT	
2040	Property Name:	
2041	Property Location:	
2042	Undersigned's Customer:	
2043	Invoice/Payment Application Number:	
2044	Payment Amount:	
2045	Payment Period:	

2046 To the extent provided below, this document becomes effective to release and the 2047 undersigned is considered to waive any notice of lien or right under Utah Code Ann., Title 38, 2048 Chapter 1, Mechanics' Liens, or any bond right under Utah Code Ann., Title 14, Contractors' 2049 Bonds, or Section [63G-6-505] 63G-6a-1103 related to payment rights the undersigned has on 2050 the above described Property once: 2051 (1) the undersigned endorses a check in the above referenced Payment Amount payable 2052 to the undersigned; and 2053 (2) the check is paid by the depository institution on which it is drawn. 2054 This waiver and release applies to a progress payment for the work, materials, 2055 equipment, or a combination of work, materials, and equipment furnished by the undersigned 2056 to the Property or to the Undersigned's Customer which are the subject of the Invoice or 2057 Payment Application, but only to the extent of the Payment Amount. This waiver and release 2058 does not apply to any retention withheld; any items, modifications, or changes pending approval; disputed items and claims; or items furnished or invoiced after the Payment Period. 2059 2060 The undersigned warrants that the undersigned either has already paid or will use the 2061 money the undersigned receives from this progress payment promptly to pay in full all the 2062 undersigned's laborers, subcontractors, materialmen, and suppliers for all work, materials, equipment, or combination of work, materials, and equipment that are the subject of this 2063 2064 waiver and release. Dated: _____ 2065 (Company Name) 2066 _____By:_____ 2067 2068 2069 (c) A waiver and release may be in substantially the following form if the lien claimant 2070 is required to execute a waiver and release in exchange for or to induce the payment of a final 2071 billing: 2072 "UTAH WAIVER AND RELEASE UPON FINAL PAYMENT 2073 Property Name:

2074	Property Location:	
2075	Undersigned's Customer:	
2076	Invoice/Payment Application Number:	
2077	Payment Amount:	
2078	To the extent provided below, this document becomes effective to release and the	
2079	undersigned is considered to waive any notice of lien or right under Utah Code Ann., Title 38,	
2080	Chapter 1, Mechanics' Liens, or any bond right under Utah Code Ann., Title 14, Contractors'	
2081	Bonds, or Section [63G-6-505] 63G-6a-1103 related to payment rights the undersigned has on	
2082	the above described Property once:	
2083	(1) the undersigned endorses a check in the above referenced Payment Amount payable	
2084	to the undersigned; and	
2085	(2) the check is paid by the depository institution on which it is drawn.	
2086	This waiver and release applies to the final payment for the work, materials, equipment,	
2087	or combination of work, materials, and equipment furnished by the undersigned to the Propert	
2088	or to the Undersigned's Customer.	
2089	The undersigned warrants that the undersigned either has already paid or will use the	
2090	money the undersigned receives from the final payment promptly to pay in full all the	
2091	undersigned's laborers, subcontractors, materialmen, and suppliers for all work, materials,	
2092	equipment, or combination of work, materials, and equipment that are the subject of this	
2093	waiver and release.	
2094	Dated:	
2095	(Company Name)	
2096	By:	
2097		
2098	(d) A restrictive endorsement placed on a check to effectuate a waiver and release	
2099	described in this Subsection (4) meets the requirements of this section if it is in substantially	
2100	the following form:	
2101	"This check is a progress/ final payment for property described on this check sufficient	

2102 for identification. Endorsement of this check is an acknowledgment by the endorser that the 2103 waiver and release to which the payment applies is effective to the extent provided in Utah 2104 Code Ann. Subsection 38-1-39(4)(b) or (c) respectively." 2105 (e) (i) If using a restrictive endorsement under Subsection (4)(d), the person preparing 2106 the check shall indicate whether the check is for a progress payment or a final payment by 2107 circling the word "progress" if the check is for a progress payment, or the word "final" if the 2108 check is for a final payment. 2109 (ii) If a restrictive endorsement does not indicate whether the check is for a progress 2110 payment or a final payment, it is considered to be for a progress payment. 2111 (5) (a) If the conditions of Subsection (5)(b) are met, this section does not affect the 2112 enforcement of: 2113 (i) an accord and satisfaction regarding a bona fide dispute; or 2114 (ii) an agreement made in settlement of an action pending in any court or arbitration. 2115 (b) Pursuant to Subsection (5)(a), this section does not affect enforcement of an accord 2116 and satisfaction or settlement described in Subsection (5)(a) if the accord and satisfaction or 2117 settlement: 2118 (i) is in a writing signed by the lien claimant; and 2119 (ii) specifically references the lien rights waived or impaired. 2120 Section 45. Section **41-12a-803** is amended to read: 2121 41-12a-803. Program creation -- Administration -- Selection of designated agent 2122 -- Duties -- Rulemaking -- Audits. (1) There is created the Uninsured Motorist Identification Database Program to: 2123 2124 (a) establish an Uninsured Motorist Identification Database to verify compliance with 2125 motor vehicle owner's or operator's security requirements under Section 41-12a-301 and other 2126 provisions under this part;

(c) assist in increasing compliance with motor vehicle registration and sales and use tax

(b) assist in reducing the number of uninsured motor vehicles on the highways of the

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state;

2130	laws;
2131	(d) assist in protecting a financial institution's bona fide security interest in a motor
2132	vehicle; and
2133	(e) assist in the identification and prevention of identity theft and other crimes.
2134	(2) The program shall be administered by the department with the assistance of the
2135	designated agent and the Motor Vehicle Division.
2136	(3) (a) The department shall contract in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a,
2137	Utah Procurement Code, with a third party to establish and maintain an Uninsured Motorist
2138	Identification Database for the purposes established under this part.
2139	(b) The contract may not obligate the department to pay the third party more money
2140	than is available in the account.
2141	(4) (a) The third party under contract under this section is the department's designated
2142	agent, and shall develop and maintain a computer database from the information provided by:
2143	(i) insurers under Section 31A-22-315;
2144	(ii) the division under Subsection (6); and
2145	(iii) the Motor Vehicle Division under Section 41-1a-120.
2146	(b) (i) The database shall be developed and maintained in accordance with guidelines
2147	established by the department so that state and local law enforcement agencies and financial
2148	institutions as defined in Section 7-1-103 can efficiently access the records of the database,
2149	including reports useful for the implementation of the provisions of this part.
2150	(ii) (A) The reports shall be in a form and contain information approved by the
2151	department.
2152	(B) The reports may be made available through the Internet or through other electronic
2153	medium, if the department determines that sufficient security is provided to ensure compliance
2154	with Section 41-12a-805 regarding limitations on disclosure of information in the database.
2155	(5) With information provided by the department and the Motor Vehicle Division, the
2156	designated agent shall, at least monthly for submissions under Subsection 31A-22-315(2)(b) or

at least twice a month for submissions under Subsection 31A-22-315(2)(a):

2158	(a) update the database with the motor vehicle insurance information provided by the
2159	insurers in accordance with Section 31A-22-315; and
2160	(b) compare all current motor vehicle registrations against the database.
2161	(6) The division shall provide the designated agent with the name, date of birth,
2162	address, and driver license number of all persons on the driver license database.
2163	(7) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
2164	department shall make rules and develop procedures in cooperation with the Motor Vehicle
2165	Division to use the database for the purpose of administering and enforcing this part.
2166	(8) (a) The designated agent shall archive computer data files at least semi-annually for
2167	auditing purposes.
2168	(b) The internal audit unit of the tax commission provided under Section 59-1-206
2169	shall audit the program at least every three years.
2170	(c) The audit under Subsection (8)(b) shall include verification of:
2171	(i) billings made by the designated agent; and
2172	(ii) the accuracy of the designated agent's matching of vehicle registration with
2173	insurance data.
2174	Section 46. Section 53-2-404 is amended to read:
2175	53-2-404. State costs for emergency disaster services.
2176	(1) Subject to this section and Section 53-2-403, the division shall expend or commit to
2177	expend money described in Subsection 53-2-403(1)(d)(i) to fund costs to the state of
2178	emergency disaster services.
2179	(2) Money paid by the division under this section to government entities and private
2180	persons providing emergency disaster services are subject to Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah
2181	Procurement Code.
2182	Section 47. Section 53A-1-706 is amended to read:
2183	53A-1-706. Purchases of educational technology.
2184	(1) (a) A school district or college of education shall comply with Title 63G, Chapter
2185	[6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, in purchasing technology, except as otherwise provided in

2186	Subsection (1)(b).
2187	(b) A school district may purchase computers from, and contract for the repair or
2188	refurbishing of computers with, the Utah Correctional Industries without going through the
2189	bidding or competition procedures outlined in Title 63G, Chapter [6, Part 4, Source Selections
2190	and Contract Formation] 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
2191	(2) A school district or college of education may purchase technology through
2192	cooperative purchasing contracts administered by the state Division of Purchasing or through
2193	its own established purchasing program.
2194	Section 48. Section 53A-1a-511 is amended to read:
2195	53A-1a-511. Waivers from state board rules Application of statutes and rules
2196	to charter schools.
2197	(1) A charter school shall operate in accordance with its charter and is subject to Title
2198	53A, State System of Public Education, and other state laws applicable to public schools,
2199	except as otherwise provided in this part.
2200	(2) (a) A charter school or any other public school or school district may apply to the
2201	State Board of Education for a waiver of any state board rule that inhibits or hinders the school
2202	or the school district from accomplishing its mission or educational goals set out in its strategic
2203	plan or charter.
2204	(b) The state board may grant the waiver, unless:
2205	(i) the waiver would cause the school district or the school to be in violation of state or
2206	federal law; or
2207	(ii) the waiver would threaten the health, safety, or welfare of students in the district or
2208	at the school.
2209	(c) If the State Board of Education denies the waiver, the reason for the denial shall be
2210	provided in writing to the waiver applicant.
2211	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), State Board of Education rules

governing the following do not apply to a charter school:

(i) school libraries;

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2214	(ii) required school administrative and supervisory services; and
2215	(iii) required expenditures for instructional supplies.
2216	(b) A charter school shall comply with rules implementing statutes that prescribe how
2217	state appropriations may be spent.
2218	(4) The following provisions of Title 53A, State System of Public Education, and rules
2219	adopted under those provisions, do not apply to a charter school:
2220	(a) Sections 53A-1a-108 and 53A-1a-108.5, requiring the establishment of a school
2221	community council and school improvement plan;
2222	(b) Sections 53A-3-413 and 53A-3-414, pertaining to the use of school buildings as
2223	civic centers;
2224	(c) Section 53A-3-420, requiring the use of activity disclosure statements;
2225	(d) Section 53A-12-207, requiring notification of intent to dispose of textbooks;
2226	(e) Section 53A-13-107, requiring annual presentations on adoption;
2227	(f) Chapter 19, Part 1, Fiscal Procedures, pertaining to fiscal procedures of school
2228	districts and local school boards; and
2229	(g) Section 53A-14-107, requiring an independent evaluation of instructional materials.
2230	(5) For the purposes of Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, a charter
2231	school shall be considered a local public procurement unit.
2232	(6) Each charter school shall be subject to:
2233	(a) Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act; and
2234	(b) Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
2235	(7) (a) The State Charter School Board shall, in concert with the charter schools, study
2236	existing state law and administrative rules for the purpose of determining from which laws and
2237	rules charter schools should be exempt.
2238	(b) (i) The State Charter School Board shall present recommendations for exemption to
2239	the State Board of Education for consideration.
2240	(ii) The State Board of Education shall consider the recommendations of the State
2241	Charter School Board and respond within 60 days.

2242	Section 49. Section 53A-20-101 is amended to read:
2243	53A-20-101. Construction and alteration of schools and plants Advertising for
2244	bids Payment and performance bonds Contracts Bidding limitations on local
2245	school boards Interest of local school board members.
2246	(1) As used in this section, the word "sealed" does not preclude acceptance of
2247	electronically sealed and submitted bids or proposals in addition to bids or proposals manually
2248	sealed and submitted.
2249	(2) (a) Prior to the construction of any school or the alteration of any existing school
2250	plant, if the total estimated accumulative building project cost exceeds \$80,000, a local school
2251	board shall advertise for bids on the project at least 10 days before the bid due date.
2252	(b) The board shall have the advertisement published in a newspaper having general
2253	circulation throughout the state and in appropriate construction trade publications that offer
2254	free listings.
2255	(c) A similar advertisement is required in a newspaper published or having general
2256	circulation in any city or county that would be affected by the proposed project.
2257	(d) The advertisement shall:
2258	(i) require sealed proposals for the building project in accordance with plans and
2259	specifications furnished by the local school board;
2260	(ii) state where and when the proposals will be opened and shall reserve the right of the
2261	board to reject any and all proposals; and
2262	(iii) require a certified check or bid bond of not less than 5% of the bid to accompany
2263	the bid.
2264	(3) (a) The board shall meet at the time and place specified in the advertisement and
2265	publicly open and read all received proposals.
2266	(b) If satisfactory bids are received, the board shall award the contract to the lowest
2267	responsible bidder.
2268	(c) If none of the proposals are satisfactory, all shall be rejected.

(d) The board shall again advertise in the manner provided in this section.

2270 (e) If, after advertising a second time no satisfactory bid is received, the board may 2271 proceed under its own direction with the required project. 2272 (4) (a) The check or bond required under Subsection (2)(d) shall be drawn in favor of 2273 the local school board. 2274 (b) If the successful bidder fails or refuses to enter into the contract and furnish the 2275 additional bonds required under this section, then the bidder's check or bond is forfeited to the 2276 district. (5) A local school board shall require payment and performance bonds of the 2277 2278 successful bidder as required in Section [63G-6-505] 63G-6a-1103. 2279 (6) (a) A local school board may require in the proposed contract that at least 10% of 2280 the contract price be withheld until the project is completed and accepted by the board. 2281 (b) If money is withheld, the board shall place it in an interest bearing account, and the 2282 interest accrues for the benefit of the contractor and subcontractors. (c) This money shall be paid upon completion of the project and acceptance by the 2283 board. 2284 2285 (7) (a) A local school board may not bid on projects within the district if the total 2286 accumulative estimated cost exceeds \$80,000. (b) The board may use its resources if no satisfactory bids are received under this 2287 section. 2288 (8) If the local school board determines in accordance with Section [63G-6-501] 2289 2290 63G-6a-1302 to use a construction manager/general contractor as its method of construction 2291 contracting management on projects where the total estimated accumulative cost exceeds 2292 \$80,000, it shall select the construction manager/general contractor [using one of the source 2293 selection methods provided for in Sections 63G-6-401 through 63G-6-501] in accordance with

(9) A local school board member may not have a direct or indirect financial interest in the construction project contract.

Section 50. Section **53A-25b-105** is amended to read:

the requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code.

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2298	53A-25b-105. Applicability of statutes to the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the
2299	Blind.
2300	(1) The Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind is subject to Title 53A, State System
2301	of Public Education, and other state laws applicable to public schools, except as otherwise
2302	provided by this chapter.
2303	(2) The following provisions of Title 53A, State System of Public Education, do not
2304	apply to the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind:
2305	(a) provisions governing the budgets, funding, or finances of school districts or charter
2306	schools; and
2307	(b) provisions governing school construction.
2308	(3) Except as provided in this chapter, the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind is
2309	subject to state laws governing state agencies, including:
2310	(a) Title 51, Chapter 5, Funds Consolidation Act;
2311	(b) Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act;
2312	(c) Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act;
2313	(d) Title 63A, Utah Administrative Services Code;
2314	(e) Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act;
2315	(f) Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act;
2316	(g) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code;
2317	(h) Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act;
2318	(i) Title 63J, Chapter 2, Revenue Procedures and Control Act; and
2319	(j) Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah State Personnel Management Act.
2320	Section 51. Section 53C-1-201 (Effective 07/01/12) is amended to read:
2321	53C-1-201 (Effective 07/01/12). Creation of administration Purpose Director.
2322	(1) (a) There is established within state government the School and Institutional Trust
2323	Lands Administration.
2324	(b) The administration shall manage all school and institutional trust lands and assets
2325	within the state, except as otherwise provided in Title 53C, Chapter 3, Deposit and Allocation

2326 of Revenue from Trust Lands, and Sections 51-7a-201 and 51-7a-202. 2327 (2) The administration is an independent state agency and not a division of any other 2328 department. 2329 (3) (a) It is subject to the usual legislative and executive department controls except as 2330 provided in this Subsection (3). 2331 (b) (i) The director may make rules as approved by the board that allow the 2332 administration to classify a business proposal submitted to the administration as protected 2333 under Section 63G-2-305, for as long as is necessary to evaluate the proposal. 2334 (ii) The administration shall return the proposal to the party who submitted the 2335 proposal, and incur no further duties under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access 2336 and Management Act, if the administration determines not to proceed with the proposal. 2337 (iii) The administration shall classify the proposal pursuant to law if it decides to 2338 proceed with the proposal. 2339 (iv) Section 63G-2-403 does not apply during the review period. 2340 (c) The director shall make rules in compliance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah 2341 Administrative Rulemaking Act, except that the administration is not subject to Subsections 63G-3-301(6) and (7) and Section 63G-3-601, and the director, with the board's approval, may 2342 2343 establish a procedure for the expedited approval of rules, based on written findings by the 2344 director showing: 2345 (i) the changes in business opportunities affecting the assets of the trust; 2346 (ii) the specific business opportunity arising out of those changes which may be lost 2347 without the rule or changes to the rule: (iii) the reasons the normal procedures under Section 63G-3-301 cannot be met without 2348 2349 causing the loss of the specific opportunity; 2350 (iv) approval by at least five board members; and

(v) that the director has filed a copy of the rule and a rule analysis, stating the specific

reasons and justifications for its findings, with the Division of Administrative Rules and

notified interested parties as provided in Subsection 63G-3-301(10).

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(d) (i) The administration shall comply with Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah State Personnel Management Act, except as provided in this Subsection (3)(d).

- (ii) The board may approve, upon recommendation of the director, that exemption for specific positions under Subsections 67-19-12(2) and 67-19-15(1) is required in order to enable the administration to efficiently fulfill its responsibilities under the law. The director shall consult with the executive director of the Department of Human Resource Management prior to making such a recommendation.
- (iii) The positions of director, deputy director, associate director, assistant director, legal counsel appointed under Section 53C-1-305, administrative assistant, and public affairs officer are exempt under Subsections 67-19-12(2) and 67-19-15(1).
- (iv) Salaries for exempted positions, except for the director, shall be set by the director, after consultation with the executive director of the Department of Human Resource Management, within ranges approved by the board. The board and director shall consider salaries for similar positions in private enterprise and other public employment when setting salary ranges.
- (v) The board may create an annual incentive and bonus plan for the director and other administration employees designated by the board, based upon the attainment of financial performance goals and other measurable criteria defined and budgeted in advance by the board.
- (e) The administration shall comply with Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, except where the board approves, upon recommendation of the director, exemption from the Utah Procurement Code, and simultaneous adoption of rules under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, for procurement, which enable the administration to efficiently fulfill its responsibilities under the law.
- (f) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(f)(ii), the administration is not subject to the fee agency requirements of Section 63J-1-504.
- (ii) The following fees of the administration are subject to the requirements of Section 63J-1-504: application, assignment, amendment, affidavit for lost documents, name change, reinstatement, grazing nonuse, extension of time, partial conveyance, patent reissue, collateral

2382	assignment,	electronic payment,	and processing.
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- (4) The administration is managed by a director of school and institutional trust lands appointed by a majority vote of the board of trustees with the consent of the governor.
- (5) (a) The board of trustees shall provide policies for the management of the administration and for the management of trust lands and assets.
- (b) The board shall provide policies for the ownership and control of Native American remains that are discovered or excavated on school and institutional trust lands in consultation with the Division of Indian Affairs and giving due consideration to Title 9, Chapter 9, Part 4, Native American Grave Protection and Repatriation Act. The director may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to implement policies provided by the board regarding Native American remains.
- (6) In connection with joint ventures and other transactions involving trust lands and minerals approved under Sections 53C-1-303 and 53C-2-401, the administration, with board approval, may become a member of a limited liability company under Title 48, Chapter 3, Utah Revised Uniform Limited Liability Company Act, and is considered a person under Section 48-3-102.
- Section 52. Section **54-3-29** is amended to read:
- 54-3-29. Removal, relocation, or alteration of utility facility in public highway construction or reconstruction -- Notice -- Cooperation.
- 2401 (1) As used in this section:
 - (a) "Design-build" means a design-build transportation project for which a design-build transportation project contract is issued, within the meaning of Section [63G-6-502] 63G-6a-1402.
- 2405 (b) "Municipality" is as defined in Section 10-1-104.
- 2406 (c) "Political subdivision" means a:
- 2407 (i) county; or
- 2408 (ii) municipality.
- 2409 (d) "Public agency" means an entity of state government or a political subdivision.

2410	(e) "Public highway" means a highway, street, road, or alley constructed for public use
2411	in the state.
2412	(f) "Utility company" means a privately, cooperatively, or publicly owned utility,
2413	including a utility owned by a political subdivision, that provides service using a utility facility.
2414	(g) "Utility facility" means:
2415	(i) a telecommunications, gas, electricity, cable television, water, sewer, or data
2416	facility;
2417	(ii) a video transmission line;
2418	(iii) a drainage and irrigation system; or
2419	(iv) a facility similar to those listed in Subsections (1)(g)(i) through (iii) located in, on,
2420	along, across, over, through, or under any public highway.
2421	(2) If a public agency engages in or proposes to engage in a construction or
2422	reconstruction project on a public highway that may require the removal, relocation, or
2423	alteration of a utility facility, the public agency shall:
2424	(a) contact an association, established under Title 54, Chapter 8a, Damage to
2425	Underground Utility Facilities, to identify each utility company that may have a utility facility
2426	in the area of the construction or reconstruction project;
2427	(b) identify a utility company that has an above-ground utility facility in the area of the
2428	proposed construction or reconstruction project; and
2429	(c) electronically notify each utility company identified in accordance with Subsections
2430	(2)(a) and (b).
2431	(3) The notice required by Subsection (2)(c) shall:
2432	(a) be made as early as practicable and at least 30 days:
2433	(i) before the preliminary design or project development meeting;
2434	(ii) before issuance of a request for proposal for a design-build project; or
2435	(iii) after a change in scope of a design-build project;
2436	(b) include:
2437	(i) information concerning the proposed project design;

2438	(ii) the proposed date of a required removal, relocation, or alteration of a utility facility;
2439	(iii) the federal identifying project number, if applicable; and
2440	(c) advise the utility company if the proposed project may qualify for aid for the utility
2441	company's expense in removing, relocating, or altering a utility facility.
2442	(4) A public agency shall permit a utility company notified under Subsection (2) to
2443	participate in the preliminary design or project development meeting, or similar meeting at
2444	which the project design is addressed.
2445	(5) (a) A public agency shall, not less than 30 days after providing notice under
2446	Subsection (2) to each utility company, provide the utility company an opportunity to meet
2447	with the public agency to allow the utility company to:
2448	(i) review project plans;
2449	(ii) understand the objectives and funding sources for the proposed project;
2450	(iii) provide and discuss recommendations to the public agency that may reasonably
2451	eliminate or minimize utility removal, relocation, or alteration costs, limit the disruption of
2452	utility company services, or eliminate or reduce the need for present or future utility facility
2453	removal, relocation, or alteration; and
2454	(iv) provide reasonable schedules to enable coordination of the construction project
2455	and removal, relocation, or alteration of a utility facility.
2456	(b) If a public agency provides a utility company with reasonable opportunities to meet
2457	in accordance with Subsection (5)(a), the utility company's failure to meet does not affect the
2458	public agency's ability to proceed with the project.
2459	(6) While recognizing the essential goals and objectives of the public highway agency
2460	in proceeding with and completing a project, the parties shall use their best efforts to find ways
2461	to:
2462	(a) eliminate the cost to the utility of relocation of the utility facilities; or
2463	(b) if elimination of the costs is not feasible, minimize the relocation costs to the extent

(7) A utility company notified under Subsection (2) shall coordinate with the public

reasonably possible.

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2466 agency concerning the utility facility removal, relocation, or alteration, including the 2467 scheduling of the utility facility removal, relocation, or alteration. 2468 (8) A public agency and a utility company may address the removal, relocation, or 2469 alteration of a utility facility in relation to a construction or reconstruction project on a public 2470 highway in a franchise agreement in lieu of this section, if the public agency is otherwise 2471 permitted to enter into the franchise agreement. 2472 (9) This chapter does not affect a public agency's authority over a public right-of-way, including any rule, ordinance, order to relocate a utility as provided in Section 72-6-116, or 2473 2474 other valid provision governing the use of the public right-of-way. 2475 Section 53. Section **54-8b-10** is amended to read: 2476 54-8b-10. Imposing a surcharge to provide hearing and speech impaired persons 2477 with telecommunication devices -- Definitions -- Procedures for establishing program --2478 **Surcharge -- Administration and disposition of surcharge money.** 2479 (1) As used in this section: 2480 (a) "Certified deaf or severely hearing or speech impaired person" means any state 2481 resident who: 2482 (i) is so certified by: 2483 (A) a licensed physician; 2484 (B) an otolaryngologist; 2485 (C) a speech language pathologist; 2486 (D) an audiologist; or 2487 (E) a qualified state agency; and 2488 (ii) qualifies for assistance under any low income public assistance program 2489 administered by a state agency. 2490 (b) "Certified interpreter" means a person who is a certified interpreter under Title 2491 53A, Chapter 26a, Interpreter Services for the Hearing Impaired Act. 2492 (c) (i) "Telecommunication device" means any mechanical adaptation device that

enables a deaf or severely hearing or speech impaired person to use the telephone.

2494	(ii) "Telecommunication device" includes:
2495	(A) telecommunication devices for the deaf (TDD);
2496	(B) telephone amplifiers;
2497	(C) telephone signal devices;
2498	(D) artificial larynxes; and
2499	(E) adaptive equipment for TDD keyboard access.
2500	(2) The commission shall hold hearings to establish a program whereby a certified deaf
2501	or severely hearing or speech impaired customer of a telecommunications corporation that
2502	provides service through a local exchange or of a wireless telecommunications provider may
2503	obtain a telecommunication device capable of serving the customer at no charge to the
2504	customer beyond the rate for basic service.
2505	(3) (a) The program described in Subsection (2) shall provide a dual party relay system
2506	using third party intervention to connect a certified deaf or severely hearing or speech impaired
2507	person with a normal hearing person by way of telecommunication devices designed for that
2508	purpose.
2509	(b) The commission may, by rule, establish the type of telecommunications device to
2510	be provided to ensure functional equivalence.
2511	(4) (a) The commission shall impose a surcharge on each residential and business
2512	access line of each customer of local-exchange telephone service in this state, and each
2513	residential and business telephone number of each customer of mobile telephone service in this
2514	state, not including a telephone number used exclusively to transfer data to and from a mobile
2515	device, which shall be collected by the telecommunications corporation providing public
2516	telecommunications service to the customer, to cover the costs of:
2517	(i) the program described in Subsection (2); and
2518	(ii) payments made under Subsection (5).
2519	(b) The commission shall establish by rule the amount to be charged under this section,
2520	provided that:

(i) the surcharge does not exceed 20 cents per month for each residential and business

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access line for local-exchange telephone service, and for each residential and business telephone number for mobile telephone service, not including a telephone number used exclusively to transfer data to and from a mobile device; and (ii) if the surcharge is related to a mobile telecommunications service, the surcharge may be imposed, billed, and collected only to the extent permitted by the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 116 et seq. (c) The telecommunications corporation shall collect the surcharge from its customers and transfer the money collected to the commission under rules adopted by the commission. (d) The surcharge shall be separately identified on each bill to a customer. (5) (a) Money collected from the surcharge imposed under Subsection (4) shall be deposited in the state treasury as dedicated credits to be administered as determined by the commission. (b) These dedicated credits may be used only: (i) for the purchase, maintenance, repair, and distribution of telecommunication devices: (ii) for the acquisition, operation, maintenance, and repair of a dual party relay system; (iii) to reimburse telephone corporations for the expenses incurred in collecting and transferring to the commission the surcharge imposed by the commission; (iv) for the general administration of the program; (v) to train persons in the use of telecommunications devices; and (vi) by the commission to contract, in compliance with Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, with: (A) an institution within the state system of higher education listed in Section 53B-1-102 for a program approved by the Board of Regents that trains persons to qualify as certified interpreters; or (B) the Division of Services to the Deaf and Hard of Hearing for a program that trains persons to qualify as certified interpreters.

(c) (i) The commission shall make rules under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah

2550 Administrative Rulemaking Act, for the administration of money under Subsection (5)(b)(vi). 2551 (ii) In the initial rulemaking to determine the administration of money under 2552 Subsection (5)(b)(vi), the commission shall give notice and hold a public hearing. 2553 (d) Money received by the commission under Subsection (4) is nonlapsing. 2554 (6) (a) The telephone surcharge need not be collected by a telecommunications 2555 corporation if the amount collected would be less than the actual administrative costs of the 2556 collection. (b) If Subsection (6)(a) applies, the telecommunications corporation shall submit to the 2557 2558 commission, in lieu of the revenue from the surcharge collection, a breakdown of the 2559 anticipated costs and the expected revenue from the collection, showing that the costs exceed 2560 the revenue. (7) The commission shall solicit the advice, counsel, and physical assistance of 2561 2562 severely hearing or speech impaired persons and the organizations serving them in the design 2563 and implementation of the program. 2564 Section 54. Section **62A-1-108.5** is amended to read: 2565 62A-1-108.5. Mental illness and intellectual disability examinations --Responsibilities of the department. 2566 2567 (1) In accomplishing its duties to conduct mental illness and intellectual disability examinations under Title 77, Utah Code of Criminal Procedure, the department shall proceed 2568 2569 as outlined in this section and within appropriations authorized by the Legislature. The 2570 executive director may delegate the executive director's responsibilities under this section to one or more divisions within the department. 2571 2572 (2) When the department is ordered by the court to conduct a mental illness or 2573 intellectual disability examination, the executive director shall: 2574 (a) direct that the examination be performed at the Utah State Hospital; or 2575 (b) designate at least one examiner, selected under Subsection (3), to examine the

(3) The department shall establish criteria, in consultation with the Commission on

defendant in the defendant's current custody or status.

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2578 Criminal and Juvenile Justice, and shall contract with persons or organizations to conduct 2579 mental illness and intellectual disability examinations under Subsection (2)(b). In making this 2580 selection, the department shall follow the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah 2581 Procurement Code. 2582 (4) Nothing in this section prohibits the executive director, at the request of defense 2583 counsel or a prosecuting attorney in a criminal proceeding under Title 77, Utah Code of 2584 Criminal Procedure, and for good cause shown, from proposing a person who has not been previously selected under Subsection (3) to contract with the department to conduct the 2585 2586 examination. In selecting that person, the criteria of the department established under 2587 Subsection (3) and the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, shall 2588 be met. 2589 Section 55. Section **62A-3-104** is amended to read: 2590 62A-3-104. Authority of division. (1) The division is the sole state agency, as defined by the Older Americans Act of 2591 2592 1965, 42 U.S.C. 3001 et seg., to: 2593 (a) serve as an effective and visible advocate for the aging and adult population of this 2594 state; 2595 (b) develop and administer a state plan under the policy direction of the board; and 2596 (c) take primary responsibility for state activities relating to provisions of the Older 2597 Americans Act of 1965, as amended. 2598 (2) (a) The division has authority to designate: 2599 (i) planning and service areas for the state; and 2600 (ii) an area agency on aging within each planning and service area to design and implement a comprehensive and coordinated system of services and programs for the aged 2601 2602 within appropriations from the Legislature. 2603 (b) Designation as an area agency on aging may be withdrawn: 2604 (i) upon request of the area agency on aging; or 2605 (ii) upon noncompliance with the provisions of the:

2000	(A) Older Americans Act of 1905, 42 U.S.C. 5001 et seq.;
2607	(B) federal regulations enacted under the Older Americans Act of 1965, 42 U.S.C.
2608	3001 et seq.;
2609	(C) provisions of this chapter; or
2610	(D) rules, policies, or procedures established by the division.
2611	(3) (a) The division has the authority to designate:
2612	(i) planning and service areas for the state; and
2613	(ii) subject to Subsection (3)(b), an area agency on high risk adults within each
2614	planning and service area to design and implement a comprehensive and coordinated system of
2615	case management and programs for high risk adults within appropriations from the Legislature.
2616	(b) For purposes of Subsection (3)(a)(ii), before October 1, 1998, the division shall
2617	designate as the area agency on high risk adults in a planning and service area:
2618	(i) the area agency on aging that operates within the same geographic area if that
2619	agency requests, before July 1, 1998, to expand that agency's current contract with the division
2620	to include the responsibility of:
2621	(A) being the area agency on high risk adults; or
2622	(B) operating the area agency on high risk adults:
2623	(I) through joint cooperation with one or more existing area agencies on aging; and
2624	(II) without reducing geographical coverage in any service area; or
2625	(ii) a public or private nonprofit agency or office if the area agency on aging that
2626	operates within the same geographic area has not made a request in accordance with Subsection
2627	(3)(b)(i).
2628	(c) (i) Area agencies on high risk adults shall be in operation before July 1, 1999.
2629	(ii) The division's efforts to establish area agencies on high risk adults shall start with
2630	counties with a population of more than 150,000 people.
2631	(d) Designation as an area agency on high risk adults may be withdrawn:
2632	(i) upon request by the area agency; or
2633	(ii) upon noncompliance with:

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(A) state law;

2635	(B) federal law; or
2636	(C) rules, policies, or procedures established by the division.
2637	(4) (a) The division may, by following the procedures and requirements of Title 63J,
2638	Chapter 5, Federal Funds Procedures:
2639	(i) seek federal grants, loans, or participation in federal programs; and
2640	(ii) receive and distribute state and federal funds for the division's programs and
2641	services to the aging and adult populations of the state.
2642	(b) The division may not disburse public funds to a personal care attendant as payment
2643	for personal services rendered to an aged person or high risk adult, except as provided in
2644	Section 62A-3-104.3.
2645	(5) The division has authority to establish, either directly or by contract, programs of
2646	advocacy, monitoring, evaluation, technical assistance, and public education to enhance the
2647	quality of life for aging and adult citizens of the state.
2648	(6) In accordance with the rules of the division and Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah
2649	Procurement Code, the division may contract with:
2650	(a) the governing body of an area agency to provide a comprehensive program of
2651	services; or
2652	(b) public and private entities for special services.
2653	(7) The division has authority to provide for collection, compilation, and dissemination
2654	of information, statistics, and reports relating to issues facing aging and adult citizens.
2655	(8) The division has authority to prepare and submit reports regarding the operation
2656	and administration of the division to the department, the Legislature, and the governor, as
2657	requested.
2658	(9) The division shall:
2659	(a) implement and enforce policies established by the board governing all aspects of
2660	the division's programs for aging and adult persons in the state;
2661	(b) in order to ensure compliance with all applicable state and federal statutes, policies,

2662	and procedures, monitor and evaluate programs provided by or under contract with:
2663	(i) the division;
2664	(ii) area agencies; and
2665	(iii) an entity that receives funds from an area agency;
2666	(c) examine expenditures of public funds;
2667	(d) withhold funds from programs based on contract noncompliance;
2668	(e) review and approve plans of area agencies in order to ensure:
2669	(i) compliance with division policies; and
2670	(ii) a statewide comprehensive program;
2671	(f) in order to further programs for aging and adult persons and prevent duplication of
2672	services, promote and establish cooperative relationships with:
2673	(i) state and federal agencies;
2674	(ii) social and health agencies;
2675	(iii) education and research organizations; and
2676	(iv) other related groups;
2677	(g) advocate for the aging and adult populations;
2678	(h) promote and conduct research on the problems and needs of aging and adult
2679	persons;
2680	(i) submit recommendations for changes in policies, programs, and funding to the:
2681	(i) governor; and
2682	(ii) Legislature; and
2683	(j) (i) accept contributions to and administer the funds contained in the "Out and
2684	About" Homebound Transportation Assistance Fund created in Section 62A-3-110; and
2685	(ii) make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
2686	Rulemaking Act, to facilitate the administration of the "Out and About" Homebound
2687	Transportation Assistance Fund in accordance with Section 62A-3-110.
2688	Section 56. Section 62A-3-104.1 is amended to read:
2689	62A-3-104.1. Powers and duties of area agencies.

2690	(1) An area agency that provides services to an aged person, or a high risk adult shall
2691	within the area agency's respective jurisdiction:
2692	(a) advocate by monitoring, evaluating, and providing input on all policies, programs,
2693	hearings, and levies that affect a person described in this Subsection (1);
2694	(b) design and implement a comprehensive and coordinated system of services within a
2695	designated planning and service area;
2696	(c) conduct periodic reviews and evaluations of needs and services;
2697	(d) prepare and submit to the division plans for funding and service delivery for
2698	services within the designated planning and service area;
2699	(e) establish, either directly or by contract, programs licensed under Chapter 2,
2700	Licensure of Programs and Facilities;
2701	(f) (i) appoint an area director;
2702	(ii) prescribe the area director's duties; and
2703	(iii) provide adequate and qualified staff to carry out the area plan described in
2704	Subsection (1)(d);
2705	(g) establish rules not contrary to policies of the board and rules of the division,
2706	regulating local services and facilities;
2707	(h) operate other services and programs funded by sources other than those
2708	administered by the division;
2709	(i) establish mechanisms to provide direct citizen input, including an area agency
2710	advisory council with a majority of members who are eligible for services from the area
2711	agency;
2712	(j) establish fee schedules; and
2713	(k) comply with the requirements and procedures of:
2714	(i) Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act; and
2715	(ii) Title 51, Chapter 2a, Accounting Reports from Political Subdivisions, Interlocal
2716	Organizations, and Other Local Entities Act.
2717	(2) Before disbursing any public funds, an area agency shall require that all entities

2718	receiving any public funds agree in writing that:
2719	(a) the division may examine the entity's program and financial records; and
2720	(b) the auditor of the local area agency may examine and audit the entity's program and
2721	financial records, if requested by the local area agency.
2722	(3) An area agency on aging may not disburse public funds to a personal care attendant
2723	as payment for personal services rendered to an aged person or high risk adult, except as
2724	provided in Section 62A-3-104.3.
2725	(4) (a) For the purpose of providing services pursuant to this part, a local area agency
2726	may receive:
2727	(i) property;
2728	(ii) grants;
2729	(iii) gifts;
2730	(iv) supplies;
2731	(v) materials;
2732	(vi) any benefit derived from the items described in Subsections (4)(a)(i) through (v);
2733	and
2734	(vii) contributions.
2735	(b) If a gift is conditioned upon the gift's use for a specified service or program, the gift
2736	shall be used for the specific service or program.
2737	(5) (a) Area agencies shall award all public funds in compliance with:
2738	(i) the requirements of Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code; or
2739	(ii) a county procurement ordinance that requires procurement procedures similar to
2740	those described in Subsection (5)(a)(i).
2741	(b) (i) If all initial bids on a project are rejected, the area agency shall publish a new
2742	invitation to bid.
2743	(ii) If no satisfactory bid is received by the area agency described in Subsection

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(5)(b)(i), when the bids received from the second invitation are opened the area agency may

execute a contract without requiring competitive bidding.

2746	(c) (i) An area agency need not comply with the procurement provisions of this section
2747	when it disburses public funds to another governmental entity.
2748	(ii) For purposes of this Subsection (5)(c), "governmental entity" means any political
2749	subdivision or institution of higher education of the state.
2750	(d) (i) Contracts awarded by an area agency shall be for a:
2751	(A) fixed amount; and
2752	(B) limited period.
2753	(ii) The contracts described in Subsection (5)(d)(i) may be modified due to changes in
2754	available funding for the same contract purpose without competition.
2755	(6) Local area agencies shall comply with:
2756	(a) applicable state and federal:
2757	(i) statutes;
2758	(ii) policies; and
2759	(iii) audit requirements; and
2760	(b) directives resulting from an audit described in Subsection (6)(a)(iii).
2761	Section 57. Section 62A-14-109 is amended to read:
2762	62A-14-109. Contract for services.
2763	(1) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, the office
2764	may contract with one or more providers to perform guardian and conservator duties.
2765	(2) The office shall review and monitor the services provided by a contract provider to
2766	a ward for whom the office has been appointed guardian or conservator.
2767	Section 58. Section 63A-5-205 is amended to read:
2768	63A-5-205. Contracting powers of director Retainage Health insurance
2769	coverage.
2770	(1) As used in this section:
2771	(a) "Capital developments" has the same meaning as provided in Section 63A-5-104.
2772	(b) "Capital improvements" has the same meaning as provided in Section 63A-5-104.
2773	(c) "Employee" means an "employee," "worker," or "operative" as defined in Section

2774	34A-2-104 who:
2775	(i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and
2776	(ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance which
2777	may not exceed the first day of the calendar month following 90 days from the date of hire.
2778	(d) "Health benefit plan" has the same meaning as provided in Section 31A-1-301.
2779	(e) "Qualified health insurance coverage" is as defined in Section 26-40-115.
2780	(f) "Subcontractor" has the same meaning provided for in Section 63A-5-208.
2781	(2) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, the director
2782	may:
2783	(a) subject to Subsection (3), enter into contracts for any work or professional services
2784	which the division or the State Building Board may do or have done; and
2785	(b) as a condition of any contract for architectural or engineering services, prohibit the
2786	architect or engineer from retaining a sales or agent engineer for the necessary design work.
2787	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), this Subsection (3) applies to all design
2788	or construction contracts entered into by the division or the State Building Board on or after
2789	July 1, 2009, and:
2790	(i) applies to a prime contractor if the prime contract is in the amount of \$1,500,000 or
2791	greater; and
2792	(ii) applies to a subcontractor if the subcontract is in the amount of \$750,000 or greater.
2793	(b) This Subsection (3) does not apply:
2794	(i) if the application of this Subsection (3) jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;
2795	(ii) if the contract is a sole source contract;
2796	(iii) if the contract is an emergency procurement; or
2797	(iv) to a change order as defined in Section [63G-6-103] 63G-6a-103, or a modification
2798	to a contract, when the contract does not meet the threshold required by Subsection (3)(a).
2799	(c) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to
2800	circumvent the requirements of Subsection (3)(a) is guilty of an infraction.

(d) (i) A contractor subject to Subsection (3)(a) shall demonstrate to the director that

the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the contractor's employees and the employees' dependents.

- (ii) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (3)(a), the contractor shall demonstrate to the director that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees' dependents.
- (e) (i) (A) A contractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (3)(d)(i) during the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules adopted by the division under Subsection (3)(f).
- (B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to meet the requirements of Subsection (3)(d)(ii).
- (ii) (A) A subcontractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (3)(d)(ii) during the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules adopted by the division under Subsection (3)(f).
- (B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to meet the requirements of Subsection (3)(d)(i).
 - (f) The division shall adopt administrative rules:
 - (i) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
- 2820 (ii) in coordination with:

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- 2821 (A) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 19-1-206;
- 2822 (B) the Department of Natural Resources in accordance with Section 79-2-404;
- 2823 (C) a public transit district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-818.5;
- (D) the State Capitol Preservation Board in accordance with Section 63C-9-403;
- 2825 (E) the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section 72-6-107.5; and
- 2826 (F) the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and
- 2827 (iii) which establish:
- 2828 (A) the requirements and procedures a contractor must follow to demonstrate to the director compliance with this Subsection (3) which shall include:

2830	(I) that a contractor will not have to demonstrate compliance with Subsection (3)(d)(i)
2831	or (ii) more than twice in any 12-month period; and
2832	(II) that the actuarially equivalent determination required for the qualified health
2833	insurance coverage in Subsection (1) is met by the contractor if the contractor provides the
2834	department or division with a written statement of actuarial equivalency from either:
2835	(Aa) the Utah Insurance Department;
2836	(Bb) an actuary selected by the contractor or the contractor's insurer; or
2837	(Cc) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
2838	rates;
2839	(B) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally
2840	violates the provisions of this Subsection (3), which may include:
2841	(I) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into
2842	future contracts with the state upon the first violation;
2843	(II) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future
2844	contracts with the state upon the second violation;
2845	(III) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with
2846	Section [63G-6-804] 63G-6a-904 upon the third or subsequent violation; and
2847	(IV) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to
2848	purchase qualified health insurance coverage for an employee and the dependents of an
2849	employee of the contractor or subcontractor who was not offered qualified health insurance
2850	coverage during the duration of the contract; and
2851	(C) a website on which the department shall post the benchmark for the qualified
2852	health insurance coverage identified in Subsection (1)(e).
2853	(g) (i) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (3)(f)(iii), a contractor or
2854	subcontractor who intentionally violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the
2855	employee for health care costs that would have been covered by qualified health insurance
2856	coverage.
2857	(ii) An employer has an affirmative defense to a cause of action under Subsection

2858	(3)(g)(i) if:
2859	(A) the employer relied in good faith on a written statement of actuarial equivalency
2860	provided by:
2861	(I) an actuary; or
2862	(II) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
2863	rates; or
2864	(B) the department determines that compliance with this section is not required under
2865	the provisions of Subsection (3)(b).
2866	(iii) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to
2867	enforce the provisions of this Subsection (3)(g).
2868	(h) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the
2869	Medicaid Restricted Account created by Section 26-18-402.
2870	(i) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide qualified health insurance
2871	coverage as required by this section:
2872	(i) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror,
2873	or contractor under Section [63G-6-801] 63G-6a-1603 or any other provision in Title 63G,
2874	Chapter [6, Part 8, Legal and Contractual Remedies] 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
2875	(ii) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or
2876	contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design
2877	or construction.
2878	(4) The judgment of the director as to the responsibility and qualifications of a bidder
2879	is conclusive, except in case of fraud or bad faith.
2880	(5) The division shall make all payments to the contractor for completed work in
2881	accordance with the contract and pay the interest specified in the contract on any payments that
2882	are late.
2883	(6) If any payment on a contract with a private contractor to do work for the division or
2884	the State Building Board is retained or withheld, it shall be retained or withheld and released as

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provided in Section 13-8-5.

2886	Section 59. Section 63A-5-208 is amended to read:
2887	63A-5-208. Definitions Certain public construction bids to list subcontractors
2888	Changing subcontractors Bidders as subcontractors Dispute resolution process
2889	Penalties.
2890	(1) As used in this section:
2891	(a) "First-tier subcontractor" means a subcontractor who contracts directly with the
2892	prime contractor.
2893	(b) "Subcontractor" means any person or entity under contract with a contractor or
2894	another subcontractor to provide services or labor for the construction, installation, or repair of
2895	an improvement to real property.
2896	(c) "Subcontractor" includes a trade contractor or specialty contractor.
2897	(d) "Subcontractor" does not include suppliers who provide only materials, equipment,
2898	or supplies to a contractor or subcontractor.
2899	(2) The director shall apply the provisions of this section to achieve fair and
2900	competitive bidding and to discourage bid-shopping by contractors.
2901	(3) (a) (i) (A) On each public construction project, the director shall require the
2902	apparent lowest three bidders to submit a list of their first-tier subcontractors indicating each
2903	subcontractor's name, bid amount, and other information required by rule.
2904	(B) Other bidders who are not one of the apparent lowest three bidders may also
2905	submit a list of their first-tier subcontractors containing the information required by this
2906	Subsection (3).
2907	(C) The director may not consider any bid submitted by a bidder if the bidder fails to
2908	submit a subcontractor list meeting the requirements of this section.
2909	(ii) On projects where the contractor's total bid is less than \$500,000, subcontractors
2910	whose bid is less than \$20,000 need not be listed.
2911	(iii) On projects where the contractor's total bid is \$500,000 or more, subcontractors
2912	whose bid is less than \$35,000 need not be listed.
2913	(b) (i) The bidders shall submit this list within 24 hours after the bid opening time, not

2914	including Saturdays, Sundays, and state holidays.
2915	(ii) This list does not limit the director's right to authorize a change in the listing of any
2916	subcontractor.
2917	(c) The bidders shall verify that all subcontractors listed as part of their bids are
2918	licensed as required by state law.
2919	(d) Twenty-four hours after the bid opening, the contractor may change the contractor's
2920	subcontractors only after:
2921	(i) receiving permission from the director; and
2922	(ii) establishing that:
2923	(A) the change is in the best interest of the state; and
2924	(B) the contractor establishes reasons for the change that meet the standards established
2925	by the State Building Board.
2926	(e) If the director approves any changes in subcontractors that result in a net lower
2927	contract price for subcontracted work, the total of the prime contract may be reduced to reflect
2928	the changes.
2929	(4) (a) A bidder may list himself as a subcontractor when the bidder is currently
2930	licensed to perform the portion of the work for which the bidder lists himself as a subcontractor
2931	and:
2932	(i) the bidder intends to perform the work of a subcontractor himself; or
2933	(ii) the bidder intends to obtain a subcontractor to perform the work at a later date
2934	because the bidder was unable to:
2935	(A) obtain a bid from a qualified subcontractor; or
2936	(B) obtain a bid from a qualified subcontractor at a cost that the bidder considers to be
2937	reasonable.
2938	(b) (i) When the bidder intends to perform the work of a subcontractor himself, the
2939	director may, by written request, require that the bidder provide the director with information
2940	indicating the bidder's:

(A) previous experience in the type of work to be performed; and

2942	(B) qualifications for performing the work.
2943	(ii) The bidder must respond in writing within five business days of receiving the
2944	director's written request.
2945	(iii) If the bidder's submitted information causes the director to reasonably believe that
2946	self-performance of the portion of the work by the bidder is likely to yield a substandard
2947	finished product, the director shall:
2948	(A) require the bidder to use a subcontractor for the portion of the work in question and
2949	obtain the subcontractor bid under the supervision of the director; or
2950	(B) reject the bidder's bid.
2951	(c) (i) When the bidder intends to obtain a subcontractor to perform the work at a later
2952	date, the bidder shall provide documentation with the subcontractor list describing:
2953	(A) the bidder's efforts to obtain a bid of a qualified subcontractor at a reasonable cost;
2954	and
2955	(B) why the bidder was unable to obtain a qualified subcontractor bid.
2956	(ii) If the bidder who intends to obtain a subcontractor to perform the work at a later
2957	date is awarded a contract, the director shall supervise the bidder's efforts to obtain a qualified
2958	subcontractor bid.
2959	(iii) The director may not adjust the amount of the contract awarded in order to reflect
2960	the actual amount of the subcontractor's bid.
2961	(5) The division may not disclose any subcontractor bid amounts obtained under this
2962	section until the division has awarded the project to a contractor.
2963	(6) (a) The director shall, in consultation with the State Building Board, prepare draft
2964	rules establishing a process for resolving disputes involved with contracts under the division's
2965	procurement authority.
2966	(b) The draft rules shall be presented to the Government Operations Interim Committee
2967	for review, comment, and recommendations before August 31, 2004.
2968	(c) The director shall consider, and the rules may include:

(i) requirements regarding preliminary resolution efforts between the parties directly

2970	involved with the dispute;
2971	(ii) requirements for the filing of claims, including notification, timeframes, and
2972	documentation;
2973	(iii) identification of the types of costs eligible for allocation and a method for
2974	allocating costs among the parties to the dispute;
2975	(iv) required time periods, not to exceed 60 days, for the resolution of the claim;
2976	(v) provision for an independent hearing officer, panel, or arbitrator to extend the time
2977	period for resolution of the claim by not to exceed 60 additional days for good cause;
2978	(vi) provision for the extension of required time periods if the claimant agrees;
2979	(vii) requirements that decisions be issued in writing;
2980	(viii) provisions for administrative appeals of the decision;
2981	(ix) provisions for the timely payment of claims after resolution of the dispute,
2982	including any appeals;
2983	(x) a requirement that the final determination resulting from the dispute resolution
2984	process provided for in the rules is a final agency action subject to judicial review as provided
2985	in Sections 63G-4-401 and 63G-4-402;
2986	(xi) a requirement that a claim or dispute that does not include a monetary claim
2987	against the division or its agents is not limited to the dispute resolution process provided for in
2988	this Subsection (6);
2989	(xii) requirements for claims and disputes to be eligible for this dispute resolution
2990	process;
2991	(xiii) the use of an independent hearing officer, panel, arbitration, or mediation; and
2992	(xiv) the circumstances under which a subcontractor may file a claim directly with the
2993	division.
2994	(d) Persons pursuing claims under the process required by this Subsection (6):
2995	(i) are bound by the decision reached under this process unless the decision is properly
2996	appealed; and

(ii) may not pursue claims or disputes under the dispute resolution process established

2998	in Sections [63G-6-805 through 63G-6-814] <u>63G-6a-1602 through 63G-6a-1802</u> .
2999	(7) In addition to all other reasons allowed by law or rule, the director may reject all
3000	bids if none of the bidders whose bid is within the budget of the project submit a subcontractor
3001	list that meets the requirements of this section.
3002	(8) Any violation of this section, or any fraudulent misrepresentation by a contractor,
3003	subcontractor, or supplier, may be grounds for:
3004	(a) the contractor, subcontractor, or supplier to be suspended or debarred by the
3005	director; or
3006	(b) the contractor or subcontractor to be disciplined by the Division of Professional and
3007	Occupational Licensing.
3008	Section 60. Section 63A-5-302 is amended to read:
3009	63A-5-302. Leasing responsibilities of the director.
3010	(1) The director shall:
3011	(a) lease, in the name of the division, all real property space to be occupied by an
3012	agency;
3013	(b) in leasing space, comply with:
3014	(i) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
3015	(ii) any legislative mandates contained in the appropriations act or other specific
3016	legislation;
3017	(c) apply the criteria contained in Subsection (1)(e) to prepare a report evaluating each
3018	high-cost lease at least 12 months before it expires;
3019	(d) evaluate each lease under the division's control and apply the criteria contained in
3020	Subsection (1)(e), when appropriate, to evaluate those leases;
3021	(e) in evaluating leases:
3022	(i) determine whether or not the lease is cost-effective when the needs of the agency to
3023	be housed in the leased facilities are considered;
3024	(ii) determine whether or not another option such as construction, use of other
3025	state-owned space, or a lease-purchase agreement is more cost-effective than leasing;

3026	(iii) determine whether or not the significant lease terms are cost-effective and provide
3027	the state with sufficient flexibility and protection from liability;
3028	(iv) compare the proposed lease payments to the current market rates, and evaluate
3029	whether or not the proposed lease payments are reasonable under current market conditions;
3030	(v) compare proposed significant lease terms to the current market, and recommend
3031	whether or not these proposed terms are reasonable under current market conditions; and
3032	(vi) if applicable, recommend that the lease or modification to a lease be approved or
3033	disapproved;
3034	(f) based upon the evaluation, include in the report recommendations that identify
3035	viable alternatives to:
3036	(i) make the lease cost-effective; or
3037	(ii) meet the agency's needs when the lease expires; and
3038	(g) upon request, provide the information included in the report to:
3039	(i) the agency benefitted by the lease; and
3040	(ii) the Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst.
3041	(2) The director may:
3042	(a) subject to legislative appropriation, enter into facility leases with terms of up to 10
3043	years when the length of the lease's term is economically advantageous to the state; and
3044	(b) with the approval of the State Building Board and subject to legislative
3045	appropriation, enter into facility leases with terms of more than 10 years when the length of the
3046	lease's term is economically advantageous to the state.
3047	Section 61. Section 63B-2-102 is amended to read:
3048	63B-2-102. Maximum amount Projects authorized.
3049	(1) The total amount of bonds issued under this part may not exceed \$80,000,000.
3050	(2) (a) Proceeds from the issuance of bonds shall be provided to the division to provide
3051	funds to pay all or part of the cost of acquiring and constructing the projects listed in this
3052	Subsection (2).
3053	(b) These costs may include the cost of acquiring land interests in land easements and

rights-of-way, improving sites, and acquiring, constructing, equipping, and furnishing facilities and all structures, roads, parking facilities, utilities, and improvements necessary, incidental, or convenient to the facilities, interest estimated to accrue on these bonds during the period to be covered by construction of the projects plus a period of six months after the end of the construction period and all related engineering, architectural, and legal fees.

(c) For the division, proceeds shall be provided for the following:

3060	CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS

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3061	1	Alterations, Repairs, and Improvements	\$8,413,900
3062	TOTAL II	MPROVEMENTS	\$8,413,900

3063 CAPITAL FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION

3064 ESTIMATED

OPERATIONS

AND

	PROJECT	PROJECT	AMOUNT	MAINTENANCE
	PRIORITY	DESCRIPTION	FUNDED	COSTS
3065	1	Corrections - Northern Utah	\$2,729,700	\$158,000
		Community Corrections Center Phase II		
3066	2	University of Utah	\$10,200,000	\$881,600
		Marriot Library Phase II		
3067	3	Ogden Courts Building Phase II	\$12,096,000	\$340,000
3068	4	Utah National Guard -	\$397,800	\$70,500
		Southeast Utah Armory Phase II		
3069	5	Southern Utah University	\$7,004,400	\$427,000
		Library Phase II		
3070	6	Utah Valley Special Events	\$11,845,300	\$536,900
		Center Phase II		

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3071	7	Salt Lake Community College - Land	\$1,300,000	\$0
3072	8	Tax Commission Building	\$14,224,000	\$812,000
3073	9	Dixie College Business Building	\$2,823,300	\$187,800
3074	10	Salt Lake Community College	\$4,009,500	\$257,600
		South City 3rd Floor and Boiler		
3075	11	Public Education -	\$3,456,100	\$124,800
		Deaf and Blind Classrooms		
3076		TOTAL CONSTRUCTION	\$70,086,100	
3077		TOTAL IMPROVEMENTS AND	\$78,500,000	
		CONSTRUCTION		
3078	(d) H	For purposes of this section, operations and m	naintenance costs:	
3079	(i) an	re estimates only;		
3080	(ii) may include any operations and maintenance costs already funded in existing			
3081	agency budgets; and			
3082	(iii) are not commitments by this Legislature or future Legislatures to fund those			
3083	operations and maintenance costs.			
3084	(3) (8	a) The amounts funded as listed in Subsection	n (2) are estimates or	nly and do not
3085	constitute a	limitation on the amount that may be expended	ed for any project.	
3086	(b) T	The board may revise these estimates and red	istribute the amount of	estimated for a
3087	project amor	ng the projects authorized.		
3088	(c) T	The commission, by resolution and in consult	ation with the board,	may delete one
3089	or more proj	ects from this list if the inclusion of that proj	ect or those projects i	in the list could
3090	be construed	to violate state law or federal law or regulati	on.	
3091	(4) (a) The division may enter into agreements related to these projects before the			
3092		oceeds of bonds issued under this chapter.		
3093	(b) 7	The division shall make those expenditures fr	om unexpended and	unencumbered

building funds already appropriated to the Capital Projects Fund.

(c) The division shall reimburse the Capital Projects Fund upon receipt of the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter.

- (d) The commission may, by resolution, make any statement of intent relating to that reimbursement that is necessary or desirable to comply with federal tax law.
- (5) (a) For those projects for which only partial funding is provided in Subsection (2), it is the intent of the Legislature that the balance necessary to complete the projects be addressed by future Legislatures, either through appropriations or through the issuance or sale of bonds.
- (b) For those phased projects, the division may enter into contracts for amounts not to exceed the anticipated full project funding but may not allow work to be performed on those contracts in excess of the funding already authorized by the Legislature.
- (c) Those contracts shall contain a provision for termination of the contract for the convenience of the state as required by Section [63G-6-601] 63G-6a-1202.
- (d) It is also the intent of the Legislature that this authorization to the division does not bind future Legislatures to fund projects initiated from this authorization.
 - Section 62. Section **63B-3-102** is amended to read:

63B-3-102. Maximum amount -- Projects authorized.

- (1) The total amount of bonds issued under this part may not exceed \$64,600,000.
- (2) (a) Proceeds from the issuance of bonds shall be provided to the division to provide funds to pay all or part of the cost of acquiring and constructing the projects listed in this Subsection (2).
- (b) These costs may include the cost of acquiring land, interests in land, easements and rights-of-way, improving sites, and acquiring, constructing, equipping, and furnishing facilities and all structures, roads, parking facilities, utilities, and improvements necessary, incidental, or convenient to the facilities, interest estimated to accrue on these bonds during the period to be covered by construction of the projects plus a period of six months after the end of the construction period and all related engineering, architectural, and legal fees.
 - (c) For the division, proceeds shall be provided for the following:

3123				
3124	1	\$5,000,000		
3125	TOTAL IMI	PROVEMENTS		\$5,000,000
3126		CAPITAL AND ECONOMIC DEV	VELOPMENT	
3127				ESTIMATED OPERATIONS
				AND
	PRIORITY	PROJECT	AMOUNT	MAINTENANCE
	PROJECT	DESCRIPTION	FUNDED	COSTS
3128	1	University of Utah	\$13,811,500	\$881,600
		Marriott Library Phase III (Final)		
3129	2	Bridgerland Applied Technology Center	\$2,400,000	\$0
		Utah State University Space		
3130	3	Weber State University -	\$2,332,100	\$9,600
		Heat Plant		
3131	4	Department of Human Services -	\$4,180,000	\$400,000
		Division of Youth Corrections renamed		
		in 2003 to the Division of Juvenile		
		Justice Services		
3132	5	Snow College - Administrative	\$3,885,100	\$224,500
		Services/Student Center		
3133	6	Ogden Weber Applied Technology	\$750,000	\$0
		Center - Metal Trades Building Design		
		and Equipment Purchase		
3134	7	Department of Corrections B-Block	\$1,237,100	\$72,000
		Remodel		

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3135	8	Utah State University - Old Main Phase	\$550,000	\$0
		III Design		
3136	9	Department of Corrections - 144 bed	\$6,700,000	\$168,800
		Uintah Expansion		
3137	10	Southern Utah University	\$5,630,400	\$314,200
		Administrative Services/Student Center		
3138	11	Anasazi Museum	\$760,200	\$8,500
3139	12	Hill Air Force Base - Easements	\$9,500,000	\$0
		Purchase		
3140	13	Signetics Building Remodel	\$2,000,000	\$0
3141	14	Antelope Island Visitors Center	\$750,000	\$30,000
3142	15	State Fair Park - Master Study	\$150,000	\$0
3143	16	Utah National Guard - Draper Land	\$380,800	\$0
3144	17	Davis Applied Technology Center -	\$325,000	\$0
		Design		
3145	18	Palisade State Park - Land and Park	\$800,000	\$0
		Development		
3146	19	Department of Human Services - Cedar	\$80,000	\$0
		City Land		
3147	20	Department of Human Services -	\$163,400	\$0
		Clearfield Land		
3148	21	Electronic technology, equipment, and	\$2,500,000	\$0
		hardware		
3149		PITAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	\$58,885,600	
3150		PROVEMENTS AND CAPITAL	\$ 	
		NOMIC DEVELOPMENT	\$63,885,600	
3151		r purposes of this section, operations and mair	ntenance costs:	
3152		estimates only;	. 1 1 6 1 1:	• ,•
3153 3154	(11) ma	ay include any operations and maintenance cos	sis aiready funded in e	xisting
3154		e not commitments by this Legislature or futures	re Legislatures to fund	those
3156	, ,	1	to Logistatures to fullo	1 11000
3130	operations and	i maintenance costs 114 -		

(3) (a) The amounts funded as listed in Subsection (2) are estimates only and do not constitute a limitation on the amount that may be expended for any project.

- (b) The board may revise these estimates and redistribute the amount estimated for a project among the projects authorized.
- (c) The commission, by resolution and in consultation with the board, may delete one or more projects from this list if the inclusion of that project or those projects in the list could be construed to violate state law or federal law or regulation.
- (4) (a) The division may enter into agreements related to these projects before the receipt of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter.
- (b) The division shall make those expenditures from unexpended and unencumbered building funds already appropriated to the Capital Projects Fund.
- (c) The division shall reimburse the Capital Projects Fund upon receipt of the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter.
- (d) The commission may, by resolution, make any statement of intent relating to that reimbursement that is necessary or desirable to comply with federal tax law.
- (5) (a) For those projects for which only partial funding is provided in Subsection (2), it is the intent of the Legislature that the balance necessary to complete the projects be addressed by future Legislatures, either through appropriations or through the issuance or sale of bonds.
- (b) For those phased projects, the division may enter into contracts for amounts not to exceed the anticipated full project funding but may not allow work to be performed on those contracts in excess of the funding already authorized by the Legislature.

3179 (c) Those contracts shall contain a provision for termination of the contract for the 3180 convenience of the state as required by Section [63G-6-601] 63G-6a-1202. 3181 (d) It is also the intent of the Legislature that this authorization to the division does not 3182 bind future Legislatures to fund projects initiated from this authorization. 3183 Section 63. Section **63B-4-102** is amended to read: 63B-4-102. Maximum amount -- Projects authorized. 3184 3185 (1) The total amount of bonds issued under this part may not exceed \$45,300,000. 3186 (2) (a) Proceeds from the issuance of bonds shall be provided to the division to provide 3187 funds to pay all or part of the cost of acquiring and constructing the projects listed in this 3188 Subsection (2). 3189 (b) These costs may include the cost of acquiring land, interests in land, easements and rights-of-way, improving sites, and acquiring, constructing, equipping, and furnishing facilities 3190 3191 and all structures, roads, parking facilities, utilities, and improvements necessary, incidental, or 3192 convenient to the facilities, interest estimated to accrue on these bonds during the period to be covered by construction of the projects plus a period of six months after the end of the 3193 3194 construction period, and all related engineering, architectural, and legal fees. 3195 (c) For the division, proceeds shall be provided for the following: 3196 **CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS** 3197 Alterations, Repairs, and Improvements \$7,200,000 3198 TOTAL IMPROVEMENTS \$7,200,000 3199 CAPITAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 3200 **ESTIMATED OPERATIONS** AND **PROJECT AMOUNT MAINTENANCE** DESCRIPTION **FUNDED COSTS** \$11,300,000 3201 Corrections - Uinta IVA \$212,800

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3202	Utah County Youth Correctional Facility	\$6,650,000	\$245,000	
3203	Ogden Weber Applied Technology Center -	\$5,161,000	\$176,000	
	Metal Trades			
3204	Project Reserve Fund	\$3,500,000	None	
3205	Weber State University - Browning Center	\$3,300,000	None	
	Remodel			
3206	Heber Wells Building Remodel	\$2,000,000	None	
3207	Higher Education Davis County - Land Purchase	\$1,600,000	None	
3208	National Guard Provo Armory	\$1,500,000	\$128,000	
3209	Department of Natural Resources - Pioneer	\$900,000	\$65,000	
	Trails Visitor Center			
3210	Higher Education Design Projects	\$800,000	Varies depending	
			upon projects	
			selected	
3211	Salt Lake Community College - South Valley	\$300,000	None	
	Planning			
3212	Division of Youth Corrections renamed in 2003	\$120,000	None	
	to the Division of Juvenile Justice Services -			
	Logan Land Purchase			
3213	TOTAL CAPITAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	Γ	\$37,131,000	
3214	TOTAL IMPROVEMENTS AND CAPITAL AND ECO	NOMIC	\$44,331,000	
	DEVELOPMENT			
3215	(d) For purposes of this section, operations and mai	ntenance costs	:	
3216	(i) are estimates only;			
3217	(ii) may include any operations and maintenance co	sts already fun	ded in existing	
3218	agency budgets; and			
3219	(iii) are not commitments by this Legislature or futu	ıre Legislature	s to fund those	

3220	operations	and	maintenance	costs.
2220	operations	ullu	manne	COSCS

- (3) (a) The amounts funded as listed in Subsection (2) are estimates only and do not constitute a limitation on the amount that may be expended for any project.
- (b) The board may revise these estimates and redistribute the amount estimated for a project among the projects authorized.
- (c) The commission, by resolution and in consultation with the board, may delete one or more projects from this list if the inclusion of that project or those projects in the list could be construed to violate state law or federal law or regulation.
- (4) (a) The division may enter into agreements related to these projects before the receipt of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter.
- (b) The division shall make those expenditures from unexpended and unencumbered building funds already appropriated to the Capital Projects Fund.
- (c) The division shall reimburse the Capital Projects Fund upon receipt of the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter.
- (d) The commission may, by resolution, make any statement of intent relating to that reimbursement that is necessary or desirable to comply with federal tax law.
- (5) (a) For those projects for which only partial funding is provided in Subsection (2), it is the intent of the Legislature that the balance necessary to complete the projects be addressed by future Legislatures, either through appropriations or through the issuance or sale of bonds.
- (b) For those phased projects, the division may enter into contracts for amounts not to exceed the anticipated full project funding but may not allow work to be performed on those contracts in excess of the funding already authorized by the Legislature.
- (c) Those contracts shall contain a provision for termination of the contract for the convenience of the state as required by Section [63G-6-601] 63G-6a-1202.
- (d) It is also the intent of the Legislature that this authorization to the division does not bind future Legislatures to fund projects initiated from this authorization.
- Section 64. Section **63B-5-102** is amended to read:

3248	63B-5-102. Maximum amount Projects author	orized.		
3249	(1) The total amount of bonds issued under this part may not exceed \$32,000,000.			
3250	(2) (a) Proceeds from the issuance of bonds shall be	e provided to th	ne division to provide	
3251	funds to pay all or part of the cost of acquiring and constru	cting the projec	ts listed in this	
3252	Subsection (2).			
3253	(b) These costs may include the cost of acquiring l	and, interests in	land, easements and	
3254	rights-of-way, improving sites, and acquiring, constructing	, equipping, and	d furnishing facilities	
3255	and all structures, roads, parking facilities, utilities, and im	provements nec	cessary, incidental, or	
3256	convenient to the facilities, interest estimated to accrue on	these bonds dur	ring the period to be	
3257	covered by construction of the projects plus a period of six	months after th	e end of the	
3258	construction period, and all related engineering, architectur	ral, and legal fee	es.	
3259	(c) For the division, proceeds shall be provided for the following:			
3260	CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS			
3261	Alterations, Repairs, and Improvements		\$7,600,000	
3262	TOTAL IMPROVEMENTS		\$7,600,000	
3263	CAPITAL AND ECONOMIC	DEVELOPMEN	NT	
3264			ESTIMATED	
			OPERATIONS	
			AND	
		AMOUNT	MAINTENANCE	
	PROJECT DESCRIPTION	FUNDED	COSTS	
3265	Corrections - Gunnison (192 Beds)	\$13,970,000	\$210,000	
3266	University of Utah Gardner Hall	\$7,361,000	\$203,900	
3267	Weber State University Davis Campus Land	\$771,000	None	

Purchase

-- Land Purchase

Department of Workforce Services Cedar City

3268

\$148,000

None

3269	College of Eastern Utah Durrant School	\$400,000	None	
	Land Purchase			
3270	State Hospital - Forensic Design (200 beds)	\$750,000	\$575,000	
3271	TOTAL CAPITAL AND ECONOMIC	\$23,400,000		
	DEVELOPMENT			
3272	TOTAL IMPROVEMENTS AND CAPITAL AND	\$31,000,000		
	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT			
3273	(d) For purposes of this section, operations and a	maintenance costs:		
3274	(i) are estimates only;			
3275	(ii) may include any operations and maintenance	costs already funded in	n existing	
3276	agency budgets; and			
3277	(iii) are not commitments by this Legislature or	future Legislatures to fu	and those	
3278	operations and maintenance costs.			
3279	(3) (a) The amounts funded as listed in Subsection (2) are estimates only and do not			
3280	constitute a limitation on the amount that may be expended for any project.			
3281	(b) The board may revise these estimates and redistribute the amount estimated for a			
3282	project among the projects authorized.			
3283	(c) The commission, by resolution and in consultation with the board, may delete one			
3284	or more projects from this list if the inclusion of that pro	ject or those projects in	the list could	
3285	be construed to violate state law or federal law or regular	tion.		
3286	(4) (a) The division may enter into agreements re	elated to these projects	before the	
3287	receipt of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter.			
3288	(b) The division shall make those expenditures f	rom unexpended and u	nencumbered	
3289	building funds already appropriated to the Capital Project	ets Fund.		
3290	(c) The division shall reimburse the Capital Proj	ects Fund upon receipt	of the proceeds	
3291	of bonds issued under this chapter.			
3292	(d) The commission may, by resolution, make an	ny statement of intent re	elating to that	

reimbursement that is necessary or desirable to comply with federal tax law.

- (5) (a) For those projects for which only partial funding is provided in Subsection (2), it is the intent of the Legislature that the balance necessary to complete the projects be addressed by future Legislatures, either through appropriations or through the issuance or sale of bonds.
- (b) For those phased projects, the division may enter into contracts for amounts not to exceed the anticipated full project funding but may not allow work to be performed on those contracts in excess of the funding already authorized by the Legislature.
- (c) Those contracts shall contain a provision for termination of the contract for the convenience of the state as required by Section [63G-6-601] 63G-6a-1202.
- (d) It is also the intent of the Legislature that this authorization to the division does not bind future Legislatures to fund projects initiated from this authorization.

Section 65. Section **63B-6-102** is amended to read:

63B-6-102. Maximum amount -- Projects authorized.

- (1) The total amount of bonds issued under this part may not exceed \$57,000,000.
- (2) (a) Proceeds from the issuance of bonds shall be provided to the division to provide funds to pay all or part of the cost of acquiring and constructing the projects listed in this Subsection (2).
- (b) These costs may include the cost of acquiring land, interests in land, easements and rights-of-way, improving sites, and acquiring, constructing, equipping, and furnishing facilities and all structures, roads, parking facilities, utilities, and improvements necessary, incidental, or convenient to the facilities, interest estimated to accrue on these bonds during the period to be covered by construction of the projects plus a period of six months after the end of the construction period, and all related engineering, architectural, and legal fees.
 - (c) For the division, proceeds shall be provided for the following:

CAPITAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

3319			ESTIMATED
			OPERATIONS
		AMOUNT	AND
	PROJECT DESCRIPTION	FUNDED	MAINTENANCE
3320	Youth Corrections - Carbon / Emery (18 beds)	\$2,298,100	\$70,000
3321	State Hospital - 100 bed Forensic Facility	\$13,800,700	\$320,600
3322	Utah State University - Widtsoe Hall	\$23,986,700	\$750,200
3323	Davis Applied Technology Center - Medical/Health	\$6,344,900	\$144,000
	Tech Addition		
3324	Southern Utah University Physical Education	\$1,100,000	\$456,100
	Building (Design)		
3325	Salt Lake Community College High Technology	\$1,165,000	\$718,500
	Building, 90th So. Campus (Design)		
3326	Department of Natural Resources - Antelope Island	\$3,600,000	None
	Road		
3327	Youth Corrections - Region 1 72 Secured Bed	\$1,500,000	None
	Facility		
3328	Department of Natural Resources - Dead Horse	\$1,350,000	\$5,700
	Point Visitors Center		
3329	TOTAL CAPITAL AND ECONOMIC	\$55,145,400	
	DEVELOPMENT		
3330	(d) For purposes of this section, operations and r	maintenance costs	s:
3331	(i) are estimates only;		
3332	(ii) may include any operations and maintenance	costs already fur	nded in existing
3333	agency budgets; and		
3334	(iii) are not commitments by this Legislature or	future Legislature	es to fund those
3335	operations and maintenance costs.		

3336 (3) (a) The amounts funded as listed in Subsection (2) are estimates only and do not 3337 constitute a limitation on the amount that may be expended for any project. 3338 (b) The board may revise these estimates and redistribute the amount estimated for a 3339 project among the projects authorized. 3340 (c) The commission, by resolution and in consultation with the board, may delete one 3341 or more projects from this list if the inclusion of that project or those projects in the list could 3342 be construed to violate state law or federal law or regulation. 3343 (4) (a) The division may enter into agreements related to these projects before the 3344 receipt of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter. 3345 (b) The division shall make those expenditures from unexpended and unencumbered 3346 building funds already appropriated to the Capital Projects Fund. 3347 (c) The division shall reimburse the Capital Projects Fund upon receipt of the proceeds 3348 of bonds issued under this chapter. (d) The commission may, by resolution, make any statement of intent relating to that 3349 3350 reimbursement that is necessary or desirable to comply with federal tax law. 3351 (5) (a) For those projects for which only partial funding is provided in Subsection (2), 3352 it is the intent of the Legislature that the balance necessary to complete the projects be 3353 addressed by future Legislatures, either through appropriations or through the issuance or sale 3354 of bonds. (b) For those phased projects, the division may enter into contracts for amounts not to 3355 3356 exceed the anticipated full project funding but may not allow work to be performed on those 3357 contracts in excess of the funding already authorized by the Legislature. (c) Those contracts shall contain a provision for termination of the contract for the 3358 3359

- convenience of the state as required by Section [63G-6-601] 63G-6a-1202.
- (d) It is also the intent of the Legislature that this authorization to the division does not bind future Legislatures to fund projects initiated from this authorization.
 - Section 66. Section **63B-6-402** is amended to read:
- 3363 63B-6-402. Maximum amount -- Projects authorized.

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3304	(1) The total amount of bonds issued under this part may not exceed \$9,000,000.
3365	(2) (a) Proceeds from the issuance of bonds shall be provided to the State Tax
3366	Commission to provide funds to pay all or part of the cost of the project described in this
3367	Subsection (2).
3368	(b) These costs may include:
3369	(i) the cost of acquisition, development, and conversion of computer hardware and
3370	software for motor vehicle fee systems and tax collection and accounting systems of the state;
3371	(ii) interest estimated to accrue on these bonds during the period to be covered by that
3372	development and conversion, plus a period of six months following the completion of the
3373	development and conversion; and
3374	(iii) all related engineering, consulting, and legal fees.
3375	(c) For the State Tax Commission, proceeds shall be provided for the following:
3376	PROJECT AMOUNT
	DESCRIPTION FUNDED
3377	UTAX SYSTEMS ACQUISITION AND \$8,500,000
	DEVELOPMENT
3378	(3) The commission, by resolution may decline to issue bonds if the project could be
3379	construed to violate state law or federal law or regulation.
3380	(4) (a) For this project, for which only partial funding is provided in Subsection (2), it
3381	is the intent of the Legislature that the balance necessary to complete the project be addressed
3382	by future Legislatures, either through appropriations or through the issuance or sale of bonds.
3383	(b) The State Tax Commission may enter into contracts for amounts not to exceed the
3384	anticipated full project funding but may not allow work to be performed on those contracts in
3385	excess of the funding already authorized by the Legislature.
3386	(c) Those contracts shall contain a provision for termination of the contract for the
3387	convenience of the state as required by Section [63G-6-601] 63G-6a-1202.
3388	(d) It is also the intent of the Legislature that this authorization to the State Tax
3389	Commission does not bind future Legislatures to fund projects initiated from this authorization.

Section 67. Section **63B-7-102** is amended to read:

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63B-7-102. Maximum amount -- Projects authorized.

- (1) The total amount of bonds issued under this part may not exceed \$33,600,000.
- (2) (a) Proceeds from the issuance of bonds shall be provided to the division to provide funds to pay all or part of the cost of acquiring and constructing the projects listed in this Subsection (2).
- (b) These costs may include the cost of acquiring land, interests in land, easements and rights-of-way, improving sites, and acquiring, constructing, equipping, and furnishing facilities and all structures, roads, parking facilities, utilities, and improvements necessary, incidental, or convenient to the facilities, interest estimated to accrue on these bonds during the period to be covered by construction of the projects plus a period of six months after the end of the construction period, and all related engineering, architectural, and legal fees.

ESTIMATED

(c) For the division, proceeds shall be provided for the following:

2102			ESTEM TIES
			OPERATIONS
	PROJECT	AMOUNT	AND
	DESCRIPTION	FUNDED	MAINTENANCE
3404	Southern Utah University Land Purchase	\$4,600,000	\$0
3405	Salt Lake Community College High Tech Center	\$3,980,700	\$507,900
	- Jordan Campus		
3406	Children's Special Health Care Needs Clinic	\$755,400	\$247,600
3407	Youth Corrections - 2 @ 32 beds	\$419,500	\$276,000
	(Vernal / Logan)		
3408	Corrections - Gunnison 288 bed and Lagoon	\$8,425,600	\$0
	Expansion		
3409	University of Utah - Cowles Building	\$445,500	\$101,700
3410	Utah Valley State College - Technical Building	\$1,166,300	\$391,000

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3411	Sevier Valley Applied Technology Center - Shop	\$3,014,300	\$443,300
	Expansion		
3412	Division of Parks and Recreation Statewide	\$1,000,000	\$22,700
	Restrooms		
3413	Murray Highway Patrol Office	\$2,300,000	\$81,000
3414	Department of Workforce Services - Davis	\$2,780,000	\$128,100
	County Employment Center		
3415	State Hospital - Rampton II	\$1,600,000	\$462,000
3416	Courts - 4th District Land - Provo	\$1,368,000	\$0
3417	Dixie College - Land	\$1,000,000	\$0
3418	TOTAL CAPITAL AND ECONOMIC	\$32,855,300	
	DEVELOPMENT		
3419	(d) For purposes of this section, operations and	l maintenance costs:	
3420	(i) are estimates only;		
3421	(ii) may include any operations and maintenan-	ce costs already funded i	in existing
3422	agency budgets; and		
3423	(iii) are not commitments by this Legislature o	r future Legislatures to f	fund those
3424	operations and maintenance costs.		
3425	(3) (a) The amounts funded as listed in Subsec	tion (2) are estimates on	ly and do not
3426	constitute a limitation on the amount that may be exper-	nded for any project.	
3427	(b) The board may revise these estimates and r	edistribute the amount e	stimated for a
3428	project among the projects authorized.		
3429	(c) The commission, by resolution and in cons	ultation with the board,	may delete one
3430	or more projects from this list if the inclusion of that p	roject or those projects i	n the list could
3431	be construed to violate state law or federal law or regul	lation.	
3432	(4) (a) The division may enter into agreements	related to these projects	before the

receipt of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter.

3434 (b) The division shall make those expenditures from unexpended and unencumbered 3435 building funds already appropriated to the Capital Projects Fund. 3436 (c) The division shall reimburse the Capital Projects Fund upon receipt of the proceeds 3437 of bonds issued under this chapter. 3438 (d) The commission may, by resolution, make any statement of intent relating to that 3439 reimbursement that is necessary or desirable to comply with federal tax law. 3440 (5) (a) For those projects for which only partial funding is provided in Subsection (2), 3441 it is the intent of the Legislature that the balance necessary to complete the projects be 3442 addressed by future Legislatures, either through appropriations or through the issuance or sale 3443 of bonds. 3444 (b) For those phased projects, the division may enter into contracts for amounts not to 3445 exceed the anticipated full project funding but may not allow work to be performed on those 3446 contracts in excess of the funding already authorized by the Legislature. (c) Those contracts shall contain a provision for termination of the contract for the 3447 3448 convenience of the state as required by Section [63G-6-601] 63G-6a-1202. 3449 (d) It is also the intent of the Legislature that this authorization to the division does not 3450 bind future Legislatures to fund projects initiated from this authorization. 3451 Section 68. Section **63B-7-402** is amended to read: 63B-7-402. Maximum amount -- Projects authorized. 3452 3453 (1) The total amount of bonds issued under this part may not exceed \$16,500,000. 3454 (2) (a) Proceeds from the issuance of bonds shall be provided to the State Tax 3455 Commission to provide funds to pay all or part of the cost of the project described in this 3456 Subsection (2). 3457 (b) These costs may include: 3458 (i) the cost of acquisition, development, and conversion of computer hardware and 3459 software for motor vehicle fee systems and tax collection and accounting systems of the state;

(ii) interest estimated to accrue on these bonds during the period to be covered by that

development and conversion, plus a period of six months following the completion of the

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3462 development and conversion; and 3463 (iii) all related engineering, consulting, and legal fees. 3464 (c) For the State Tax Commission, proceeds shall be provided for the following: **PROJECT** 3465 **AMOUNT DESCRIPTION FUNDED** 3466 UTAX SYSTEMS ACQUISITION AND \$15,650,000 **DEVELOPMENT** 3467 (3) The commission, by resolution may decline to issue bonds if the project could be 3468 construed to violate state law or federal law or regulation. 3469 (4) (a) For this project, for which only partial funding is provided in Subsection (2), it 3470 is the intent of the Legislature that the balance necessary to complete the project be addressed 3471 by future Legislatures, either through appropriations or through the issuance or sale of bonds. 3472 (b) The State Tax Commission may enter into contracts for amounts not to exceed the 3473 anticipated full project funding but may not allow work to be performed on those contracts in 3474 excess of the funding already authorized by the Legislature. 3475 (c) Those contracts shall contain a provision for termination of the contract for the 3476 convenience of the state as required by Section [63G-6-601] 63G-6a-1202. 3477 (d) It is also the intent of the Legislature that this authorization to the State Tax 3478 Commission does not bind future Legislatures to fund projects initiated from this authorization. 3479 Section 69. Section **63B-8-102** is amended to read: 3480 63B-8-102. Maximum amount -- Projects authorized. 3481 (1) The total amount of bonds issued under this part may not exceed \$48,500,000. 3482 (2) (a) Proceeds from the issuance of bonds shall be provided to the division to provide 3483 funds to pay all or part of the cost of acquiring and constructing the projects listed in this 3484 Subsection (2). 3485 (b) These costs may include the cost of acquiring land, interests in land, easements and 3486 rights-of-way, improving sites, and acquiring, constructing, equipping, and furnishing facilities

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and all structures, roads, parking facilities, utilities, and improvements necessary, incidental, or

convenient to the facilities, interest estimated to accrue on these bonds during the period to be covered by construction of the projects plus a period of six months after the end of the construction period, and all related engineering, architectural, and legal fees.

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3491	(c) For the division, proceeds shall be provided f	for the following:	
3492			ESTIMATED
			OPERATIONS
	PROJECT	AMOUNT	AND
	DESCRIPTION	FUNDED	MAINTENANCE
3493	Southern Utah University - Physical Education	\$2,493,200	\$447,744
	Building		
3494	Utah Valley State College - Information Sciences	\$29,000,000	\$721,875
	Building		
3495	University of Utah - Cowles Building Renovation	\$7,268,500	\$140,217
3496	Vernal District Court	\$4,539,500	\$149,989
3497	Salt Lake Community College - Applied Education	\$4,200,000	\$281,784
	Center		
3498	TOTAL CAPITAL AND ECONOMIC	\$47,501,200	
	DEVELOPMENT		
3499	(d) For purposes of this section, operations and n	naintenance costs	:
3500	(i) are estimates only;		
3501	(ii) may include any operations and maintenance	costs already fun	ded in existing
3502	agency budgets; and		
3503	(iii) are not commitments by this Legislature or f	uture Legislature	s to fund those
3504	operations and maintenance costs.		
3505	(3) (a) The amounts funded as listed in Subsection	on (2) are estimate	es only and do not
3506	constitute a limitation on the amount that may be expend	ed for any project	t.
3507	(b) The board may revise these estimates and red	listribute the amo	unt estimated for a

3508 project among the projects authorized.

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- (c) The commission, by resolution and in consultation with the board, may delete one or more projects from this list if the inclusion of that project or those projects in the list could be construed to violate state law or federal law or regulation.
- (4) (a) The division may enter into agreements related to these projects before the receipt of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter.
- (b) The division shall make those expenditures from unexpended and unencumbered building funds already appropriated to the Capital Projects Fund.
- (c) The division shall reimburse the Capital Projects Fund upon receipt of the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter.
- (d) The commission may, by resolution, make any statement of intent relating to that reimbursement that is necessary or desirable to comply with federal tax law.
- (5) (a) For those projects for which only partial funding is provided in Subsection (2), it is the intent of the Legislature that the balance necessary to complete the projects be addressed by future Legislatures, either through appropriations or through the issuance or sale of bonds.
- (b) For those phased projects, the division may enter into contracts for amounts not to exceed the anticipated full project funding but may not allow work to be performed on those contracts in excess of the funding already authorized by the Legislature.
- (c) Those contracts shall contain a provision for termination of the contract for the convenience of the state as required by Section [63G-6-601] 63G-6a-1202.
- (d) It is also the intent of the Legislature that this authorization to the division does not bind future Legislatures to fund projects initiated from this authorization.
- Section 70. Section **63B-8-402** is amended to read:
- 3532 63B-8-402. Maximum amount -- Projects authorized.
 - (1) The total amount of bonds issued under this part may not exceed \$7,400,000.
- 3534 (2) (a) Proceeds from the issuance of bonds shall be provided to the division to provide 3535 funds to pay all or part of the cost of acquiring and constructing the project listed in this

Subsection (2).

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(b) These costs may include the cost of acquiring land, interests in land, easements and rights-of-way, improving sites, and acquiring, constructing, equipping, and furnishing facilities and all structures, roads, parking facilities, utilities, and improvements necessary, incidental, or convenient to the facilities, interest estimated to accrue on these bonds during the period to be covered by construction of the projects plus a period of six months after the end of the construction period, and all related engineering, architectural, and legal fees.

(c) For the division, proceeds shall be provided for the following:

3544 ESTIMATED

OPERATIONS

PROJECT AMOUNT AND
DESCRIPTION FUNDED MAINTENANCE
State Hospital - Rampton II \$7,000,000 \$462,000

- (d) For purposes of this section, operations and maintenance costs:
- 3547 (i) are estimates only;
 - (ii) may include any operations and maintenance costs already funded in existing agency budgets; and
 - (iii) are not commitments by this Legislature or future Legislatures to fund those operations and maintenance costs.
 - (3) (a) The amounts funded as listed in Subsection (2) are estimates only and do not constitute a limitation on the amount that may be expended for any project.
 - (b) The board may revise these estimates and redistribute the amount estimated for a project among the projects authorized.
 - (c) The commission, by resolution and in consultation with the board, may delete one or more projects from this list if the inclusion of that project or those projects in the list could be construed to violate state law or federal law or regulation.
 - (4) (a) The division may enter into agreements related to these projects before the receipt of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter.

3561 (b) The division shall make those expenditures from unexpended and unencumbered 3562 building funds already appropriated to the Capital Projects Fund. 3563 (c) The division shall reimburse the Capital Projects Fund upon receipt of the proceeds 3564 of bonds issued under this chapter. 3565 (d) The commission may, by resolution, make any statement of intent relating to that 3566 reimbursement that is necessary or desirable to comply with federal tax law. 3567 (5) (a) For those projects for which only partial funding is provided in Subsection (2), it is the intent of the Legislature that the balance necessary to complete the projects be 3568 3569 addressed by future Legislatures, either through appropriations or through the issuance or sale 3570 of bonds. (b) For those phased projects, the division may enter into contracts for amounts not to 3571 3572 exceed the anticipated full project funding but may not allow work to be performed on those 3573 contracts in excess of the funding already authorized by the Legislature. (c) Those contracts shall contain a provision for termination of the contract for the 3574 3575 convenience of the state as required by Section [63G-6-601] 63G-6a-1202. 3576 (d) It is also the intent of the Legislature that this authorization to the division does not 3577 bind future Legislatures to fund projects initiated from this authorization. 3578 Section 71. Section **63B-9-103** is amended to read: 3579 63B-9-103. Other capital facility authorizations and intent language. 3580 (1) It is the intent of the Legislature that: 3581 (a) Utah State University use institutional funds to plan, design, and construct a 3582 renovation and expansion of the Edith Bowen School under the direction of the director of the 3583 Division of Facilities Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been 3584 delegated; 3585 (b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and 3586 (c) the university may request state funds for operations and maintenance to the extent

that the university is able to demonstrate to the Board of Regents that the facility meets

approved academic and training purposes under Board of Regents policy R710.

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3589	(2) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
3590	(a) the University of Utah use institutional funds to plan, design, and construct a
3591	College of Science Math Center under the direction of the director of the Division of Facilities
3592	Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been delegated;
3593	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
3594	(c) the university may request state funds for operations and maintenance to the extent
3595	that the university is able to demonstrate to the Board of Regents that the facility meets
3596	approved academic and training purposes under Board of Regents policy R710.
3597	(3) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
3598	(a) the University of Utah use institutional funds to plan, design, and construct a
3599	Burbidge Athletics and Academics Building under the direction of the director of the Division
3600	of Facilities Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been delegated;
3601	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
3602	(c) the university may not request state funds for operations and maintenance.
3603	(4) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
3604	(a) the University of Utah use institutional funds to plan, design, and construct an
3605	expansion to the bookstore under the direction of the director of the Division of Facilities
3606	Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been delegated;
3607	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
3608	(c) the university may not request state funds for operations and maintenance.
3609	(5) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
3610	(a) the University of Utah use institutional funds to plan, design, and construct a Health
3611	Sciences/Basic Sciences Building under the direction of the director of the Division of
3612	Facilities Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been delegated;
3613	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
3614	(c) the university may request state funds for operations and maintenance to the extent
3615	that the university is able to demonstrate to the Board of Regents that the facility meets
3616	approved academic and training purposes under Board of Regents policy R710.

3617	(6) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
3618	(a) Weber State University use institutional funds to plan, design, and construct an
3619	expansion to the stadium under the direction of the director of the Division of Facilities
3620	Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been delegated;
3621	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
3622	(c) the university may not request state funds for operations and maintenance.
3623	(7) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
3624	(a) Utah Valley State College use institutional funds to plan, design, and construct a
3625	baseball stadium under the direction of the director of the Division of Facilities Construction
3626	and Management unless supervisory authority has been delegated;
3627	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
3628	(c) the college may not request state funds for operations and maintenance.
3629	(8) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
3630	(a) Southern Utah University use institutional funds to plan, design, and construct a
3631	weight training room under the direction of the director of the Division of Facilities
3632	Construction and Management unless supervisory authority has been delegated;
3633	(b) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
3634	(c) the university may not request state funds for operations and maintenance.
3635	(9) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
3636	(a) Snow College may lease land at the Snow College Richfield campus to a private
3637	developer for the construction and operation of student housing;
3638	(b) the oversight and inspection of the construction comply with Section 63A-5-206;
3639	(c) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
3640	(d) the college may not request state funds for operations and maintenance.
3641	(10) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
3642	(a) Salt Lake Community College may lease land at the Jordan campus to Jordan
3643	School District for the construction and operation of an Applied Technology Education Center
3644	(b) the oversight and inspection of the construction comply with Section 63A-5-206:

3645	(c) no state funds be used for any portion of this project; and
3646	(d) the college may not request state funds for operations and maintenance.
3647	(11) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
3648	(a) the Department of Transportation exchange its maintenance station at Kimball
3649	Junction for property located near Highway 40 in Summit County; and
3650	(b) the Department of Transportation use federal funds, rent paid by the Salt Lake
3651	Organizing Committee for the use of the maintenance station, and any net proceeds resulting
3652	from the exchange of property to construct a replacement facility under the direction of the
3653	director of the Division of Facilities Construction and Management unless supervisory
3654	authority has been delegated.
3655	(12) It is the intent of the Legislature that:
3656	(a) the Department of Transportation sell surplus property in Utah County;
3657	(b) the Department of Transportation use funds from that sale to remodel existing
3658	space and add an addition to the Region 3 Complex; and
3659	(c) the project cost not exceed the funds received through sale of property.
3660	(13) It is the intent of the Legislature that the Department of Workforce Services use
3661	proceeds from property sales to purchase additional property adjacent to its state-owned facility
3662	in Logan.
3663	(14) (a) It is the intent of the Legislature that, because only partial funding is provided
3664	for the Heat Plant/Infrastructure Project at Utah State University, the balance necessary to
3665	complete this project be addressed by future Legislatures, either through appropriations or
3666	through the issuance of bonds.
3667	(b) (i) In compliance with Section 63A-5-207, the division may enter into contracts for
3668	amounts not to exceed the anticipated full project funding but may not allow work to be
3669	performed on those contracts in excess of the funding already authorized by the Legislature.
3670	(ii) Those contracts shall contain a provision for termination of the contract for the
3671	convenience of the state as required by Section [63G-6-601] 63G-6a-1202.

(c) It is also the intent of the Legislature that this authorization to the division does not

3673 bind future Legislatures to fund the Heat Plant/Infrastructure Project at Utah State University. 3674 Section 72. Section **63B-11-202** is amended to read: 3675 63B-11-202. Maximum amount -- Projects authorized. (1) (a) The total amount of bonds issued under this part may not exceed \$21,250,000. 3676 3677 (b) When Utah State University certifies to the commission that the university has 3678 obtained reliable commitments, convertible to cash, of \$5,000,000 or more in nonstate funds to 3679 construct an addition to the new engineering building and demolish the existing engineering 3680 classroom building, the commission may issue and sell general obligation bonds in a total 3681 amount not to exceed \$6,100,000. 3682 (c) When the University of Utah certifies to the commission that the university has obtained reliable commitments, convertible to cash, of \$13,000,000 or more in nonstate funds 3683 3684 to construct a new engineering building, the commission may issue and sell general obligation 3685 bonds in a total amount not to exceed \$15,150,000. (2) (a) Proceeds from the issuance of bonds shall be provided to the division to provide 3686 funds to pay all or part of the cost of acquiring and constructing the projects listed in this 3687 3688 Subsection (2). 3689 (b) These costs may include the cost of acquiring land, interests in land, easements and rights-of-way, improving sites, and acquiring, constructing, equipping, and furnishing facilities 3690 and all structures, roads, parking facilities, utilities, and improvements necessary, incidental, or 3691 convenient to the facilities, interest estimated to accrue on these bonds during the period to be 3692 covered by construction of the projects plus a period of six months after the end of the 3693 3694 construction period, and all related engineering, architectural, and legal fees. 3695 (c) For the division, proceeds shall be provided for the following: 3696 **ESTIMATED OPERATING AND**

> AMOUNT MAINTENANCE FUNDED COSTS

PROJECT

DESCRIPTION

Enrolled Copy S.B. 153 3697 1. Utah State University Engineering Building \$425,000 \$5,943,500 Renovation 3698 \$15,000,000 \$489,000 2. University of Utah New Engineering Building 3699 COSTS OF ISSUANCE \$306,500 3700 TOTAL CAPITAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT \$21,250,000 3701 (d) For purposes of this section, operations and maintenance costs: 3702 (i) are estimates only; 3703 (ii) may include any operations and maintenance costs already funded in existing 3704 agency budgets; and 3705 (iii) are not commitments by this Legislature or future Legislatures to fund those 3706 operations and maintenance costs. 3707 (3) (a) The amounts funded as listed in Subsection (2) are estimates only and do not 3708 constitute a limitation on the amount that may be expended for any project. 3709 (b) The board may revise these estimates and redistribute the amount estimated for a 3710 project among the projects authorized. 3711 (c) The commission, by resolution and in consultation with the board, may delete one 3712 or more projects from this list if the inclusion of that project or those projects in the list could 3713 be construed to violate state law or federal law or regulation. 3714 (4) (a) The division may enter into agreements related to these projects before the 3715 receipt of proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter. 3716 (b) The division shall make those expenditures from unexpended and unencumbered 3717 building funds already appropriated to the Capital Projects Fund. 3718 (c) The division shall reimburse the Capital Projects Fund upon receipt of the proceeds 3719 of bonds issued under this chapter. 3720 (d) The commission may, by resolution, make any statement of intent relating to that 3721 reimbursement that is necessary or desirable to comply with federal tax law. 3722 (5) (a) For those projects for which only partial funding is provided in Subsection (2),

3723	it is the intent of the Legislature that the balance necessary to complete the projects be
3724	addressed by future Legislatures, either through appropriations or through the issuance or sale
3725	of bonds.
3726	(b) For those phased projects, the division may enter into contracts for amounts not to
3727	exceed the anticipated full project funding but may not allow work to be performed on those
3728	contracts in excess of the funding already authorized by the Legislature.
3729	(c) Those contracts shall contain a provision for termination of the contract for the
3730	convenience of the state as required by Section [63G-6-601] 63G-6a-1202.
3731	(d) It is also the intent of the Legislature that this authorization to the division does not
3732	bind future Legislatures to fund projects initiated from this authorization.
3733	Section 73. Section 63C-7-210 is amended to read:
3734	63C-7-210. Exemption from certain acts.
3735	(1) The Utah Communications Agency Network is exempt from:
3736	(a) Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act;
3737	(b) Title 63A, Utah Administrative Services Code, except as provided in Section
3738	63A-4-205.5;
3739	(c) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code;
3740	(d) Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act; and
3741	(e) Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah State Personnel Management Act.
3742	(2) The board shall adopt budgetary procedures, accounting, procurement, and
3743	personnel policies substantially similar to those from which they have been exempted in
3744	Subsection (1).
3745	Section 74. Section 63C-9-301 is amended to read:
3746	63C-9-301. Board powers Subcommittees.
3747	(1) The board shall:
3748	(a) except as provided in Subsection (2), exercise complete jurisdiction and
3749	stewardship over capitol hill facilities, capitol hill grounds, and the capitol hill complex;
3750	(b) preserve maintain and restore the capitol hill complex capitol hill facilities

3751	capitol hill grounds, and their contents;
3752	(c) before October 1 of each year, review and approve the executive director's annual
3753	budget request for submittal to the governor and Legislature;
3754	(d) by October 1 of each year, prepare and submit a recommended budget request for
3755	the upcoming fiscal year for the capitol hill complex to:
3756	(i) the governor, through the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget; and
3757	(ii) the Legislature's appropriations subcommittee responsible for capitol hill facilities,
3758	through the Office of Legislative Fiscal Analyst;
3759	(e) review and approve the executive director's:
3760	(i) annual work plan;
3761	(ii) long-range master plan for the capitol hill complex, capitol hill facilities, and
3762	capitol hill grounds; and
3763	(iii) furnishings plan for placement and care of objects under the care of the board;
3764	(f) approve all changes to the buildings and their grounds, including:
3765	(i) restoration, remodeling, and rehabilitation projects;
3766	(ii) usual maintenance program; and
3767	(iii) any transfers or loans of objects under the board's care;
3768	(g) define and identify all significant aspects of the capitol hill complex, capitol hill
3769	facilities, and capitol hill grounds, after consultation with the:
3770	(i) Division of Facilities Construction and Management;
3771	(ii) State Library Division;
3772	(iii) Division of Archives and Records Service;
3773	(iv) Division of State History;
3774	(v) Office of Museum Services; and
3775	(vi) Arts Council;
3776	(h) inventory, define, and identify all significant contents of the buildings and all
3777	state-owned items of historical significance that were at one time in the buildings, after
3778	consultation with the:

3119	(1) Division of Facilities Construction and Management;
3780	(ii) State Library Division;
3781	(iii) Division of Archives and Records Service;
3782	(iv) Division of State History;
3783	(v) Office of Museum Services; and
3784	(vi) Arts Council;
3785	(i) maintain archives relating to the construction and development of the buildings, the
3786	contents of the buildings and their grounds, including documents such as plans, specifications,
3787	photographs, purchase orders, and other related documents, the original copies of which shall
3788	be maintained by the Division of Archives and Records Service;
3789	(j) comply with federal and state laws related to program and facility accessibility; and
3790	(k) establish procedures for receiving, hearing, and deciding complaints or other issues
3791	raised about the capitol hill complex, capitol hill facilities, and capitol hill grounds, or their
3792	use.
3793	(2) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), the supervision and control of the legislative
3794	area, as defined in Section 36-5-1, is reserved to the Legislature; and
3795	(b) the supervision and control of the governor's area, as defined in Section 67-1-16, is
3796	reserved to the governor.
3797	(3) (a) The board shall make rules to govern, administer, and regulate the capitol hill
3798	complex, capitol hill facilities, and capitol hill grounds by following the procedures and
3799	requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
3800	(b) A person who violates a rule adopted by the board under the authority of this
3801	Subsection (3) is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$2,500 for each violation, plus the
3802	amount of any actual damages, expenses, and costs related to the violation of the rule that are
3803	incurred by the state.
3804	(c) The board may take any other legal action allowed by law.
3805	(d) If any violation of a rule adopted by the board is also an offense under Title 76,

Utah Criminal Code, the violation is subject to the civil penalty, damages, expenses, and costs

allowed under this Subsection (3) in addition to any criminal prosecution.

- (e) The board may not apply this section or rules adopted under the authority of this section in a manner that violates a person's rights under the Utah Constitution or the First Amendment to the United States Constitution, including the right of persons to peaceably assemble.
- (f) The board shall send proposed rules under this section to the legislative general counsel and the governor's general counsel for review and comment before the board adopts the rules.
- (4) The board is exempt from the requirements of Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, but shall adopt procurement rules substantially similar to the requirements of that chapter.
- (5) (a) The board may:

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- (i) establish subcommittees made up of board members and members of the public to assist and support the executive director in accomplishing the executive director's duties;
 - (ii) establish fees for the use of capitol hill facilities and capitol hill grounds;
- 3822 (iii) assign and allocate specific duties and responsibilities to any other state agency, if 3823 the other agency agrees to perform the duty or accept the responsibility;
 - (iv) contract with another state agency to provide services;
 - (v) delegate by specific motion of the board any authority granted to it by this section to the executive director;
 - (vi) in conjunction with Salt Lake City, expend money to improve or maintain public property contiguous to East Capitol Boulevard and capitol hill;
- 3829 (vii) provide wireless Internet service to the public without a fee in any capitol hill facility; and
 - (viii) when necessary, consult with the:
- 3832 (A) Division of Facilities Construction and Management;
- 3833 (B) State Library Division;
- 3834 (C) Division of Archives and Records Service;

3835	(D) Division of State History;
3836	(E) Office of Museum Services; and
3837	(F) Arts Council.
3838	(b) The board's provision of wireless Internet service under Subsection (5)(a)(vii) shall
3839	be discontinued in the legislative area if the president of the Senate and the speaker of the
3840	House of Representatives each submit a signed letter to the board indicating that the service is
3841	disruptive to the legislative process and is to be discontinued.
3842	(c) If a budget subcommittee is established by the board, the following shall serve as ex
3843	officio, nonvoting members of the budget subcommittee:
3844	(i) the legislative fiscal analyst, or the analyst's designee, who shall be from the Office
3845	of Legislative Fiscal Analyst; and
3846	(ii) the director of the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget, or the director's
3847	designee, who shall be from the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget.
3848	(d) If a preservation and maintenance subcommittee is established by the board, the
3849	board may, by majority vote, appoint one or each of the following to serve on the
3850	subcommittee as voting members of the subcommittee:
3851	(i) an architect, who shall be selected from a list of three architects submitted by the
3852	American Institute of Architects; or
3853	(ii) an engineer, who shall be selected from a list of three engineers submitted by the
3854	American Civil Engineers Council.
3855	(e) If the board establishes any subcommittees, the board may, by majority vote,
3856	appoint up to two people who are not members of the board to serve, at the will of the board, as
3857	nonvoting members of a subcommittee.
3858	(f) Members of each subcommittee shall, at the first meeting of each calendar year,
3859	select one individual to act as chair of the subcommittee for a one-year term.
3860	(6) (a) The board, and the employees of the board, may not move the office of the
3861	governor, lieutenant governor, president of the Senate, speaker of the House of

Representatives, or a member of the Legislature from the State Capitol unless the removal is

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3863	approved by:
3864	(i) the governor, in the case of the governor's office;
3865	(ii) the lieutenant governor, in the case of the lieutenant governor's office;
3866	(iii) the president of the Senate, in the case of the president's office or the office of a
3867	member of the Senate; or
3868	(iv) the speaker of the House of Representatives, in the case of the speaker's office or
3869	the office of a member of the House.
3870	(b) The board and the employees of the board have no control over the furniture,
3871	furnishings, and decorative objects in the offices of the governor, lieutenant governor, or the
3872	members of the Legislature except as necessary to inventory or conserve items of historical
3873	significance owned by the state.
3874	(c) The board and the employees of the board have no control over records and
3875	documents produced by or in the custody of a state agency, official, or employee having an
3876	office in a building on the capitol hill complex.
3877	(d) Except for items identified by the board as having historical significance, and
3878	except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), the board and the employees of the board have no
3879	control over moveable furnishings and equipment in the custody of a state agency, official, or
3880	employee having an office in a building on the capitol hill complex.
3881	Section 75. Section 63C-9-403 is amended to read:
3882	63C-9-403. Contracting power of executive director Health insurance coverage.
3883	(1) For purposes of this section:
3884	(a) "Employee" means an "employee," "worker," or "operative" as defined in Section
3885	34A-2-104 who:
3886	(i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and
3887	(ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance which

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(b) "Health benefit plan" has the same meaning as provided in Section 31A-1-301.

(c) "Qualified health insurance coverage" is as defined in Section 26-40-115.

may not exceed the first of the calendar month following 90 days from the date of hire.

3891	(d) "Subcontractor" has the same meaning provided for in Section 63A-5-208.
3892	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), this section applies to a design or
3893	construction contract entered into by the board or on behalf of the board on or after July 1,
3894	2009, and to a prime contractor or a subcontractor in accordance with Subsection (2)(b).
3895	(b) (i) A prime contractor is subject to this section if the prime contract is in the
3896	amount of \$1,500,000 or greater.
3897	(ii) A subcontractor is subject to this section if a subcontract is in the amount of
3898	\$750,000 or greater.
3899	(3) This section does not apply if:
3900	(a) the application of this section jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;
3901	(b) the contract is a sole source contract; or
3902	(c) the contract is an emergency procurement.
3903	(4) (a) This section does not apply to a change order as defined in Section [63G-6-103]
3904	63G-6a-103, or a modification to a contract, when the contract does not meet the initial
3905	threshold required by Subsection (2).
3906	(b) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to
3907	circumvent the requirements of Subsection (2) is guilty of an infraction.
3908	(5) (a) A contractor subject to Subsection (2) shall demonstrate to the executive
3909	director that the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance
3910	coverage for the contractor's employees and the employees' dependents during the duration of
3911	the contract.
3912	(b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2)(b), the contractor
3913	shall demonstrate to the executive director that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer
3914	of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees'
3915	dependents during the duration of the contract.
3916	(c) (i) (A) A contractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(a) during
3917	the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules

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adopted by the division under Subsection (6).

3919	(B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to meet the
3920	requirements of Subsection (5)(b).
3921	(ii) (A) A subcontractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(b) during
3922	the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules
3923	adopted by the department under Subsection (6).
3924	(B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to meet the
3925	requirements of Subsection (5)(a).
3926	(6) The department shall adopt administrative rules:
3927	(a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
3928	(b) in coordination with:
3929	(i) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 19-1-206;
3930	(ii) the Department of Natural Resources in accordance with Section 79-2-404;
3931	(iii) the State Building Board in accordance with Section 63A-5-205;
3932	(iv) a public transit district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-818.5;
3933	(v) the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section 72-6-107.5; and
3934	(vi) the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and
3935	(c) which establish:
3936	(i) the requirements and procedures a contractor must follow to demonstrate to the
3937	executive director compliance with this section which shall include:
3938	(A) that a contractor will not have to demonstrate compliance with Subsection (5)(a) or
3939	(b) more than twice in any 12-month period; and
3940	(B) that the actuarially equivalent determination required for the qualified health
3941	insurance coverage in Subsection (1) is met by the contractor if the contractor provides the
3942	department or division with a written statement of actuarial equivalency from either:
3943	(I) the Utah Insurance Department;
3944	(II) an actuary selected by the contractor or the contractor's insurer; or
3945	(III) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
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3947	(ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally
3948	violates the provisions of this section, which may include:
3949	(A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into
3950	future contracts with the state upon the first violation;
3951	(B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future
3952	contracts with the state upon the second violation;
3953	(C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with
3954	Section [63G-6-804] 63G-6a-904 upon the third or subsequent violation; and
3955	(D) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to
3956	purchase qualified health insurance coverage for employees and dependents of employees of
3957	the contractor or subcontractor who were not offered qualified health insurance coverage
3958	during the duration of the contract; and
3959	(iii) a website on which the department shall post the benchmark for the qualified
3960	health insurance coverage identified in Subsection (1)(c).
3961	(7) (a) (i) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (6)(c), a contractor or
3962	subcontractor who intentionally violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the
3963	employee for health care costs that would have been covered by qualified health insurance
3964	coverage.
3965	(ii) An employer has an affirmative defense to a cause of action under Subsection
3966	(7)(a)(i) if:
3967	(A) the employer relied in good faith on a written statement of actuarial equivalency
3968	provided by:
3969	(I) an actuary; or
3970	(II) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
3971	rates; or
3972	(B) the department determines that compliance with this section is not required under
3973	the provisions of Subsection (3) or (4).

(b) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to

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3975	enforce the provisions of this Subsection (7).
3976	(8) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the
3977	Medicaid Restricted Account created in Section 26-18-402.
3978	(9) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide qualified health insurance
3979	coverage as required by this section:
3980	(a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror,
3981	or contractor under Section [63G-6-801] 63G-6a-1603 or any other provision in Title 63G,
3982	Chapter [6, Part 8, Legal and Contractual Remedies] 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
3983	(b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or
3984	contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design
3985	or construction.
3986	Section 76. Section 63E-2-109 is amended to read:
3987	63E-2-109. State statutes.
3988	(1) Except as specifically modified in its authorizing statute, each independent
3989	corporation shall be exempt from the statutes governing state agencies, including:
3990	(a) Title 51, Chapter 5, Funds Consolidation Act;
3991	(b) Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act;
3992	(c) Title 63A, Utah Administrative Services Code;
3993	(d) Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
3994	(e) Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act;
3995	(f) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code;
3996	(g) Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act;
3997	(h) Title 63J, Chapter 2, Revenue Procedures and Control Act; and
3998	(i) Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah Personnel Management Act.
3999	(2) Except as specifically modified in its authorizing statute, each independent
4000	corporation shall be subject to:

(a) Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act; and

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(b) Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.

4003	(3) Each independent corporation board may adopt its own policies and procedures
4004	governing its:
4005	(a) funds management;
4006	(b) audits; and
4007	(c) personnel.
4008	Section 77. Section 63F-1-205 is amended to read:
4009	63F-1-205. Approval of acquisitions of information technology.
4010	(1) (a) Except as provided in Title 63M, Chapter 1, Part 26, Government Procurement
4011	Private Proposal Program, in accordance with Subsection (2), the chief information officer
4012	shall approve the acquisition by an executive branch agency of:
4013	(i) information technology equipment;
4014	(ii) telecommunications equipment;
4015	(iii) software;
4016	(iv) services related to the items listed in Subsections (1)(a)(i) through (iii); and
4017	(v) data acquisition.
4018	(b) The chief information officer may negotiate the purchase, lease, or rental of private
4019	or public information technology or telecommunication services or facilities in accordance with
4020	this section.
4021	(c) Where practical, efficient, and economically beneficial, the chief information
4022	officer shall use existing private and public information technology or telecommunication
4023	resources.
4024	(d) Notwithstanding another provision of this section, an acquisition authorized by this
4025	section shall comply with rules made by the [State Procurement Policy Board] applicable
4026	rulemaking authority under Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
4027	(2) Before negotiating a purchase, lease, or rental under Subsection (1) for an amount
4028	that exceeds the value established by the chief information officer by rule in accordance with
4029	Section 63F-1-206, the chief information officer shall:
4030	(a) conduct an analysis of the needs of executive branch agencies and subscribers of

4031 services and the ability of the proposed information technology or telecommunications services 4032 or supplies to meet those needs; and 4033 (b) for purchases, leases, or rentals not covered by an existing statewide contract, 4034 provide in writing to the chief procurement officer in the Division of Purchasing and General 4035 Services that: 4036 (i) the analysis required in Subsection (2)(a) was completed; and 4037 (ii) based on the analysis, the proposed purchase, lease, rental, or master contract of 4038 services, products, or supplies is practical, efficient, and economically beneficial to the state 4039 and the executive branch agency or subscriber of services. 4040 (3) In approving an acquisition described in Subsections (1) and (2), the chief information officer shall: 4041 4042 (a) establish by administrative rule, in accordance with Section 63F-1-206, standards 4043 under which an agency must obtain approval from the chief information officer before 4044 acquiring the items listed in Subsections (1) and (2); (b) for those acquisitions requiring approval, determine whether the acquisition is in 4045 4046 compliance with: 4047 (i) the executive branch strategic plan; 4048 (ii) the applicable agency information technology plan; 4049 (iii) the budget for the executive branch agency or department as adopted by the 4050 Legislature: and 4051 (iv) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and 4052 (c) in accordance with Section 63F-1-207, require coordination of acquisitions between two or more executive branch agencies if it is in the best interests of the state. 4053 4054 (4) (a) Each executive branch agency shall provide the chief information officer with 4055 complete access to all information technology records, documents, and reports: 4056 (i) at the request of the chief information officer; and 4057 (ii) related to the executive branch agency's acquisition of any item listed in Subsection

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(1).

4059	(b) Beginning July 1, 2006 and in accordance with administrative rules established by
4060	the department under Section 63F-1-206, no new technology projects may be initiated by an
4061	executive branch agency or the department unless the technology project is described in a
4062	formal project plan and the business case analysis has been approved by the chief information
4063	officer and agency head. The project plan and business case analysis required by this
4064	Subsection (4) shall be in the form required by the chief information officer, and shall include:
4065	(i) a statement of work to be done and existing work to be modified or displaced;
4066	(ii) total cost of system development and conversion effort, including system analysis
4067	and programming costs, establishment of master files, testing, documentation, special
4068	equipment cost and all other costs, including overhead;
4069	(iii) savings or added operating costs that will result after conversion;
4070	(iv) other advantages or reasons that justify the work;
4071	(v) source of funding of the work, including ongoing costs;
4072	(vi) consistency with budget submissions and planning components of budgets; and
4073	(vii) whether the work is within the scope of projects or initiatives envisioned when the
4074	current fiscal year budget was approved.
4075	(5) (a) The chief information officer and the Division of Purchasing and General
4076	Services shall work cooperatively to establish procedures under which the chief information
4077	officer shall monitor and approve acquisitions as provided in this section.
4078	(b) The procedures established under this section shall include at least the written
4079	certification required by Subsection [63G-6-204(8)] <u>63G-6a-303(5)</u> .
4080	Section 78. Section 63G-6a-101, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-101 is
4081	renumbered and amended to read:
4082	CHAPTER 6a. UTAH PROCUREMENT CODE
4083	Part 1. General Procurement Provisions
4084	[63G-6-101]. <u>63G-6a-101.</u> Title.
4085	(1) This chapter is known as the "Utah Procurement Code."
4086	(2) This part is known as "General Procurement Provisions."

4087	Section 79. Section 63G-6a-102, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-102 is
4088	renumbered and amended to read:
4089	[63G-6-102]. <u>63G-6a-102.</u> Purpose of chapter.
4090	The underlying purposes and policies of this chapter are:
4091	(1) to simplify, clarify, and modernize the law governing procurement by this state;
4092	(2) to ensure the fair and equitable treatment of all persons who deal with the
4093	procurement system of this state;
4094	(3) to provide increased economy in state procurement activities; and
4095	(4) to foster effective broad-based competition within the free enterprise system.
4096	Section 80. Section 63G-6a-103, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-103 is
4097	renumbered and amended to read:
4098	[63G-6-103]. <u>63G-6a-103.</u> Definitions.
4099	As used in this chapter:
4100	(1) "Appeals board" means:
4101	(a) the Procurement Appeals Board created under Subsection 63G-6a-1702(1); or
4102	(b) a board created under Subsection 63G-6a-1702(5).
4103	(2) "Applicable rulemaking authority" means:
4104	(a) as it relates to the state legislative branch, the Legislative Management Committee,
4105	except to the extent that the Legislature passes a rule that supercedes or conflicts with a rule
4106	made by the Legislative Management Committee;
4107	(b) as it relates to the state judicial branch, the Judicial Council;
4108	(c) as it relates to a local public procurement unit, other than a local public
4109	procurement unit described in Subsections (2)(d) through (h), the board; or
4110	(d) as it relates to a municipality or county that adopts this chapter, the legislative body
4111	of the municipality or county, not as a delegation of authority from the Legislature, but under
4112	the municipality's or county's own legislative authority;
4113	(e) as it relates to a school district or a public school, the Procurement Policy Board,
4114	except to the extent that a school district makes its own non-administrative rules, with respect

4115	to a particular subject, that do not conflict with the provisions of this chapter;
4116	(f) as it relates to a state institution of higher education, the State Board of Regents;
4117	(g) as it relates to a public transit district organized under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 8
4118	Public Transit District Act, the governing board of the public transit district;
4119	(h) as it relates to a local district or a special service district, the board, except to the
4120	extent that the local district or special service district enacts its own rules:
4121	(i) with respect to a subject addressed by board rules; or
4122	(ii) that are in addition to board rules;
4123	(i) as it relates to the following entities, but only to the extent that the rules relate to
4124	procurement authority expressly granted to the entity by statute:
4125	(i) the State Building Board, created in Section 63A-5-101;
4126	(ii) the Division of Facilities Construction and Management created in Section
4127	<u>63A-5-201;</u>
4128	(iii) the attorney general's office; or
4129	(iv) the Department of Transportation, created in Section 72-1-201;
4130	(j) as it relates to the state executive branch and all public procurement units other than
4131	those described in Subsections (2)(a) through (h), the board; or
4132	(k) as it relates to an entity described in Subsection (2)(i), except to the extent that the
4133	rules relate to procurement authority expressly granted to the entity by statute, the board.
4134	[(1)] (3) "Architect-engineer services" [are those] means:
4135	(a) professional services within the scope of the practice of architecture as defined in
4136	Section 58-3a-102[,]; or
4137	(b) professional engineering as defined in Section 58-22-102.
4138	[(2) "Business" means any corporation, partnership, individual, sole proprietorship,
4139	joint stock company, joint venture, or any other private legal entity.]
4140	(4) "Bidder" means a person who responds to an invitation for bids.
4141	(5) "Board" means the Utah State Procurement Policy Board, created in Section
4142	63G-6a-202

4143	(6) "Building board" means the State Building Board created in Section 63A-5-101.
4144	[(3)] <u>(7)</u> "Change order" means:
4145	(a) a written order signed by the procurement officer[, directing] that directs the
4146	contractor to suspend work or make changes, [which the appropriate clauses of the contract
4147	authorize the procurement officer to order] as authorized by contract, without the consent of the
4148	contractor; or [any]
4149	(b) a written alteration in specifications, delivery point, rate of delivery, period of
4150	performance, price, quantity, or other provisions of [any contract accomplished by mutual
4151	action] a contract, upon mutual agreement of the parties to the contract.
4152	(8) "Chief procurement officer" means the chief procurement officer appointed under
4153	Subsection 63G-6a-302(1).
4154	[(4)] (9) (a) "Construction" means the process of building, [renovation, alteration,
4155	improvement, or repair of any] renovating, altering, improving, or repairing a public building
4156	or public work.
4157	(b) "Construction" does not [mean] include the routine operation, routine repair, or
4158	routine maintenance of <u>an</u> existing [structures, buildings] structure, building, or real property.
4159	$[(5)]$ (10) (a) "Construction manager/general contractor" means $[any]$ \underline{a} contractor who
4160	enters into a contract for the management of a construction project when [that] the contract
4161	allows the contractor to subcontract for additional labor and materials that $[\underline{\text{were}}]$ $\underline{\text{are}}$ not
4162	included in the contractor's cost proposal submitted at the time of the procurement of the
4163	[Construction Manager/General] contractor's services.
4164	(b) "Construction manager/general contractor" does not [mean] include a contractor
4165	whose only subcontract work not included in the contractor's cost proposal submitted as part of
4166	the procurement of [construction] the contractor's services is to meet subcontracted portions of
4167	change orders approved within the scope of the project.
4168	[(6)] (11) "Contract" means [any state] an agreement for the procurement or disposal of
4169	[supplies, services, or construction] a procurement item.
1170	(12) "Contractor" means a person who is awarded a contract with a public procurement

41/1	<u>unit.</u>
4172	[(7)] (13) "Cooperative purchasing" means procurement conducted by, or on behalf of,
4173	more than one public procurement unit, or by a public procurement unit [with] and an external
4174	procurement unit.
4175	[(8)] (14) "Cost-reimbursement contract" means a contract under which a contractor is
4176	reimbursed for costs which are allowed and allocated in accordance with the contract terms and
4177	the provisions of this chapter, and a fee, if any.
4178	(15) "Days" means calendar days, unless expressly provided otherwise.
4179	[(9)(a)] (16) "Design-build" means the procurement of architect-engineer services and
4180	construction by the use of a single contract with the design-build provider.
4181	[(b) This method of design and construction can include the design-build provider
4182	supplying the site as part of the contract.]
4183	(17) "Director" means the director of the division.
4184	(18) "Division" means the Division of Purchasing and General Services.
4185	[(10)] (19) "Established catalogue price" means the price included in a catalogue, price
4186	list, schedule, or other form that:
4187	(a) is regularly maintained by a manufacturer or contractor;
4188	(b) is either published or otherwise available for inspection by customers; and
4189	(c) states prices at which sales are currently or were last made to a significant number
4190	of any category of buyers or buyers constituting the general buying public for the supplies or
4191	services involved.
4192	[(11) "External procurement unit" means any buying organization not located in this
4193	state which, if located in this state, would qualify as a public procurement unit. An agency of
4194	the United States is an external procurement unit.]
4195	[(12)] (20) (a) "Grant" means [the] furnishing, by [the state] a public entity or by any
4196	other public or private source [assistance, whether financial or otherwise, to any], financial or
4197	other assistance to a person to support a program authorized by law. [It]
4198	(b) "Grant" does not include:

4199	(i) an award whose primary purpose is to procure an end product[, whether in the form
4200	of supplies, services, or construction. A contract resulting from the award is not a grant but a
4201	procurement contract.] or procurement item; or
4202	(ii) a contract that is awarded as a result of a procurement or a procurement process.
4203	[(13) "Invitation for bids" means all documents, whether attached or incorporated by
4204	reference, utilized for soliciting bids.]
4205	[(14) "Local public procurement unit" means any political subdivision or institution of
4206	higher education of the state or public agency of any subdivision, public authority, educational,
4207	health, or other institution, and to the extent provided by law, any other entity which expends
4208	public funds for the procurement of supplies, services, and construction, but not counties,
4209	municipalities, political subdivisions created by counties or municipalities under the Interlocal
4210	Cooperation Act, the Utah Housing Corporation, or the Legislature and its staff offices. It
4211	includes two or more local public procurement units acting under legislation which authorizes
4212	intergovernmental cooperation.]
4213	[(15) "Person" means any business, individual, union, committee, club, other
4214	organization, or group of individuals, not including a state agency or a local public
4215	procurement unit.]
4216	[(16) "Policy board" means the procurement policy board created by Section
4217	63G-6-201.]
4218	(21) "Head of a public procurement unit" means:
4219	(a) as it relates to the state legislative branch, any person designated by rule made by
4220	the applicable rulemaking authority;
4221	(b) as it relates to the state executive branch:
4222	(i) the director of a division; or
4223	(ii) any other person designated by the board, by rule;
4224	(c) as it relates to the state judicial branch:
4225	(i) the Judicial Council; or
4226	(ii) any other person designated by the Judicial Council, by rule;

4227	(d) as it relates to a local public procurement unit, other than a local public
4228	procurement unit described in Subsections (21)(e) through (i):
4229	(i) the appointed or elected head of the local public procurement unit; or
4230	(ii) any other person designated by the board, by rule;
4231	(e) as it relates to a local public procurement unit that is a municipality or a county:
4232	(i) the legislative body of the municipality or county; or
4233	(ii) any other person designated by the municipality or county;
4234	(f) as it relates to a school district or any school or entity within a school district, the
4235	board of the school district, or the board's designee;
4236	(g) as it relates to a charter school, the individual or body with executive authority over
4237	the charter school, or the individual's or body's designee;
4238	(h) as it relates to an institution of higher education of the state, the president of the
4239	institution of higher education, or the president's designee; or
4240	(i) as it relates to a local district or a special service district, the governing body of the
4241	local district or special service district.
4242	(22) "Head of an authorized purchasing entity" means:
4243	(a) as it relates to the division, the chief procurement officer;
4244	(b) to the extent that the entities have express statutory authority to engage in a
4245	procurement without the involvement of the division:
4246	(i) as it relates to the State Building Board, created in Section 63A-5-101, the State
4247	Building Board;
4248	(ii) as it relates to the Division of Facilities Construction and Management created in
4249	Section 63A-5-201, the director of the Division of Facilities Construction and Management;
4250	(iii) as it relates to the attorney general's office, the attorney general;
4251	(iv) as it relates to the Department of Transportation, created in Section 72-1-201, the
4252	executive director of the Department of Transportation; or
4253	(v) as it relates to a district court, a person designated by the Judicial Council, by rule;
4254	(c) as it relates to an institution of higher education of the state, the president of the

4255	institution of higher education of the state;
4256	(d) as it relates to a school district, the board of the school district;
4257	(e) as it relates to a public school, including a local school board, the board of the
4258	school district;
4259	(f) as it relates to a charter school, a person designated by the charter school;
4260	(g) as it relates to a non-executive state procurement unit, a person designated by the
4261	applicable rulemaking authority; or
4262	(h) as it relates to a local district or a special service district, the governing body of the
4263	local district or special service district.
4264	(23) "Invitation for bids" includes all documents, including documents that are attached
4265	or incorporated by reference, used for soliciting bids to provide a procurement item to a public
4266	procurement unit.
4267	(24) "Multiple award contracts" means the award of a contract for an indefinite
4268	quantity of a procurement item to more than one bidder or offeror.
4269	(25) "Multiyear contract" means a contract that extends beyond a one-year period,
4270	including a contract that permits renewal of the contract, without competition, beyond the first
4271	year of the contract.
4272	(26) "Municipality" means a city or a town.
4273	(27) "Offeror" means a person who responds to a request for proposals.
4274	[(17)] (28) "Preferred bidder" means a bidder that is entitled to receive a reciprocal
4275	preference under the requirements of this chapter.
4276	[(18)] (29) (a) "Procure" or "procurement" means buying, purchasing, renting, leasing,
4277	leasing with an option to purchase, or otherwise acquiring [any supplies, services, or
4278	construction. It also] a procurement item.
4279	(b) "Procure" or "procurement" includes all functions that pertain to the obtaining of
4280	[any supply, service, or construction] a procurement item, including:
4281	(i) the description of requirements[;];
4282	(ii) the selection[, and] process;

4283	(iii) solicitation of sources[- ,];
4284	(iv) the preparation[, and] for soliciting a procurement item;
4285	(v) the award of a contract[7]; and
4286	(vi) all phases of contract administration.
4287	[(19) "Procurement officer" means any person or board duly authorized to enter into
4288	and administer contracts and make written determinations with respect thereto. It also includes
4289	an authorized representative acting within the limits of authority.]
4290	[(20) "Public procurement unit" means either a local public procurement unit or a state
4291	public procurement unit.]
4292	[(21) "Purchase description" means the words used in a solicitation to describe the
4293	supplies, services, or construction to be purchased, and includes specifications attached to or
4294	made a part of the solicitation.]
4295	[(22) "Purchasing agency" means any state agency other than the Division of
4296	Purchasing and General Services that is authorized by this chapter or its implementing
4297	regulations, or by delegation from the chief procurement officer, to enter into contracts.]
4298	[(23) "Request for proposals" means all documents, whether attached or incorporated
4299	by reference, used for soliciting proposals.]
4300	[(24) "Responsible bidder or offeror" means a person who has the capability in all
4301	respects to perform fully the contract requirements and who has the integrity and reliability
4302	which will assure good faith performance.]
4303	[(25) "Responsive bidder" means a person who has submitted a bid which conforms in
4304	all material respects to the invitation for bids.]
4305	(30) "Procurement item" means a supply, a service, construction, or technology.
4306	(31) "Procurement officer" means:
4307	(a) as it relates to the state legislative branch, the head of a public procurement unit in
4308	the legislative branch;
4309	(b) as it relates to the state judicial branch, the head of a public procurement unit in the
4310	state judicial branch;

4311	(c) as it relates to the state executive branch, the chief procurement officer;
4312	(d) as it relates to a local public procurement unit other than a local public procurement
4313	unit described in Subsection (31)(e) or (f), the chief procurement officer;
4314	(e) as it relates to a municipality or county that adopts this chapter, the legislative body
4315	of the municipality or county; or
4316	(f) as it relates to a state purchasing unit, the head of the state purchasing unit, or a
4317	designee of the head of the state purchasing unit.
4318	(32) "Professional service" means a service that requires a high degree of specialized
4319	knowledge and discretion in the performance of the service, including:
4320	(a) legal services;
4321	(b) consultation services;
4322	(c) architectural services;
4323	(d) engineering;
4324	(e) design;
4325	(f) underwriting;
4326	(g) bond counsel;
4327	(h) financial advice; or
4328	(i) construction management.
4329	(33) "Request for information" means a nonbinding process where a public
4330	procurement unit requests information relating to a procurement item.
4331	(34) "Request for proposals" includes all documents, including documents that are
4332	attached or incorporated by reference, used for soliciting proposals to provide a procurement
4333	item to a public procurement unit.
4334	(35) "Responsible" means that a bidder or offeror:
4335	(i) is capable, in all respects, to fully perform the contract requirements solicited in an
4336	invitation for bids or a request for proposals; and
4337	(ii) has the integrity and reliability to ensure good faith performance.
4338	(36) "Responsive" means that a bidder or offeror submits a response to an invitation for

4339	bids or a request for proposals that conforms in all material respects to the invitation for bids or
4340	request for proposals.
4341	[(26)] (37) "Sealed" [does not preclude acceptance of] means manually or
4342	electronically sealed and submitted bids or proposals [in addition to bids or proposals manually
4343	sealed and submitted].
4344	[(27)] (38) (a) "Services" means the furnishing of labor, time, or effort by a contractor,
4345	not involving the delivery of a specific end product other than [reports which are merely] \underline{a}
4346	report that is incidental to the required performance. [H]
4347	(b) "Services" does not include an employment [agreements] agreement or a collective
4348	bargaining [agreements] agreement.
4349	[(28)] (39) "Specification" means any description of the physical or functional
4350	characteristics, or [of the] nature of a [supply, service, technology, or construction item. It may
4351	include] procurement item included in an invitation for bids or a request for proposals, or
4352	otherwise specified or agreed to by a public procurement unit, including a description of [any]:
4353	(a) a requirement for inspecting[, testing,] or testing a procurement item; or
4354	(b) preparing a [supply, service, technology, or construction] procurement item for
4355	delivery.
4356	[(29) "State agency" or "the state" means any department, division, commission,
4357	council, board, bureau, committee, institution, government corporation, or other establishment,
4358	official, or employee of this state.]
4359	[(30) "State public procurement unit" means the Division of Purchasing and General
4360	Services and any other purchasing agency of this state.]
4361	(40) "Standard procurement process" means one of the following methods of obtaining
4362	a procurement item:
4363	(a) bidding, as described in Part 6, Bidding;
4364	(b) request for proposals, as described in Part 7, Request for Proposals; or
4365	(c) small purchases, in accordance with the requirements established under Section
4366	<u>63G-6a-408.</u>

4367	(41) (a) "Subcontractor" means a person under contract with a contractor or another
4368	subcontractor to provide services or labor for design or construction.
4369	(b) "Subcontractor" includes a trade contractor or specialty contractor.
4370	(c) "Subcontractor" does not include a supplier who provides only materials,
4371	equipment, or supplies to a contractor or subcontractor.
4372	[(31)] (42) "Supplies" means all property, including equipment, materials, and printing.
4373	[(32) "Using agency" means any state agency which utilizes any supplies, services, or
4374	construction procured under this chapter.]
4375	(43) "Tie bid" means that the lowest responsive and responsible bids are identical in
4376	price.
4377	Section 81. Section 63G-6a-104 is enacted to read:
4378	63G-6a-104. Definitions of government entities.
4379	As used in this chapter:
4380	(1) "Authorized purchasing entity" means:
4381	(a) a non-executive state procurement unit; or
4382	(b) a state purchasing unit.
4383	(2) "External procurement unit" means:
4384	(a) a buying organization not located in this state which, if located in this state, would
4385	qualify as a public procurement unit; or
4386	(b) an agency of the United States.
4387	(3) "Local government unit" means:
4388	(a) a county;
4389	(b) a municipality;
4390	(c) a political subdivision created by counties or municipalities under Title 11, Chapter
4391	13, Interlocal Cooperation Act; or
4392	(d) the Utah Housing Corporation.
4393	(4) "Local public procurement unit" means:
4394	(a) a local district as defined in Section 17B-1-102:

4395	(b) a special service district, as defined in Section 17D-1-102;
4396	(c) a local building authority, as defined in Section 17D-2-102;
4397	(d) a conservation district, as described in Title 17D, Chapter 3, Conservation District
4398	Act;
4399	(e) a public corporation, other than the Utah Housing Corporation;
4400	(f) a community development and renewal agency;
4401	(g) a school district;
4402	(h) a public school, including a local school board or a charter school;
4403	(i) Utah Schools for the Deaf and Blind;
4404	(j) the Utah Education Network;
4405	(k) an institution of higher education of the state;
4406	(l) a county or municipality, and each office or agency of the county or municipality,
4407	unless the county or municipality adopts its own procurement code by ordinance;
4408	(m) a county or municipality, and each office or agency of the county or municipality,
4409	that has adopted this entire chapter by ordinance;
4410	(n) a county or municipality, and each office or agency of the county or municipality,
4411	that has adopted a portion of this chapter by ordinance, to the extent that the term is used in the
4412	adopted portion of this chapter; or
4413	(o) two or more of the entities described in this Subsection (4), acting under legislation
4414	that authorizes intergovernmental cooperation.
4415	(5) "Non-executive state procurement unit" means:
4416	(a) the state legislative branch;
4417	(b) a public procurement unit in the state legislative branch;
4418	(c) the state judicial branch;
4419	(d) a public procurement unit in the state judicial branch; or
4420	(e) a public transit district, organized under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 8, Public
4421	Transit District Act.
4422	(6) "Public entity" means any state or local government entity, located in Utah

4423	including:
4424	(a) the state legislative branch, including the Legislature and each house, staff office,
4425	committee, subcommittee, or other part of the state legislative branch;
4426	(b) the state executive branch, including the governor's office and each department,
4427	division, agency, office, and bureau in the state executive branch;
4428	(c) the state judicial branch, including the Utah Supreme Court, the Utah Court of
4429	Appeals, the Judicial Council, and each court, office, and other part of the state judicial branch;
4430	(d) a municipality or county, regardless of whether the municipality or county has
4431	adopted this chapter or any part of this chapter;
4432	(e) a public procurement unit; and
4433	(f) any other entity that expends public funds.
4434	(7) (a) "Public procurement unit" means:
4435	(i) the Senate;
4436	(ii) the House of Representatives;
4437	(iii) a staff office of the state legislative branch;
4438	(iv) a state executive branch department, division, office, bureau, or agency;
4439	(v) the Utah State Supreme Court;
4440	(vi) the Judicial Council;
4441	(vii) a state judicial district; or
4442	(viii) a local public procurement unit.
4443	(b) "Public procurement unit" does not include a political subdivision created by
4444	counties or municipalities under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act.
4445	(8) "State purchasing unit" means:
4446	(a) the division;
4447	(b) the following entities, to the extent that the entities have express statutory authority
4448	to engage in a procurement without the involvement of the division:
4449	(i) the State Building Board, created in Section 63A-5-101;
4450	(ii) the Division of Facilities Construction and Management, created in Section

4451	<u>63A-5-201;</u>
4452	(iii) the attorney general's office;
4453	(iv) the Department of Transportation, created in Section 72-1-201; or
4454	(v) a district court;
4455	(c) an institution of higher education of the state;
4456	(d) a school district;
4457	(e) a public school, including a local school board or a charter school; or
4458	(f) a local public procurement unit.
4459	Section 82. Section 63G-6a-105, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-104 is
4460	renumbered and amended to read:
4461	[63G-6-104]. <u>63G-6a-105.</u> Application of chapter.
4462	[(1) This chapter applies only to contracts solicited or entered into after the effective
4463	date of this chapter unless the parties agree to its application to a contract solicited or entered
4464	into prior to the effective date.]
4465	(1) The provisions of this chapter that are enacted on July 1, 2012, apply only to a
4466	procurement advertised, or begun on or after July 1, 2012, unless the parties agree to have the
4467	provisions apply with respect to a procurement that was advertised or begun before July 1,
4468	2012, but is not completed before July 1, 2012.
4469	(2) (a) Except as provided in Section [63G-6-105] 63G-6a-109, this chapter shall apply
4470	to every expenditure of public funds irrespective of [their source] the source of the funds,
4471	including federal assistance, by any [state agency] public procurement unit, under any contract.
4472	(b) The provisions of this chapter do not apply to a public entity that is not a public
4473	procurement unit.
4474	[(3) (a) Only the following sections shall apply to local public procurement units:
4475	Sections 63G-6-103, 63G-6-105, 63G-6-301, 63G-6-303 through 63G-6-420, 63G-6-422,
4476	63G-6-501 through 63G-6-602, 63G-6-801 through 63G-6-806, and 63G-6-815 through
4477	63G-6-819; provided, however, that, except as provided in Sections 63G-6-906 and
4478	63G-6-907, the jurisdiction of the procurement appeals board is limited to matters involving

4479	state agencies.]
4480	[(b) Subsections 63G-6-208(1)(b), 63G-6-504(4), and 63G-6-505(2) also apply to local
4481	public procurement units.]
4482	[(c) For the purpose of application of those sections and subsections to a local public
4483	procurement unit, "state" shall mean "local public procurement unit," "chief procurement
4484	officer" or "head of a purchasing agency" shall mean any person conducting procurement for a
4485	local public procurement unit, and "rules and regulations" shall mean ordinances and rules and
4486	regulations promulgated by a local public procurement unit to implement or supplement those
4487	sections.]
4488	[(d) In addition to the sections and subsections listed above and except]
4489	(3) Except as provided in Subsection 17B-1-108(3) relating to local districts, each local
4490	public procurement unit shall adopt ordinances relating to the procurement of
4491	architect-engineer services not inconsistent with the provisions of Part [7] 15,
4492	Architect-Engineer Services.
4493	[(e)] (4) Any [other] section of this chapter, or its implementing regulations, may be
4494	adopted by any local [public procurement] government unit.
4495	[(f) Any other implementing regulations adopted by local public procurement units
4496	may not be inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter.]
4497	(5) Rules adopted under this chapter shall be consistent with the provisions of this
4498	chapter.
4499	(6) A state purchasing unit or a public procurement unit may not adopt rules, policies,
4500	or regulations that are inconsistent with this chapter.
4501	[(4)] (7) Unless otherwise provided by statute, this chapter does not apply to
4502	procurement of real property.
4503	Section 83. Section 63G-6a-106, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-207 is
4504	renumbered and amended to read:
4505	[63G-6-207]. 63G-6a-106. Specific statutory authority Limitations on
4506	authority of chief procurement officer and division.

4507	(1) The [authority to procure certain supplies, services, and construction given the
4508	public procurement units governed by] procurement authority given to a public procurement
4509	unit under the following provisions shall be retained, and shall be applied only to the extent
4510	described in those provisions:
4511	(a) Title 53B, State System of Higher Education;
4512	(b) Title 63A, Chapter 5, State Building Board - Division of Facilities Construction
4513	and Management;
4514	(c) Title 67, Chapter 5, Attorney General;
4515	(d) Title 72, Transportation <u>Code</u> ; and
4516	(e) Title 78A, Chapter 5, District Courts.
4517	(2) [This authority extends only to supplies, services, and construction to the extent
4518	provided in the cited chapters.] Except as otherwise provided in Sections [63G-6-104 and
4519	63G-6-105, the respective purchasing agencies shall procure supplies, services, and
4520	construction] 63G-6a-105 and 63G-6a-109, a public procurement unit shall conduct a
4521	<u>procurement</u> in accordance with this chapter.
4522	(3) (a) The Department of Transportation may make rules governing the procurement
4523	of highway construction or improvement.
4524	(b) This Subsection (3) supersedes Subsections (1) and (2).
4525	[(4) The Legislature may procure supplies and services for its own needs.]
4526	(4) Except to the extent otherwise agreed to in a memorandum of understanding
4527	between the division and the following entities, the authority of the chief procurement officer
4528	and of the division does not extend to:
4529	(a) a non-executive state procurement unit;
4530	(b) a local government unit; or
4531	(c) a state purchasing unit, other than the division.
4532	(5) An entity described in Subsection (4) or a state purchasing unit, other than the
4533	division, may, without supervision, interference, or involvement by the chief procurement
4534	officer or the division, but consistent with the requirements of this chapter:

4535	(a) engage in a procurement process;
4536	(b) procure an item under an exception, as provided in this chapter, to the requirement
4537	to use a procurement process; or
4538	(c) otherwise engage in an act authorized or required by this chapter.
4539	(6) The attorney general may, in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, but
4540	without involvement by the division or the chief procurement officer:
4541	(a) retain outside counsel; or
4542	(b) procure litigation support services, including retaining an expert witness.
4543	(7) A public procurement unit, or a state purchasing unit, that is not represented by the
4544	attorney general's office may, in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, but without
4545	involvement by the division or the chief procurement officer:
4546	(a) retain outside counsel; or
4547	(b) procure litigation support services, including retaining an expert witness.
4548	(8) The state auditor's office may, in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, but
4549	without involvement by the division or the chief procurement officer, procure audit services.
4550	(9) The state treasurer may, in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, but
4551	without involvement by the division or the chief procurement officer, procure:
4552	(a) deposit and investment services; and
4553	(b) services related to issuing bonds.
4554	Section 84. Section 63G-6a-109, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-105 is
4555	renumbered and amended to read:
4556	[63G-6-105]. <u>63G-6a-109.</u> Exemptions from chapter Compliance with
4557	federal law.
4558	(1) [This chapter is] Except for Part 23, Unlawful Conduct and Penalties, the
4559	provisions of this chapter are not applicable to:
4560	(a) funds administered under the Percent-for-Art Program of the Utah Percent-for-Art
4561	Act[:];
4562	[(2) This chapter is not applicable to]

4563	(b) grants awarded by the state or contracts between the state and \underline{a} local public
4564	procurement [units] unit, except as provided in Part [9] 21, Intergovernmental Relations[-]; or
4565	(c) any action taken by a majority of both houses of the Legislature.
4566	$[\frac{3}{2}]$ This chapter $[\frac{3}{2}]$ does not prevent the state or a local public procurement
4567	unit from complying with the terms and conditions of any grant, gift, or bequest that is
4568	otherwise consistent with law.
4569	[(4)] (3) [When] Notwithstanding any conflicting provision of this chapter, when a
4570	procurement involves the expenditure of federal assistance [or], federal contract funds, or
4571	federal financial participation funds, the [chief procurement officer or head of a purchasing
4572	agency] public procurement unit or state purchasing unit shall comply with mandatory
4573	applicable federal law and regulations not reflected in this chapter.
4574	$[\frac{5}{2}]$ (4) This chapter $[\frac{1}{2}]$ does not supersede the requirements for retention or
4575	withholding of construction proceeds and release of construction proceeds as provided in
4576	Section 13-8-5.
4577	Section 85. Section 63G-6a-110 is enacted to read:
4578	63G-6a-110. Procurements under direction and control of division Exception.
4579	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a public procurement unit may not engage in
4580	a procurement unless:
4581	(a) the procurement is made under the direction and control of the division; or
4582	(b) the division, pursuant to rules made by the board, permits the public procurement
4583	unit to make the procurement on its own.
4584	(2) Subsection (1) does not apply to a public procurement unit that is:
4585	(a) a non-executive state procurement unit;
4586	(b) a local government unit; or
4587	(c) a state purchasing unit, other than the division.
4588	Section 86. Section 63G-6a-201 is enacted to read:
4589	Part 2. Procurement Policy Board
4590	<u>63G-6a-201.</u> Title.

4591	This part is known as "Procurement Policy Board."
4592	Section 87. Section 63G-6a-202, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-201 is
4593	renumbered and amended to read:
4594	[63G-6-201]. 63G-6a-202. Creation of Utah State Procurement Policy
4595	Board.
4596	(1) [(a)] There is created [a state procurement policy board] the Utah State
4597	Procurement Policy Board.
4598	[(b)] (2) The [policy board shall consist of] board consists of up to 10 members as
4599	follows:
4600	[(i)] (a) an employee of a state institution of higher education, appointed by the board
4601	of regents;
4602	[(ii)] (b) an employee of the Department of Human Services, appointed by the
4603	executive director of that department;
4604	[(iii)] (c) an employee of the Department of Transportation, appointed by the executive
4605	director of that department;
4606	[(iv)] (d) an employee of a school district appointed by a cooperative purchasing entity
4607	for school districts;
4608	[(v)] (e) an employee of the Division of Facilities Construction and Management
4609	appointed by the director of that division;
4610	[(vi)] (f) an employee of a county, appointed by the Utah Association of Counties;
4611	[(vii)] (g) an employee of a city, appointed by the Utah League of Cities and Towns;
4612	[(viii)] (h) an employee of a local district or special service district, appointed by the
4613	Utah Association of Special Districts;
4614	[(ix)] (i) the executive director of the Department of Technology Services or the
4615	executive director's designee; and
4616	[(x)] (j) the chief procurement officer or the chief procurement officer's designee.
4617	[(e)] (3) Members of the [policy] board shall be knowledgeable and experienced in,
4618	and have supervisory responsibility for, procurement in their official positions.

4619	[(2)] (4) A board member $[shall]$ may serve as long as the member meets the
4620	description in Subsection $[(1)(b)]$ (2) unless removed by the person or entity $[who appointed]$
4621	with the authority to appoint the board member.
4622	$\left[\frac{3}{5}\right]$ (a) The [policy] board shall:
4623	(i) adopt rules of procedure for conducting its business; and
4624	(ii) elect a chair to serve for one year.
4625	(b) The chair of the board shall be selected by a majority of the members of the board
4626	and may be elected to succeeding terms.
4627	(c) The chief procurement officer shall designate an employee of the [Division of
4628	Purchasing and General Services] division to serve as the nonvoting secretary to the policy
4629	board.
4630	[(4)] (6) A member of the board may not receive compensation or benefits for the
4631	member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
4632	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
4633	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
4634	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
4635	63A-3-107.
4636	Section 88. Section 63G-6a-203, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-202 is
4637	renumbered and amended to read:
4638	[63G-6-202]. Owers and duties of board.
4639	[(1) Except as otherwise provided in Section 63G-6-104 and Subsection
4640	63G-6-208(1)(b), the policy board shall:
4641	[(a) make rules, consistent with this chapter, governing the procurement, management,
4642	and control of any and all supplies, services, technology, and construction to be procured by the
4643	state; and]
4644	[(b)] (1) In addition to making rules in accordance with Section 63G-6a-402 and the
4645	other provisions of this chapter, the board shall consider and decide matters of policy within
4646	the provisions of this chapter, including those referred to it by the chief procurement officer.

4647	(2) (a) The [policy] board may:
4648	(i) audit and monitor the implementation of its rules and the requirements of this
4649	chapter;
4650	(ii) upon the request of a local public procurement unit, review that <u>local public</u>
4651	procurement unit's proposed rules to ensure that they are not inconsistent with the provisions of
4652	this chapter or rules made by the board; and
4653	(iii) approve the use of innovative procurement [methods proposed by local public
4654	procurement units] processes.
4655	(b) The [policy] board may not exercise authority over the award or administration of:
4656	(i) any particular [contact] contract; or
4657	(ii) [over] any dispute, claim, or litigation pertaining to any particular contract.
4658	(3) The board does not have authority over a matter involving:
4659	(a) a non-executive state procurement unit;
4660	(b) a local government unit; or
4661	(c) except as otherwise expressly provided in this chapter, a local public procurement
4662	<u>unit.</u>
4663	Section 89. Section 63G-6a-204, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-208 is
4664	renumbered and amended to read:
4665	[63G-6-208]. 63G-6a-204. Applicability of rules and regulations of Utah
4666	State Procurement Policy Board and State Building Board Report to interim
4667	committee.
4668	[(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2), the policy board shall make rules
4669	governing state procurement by complying with the procedures and requirements of Title 63G,
4670	Chapter 3, the Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.]
4671	[(b) Except for rules made under Subsection (1)(c), the procurement rules adopted by
4672	the policy board under this section apply to all local public procurement units unless the local
4673	public procurement unit's legislative body has adopted separate rules governing procurement.]
4674	[(c) The rules shall include provisions consistent with federal contract prohibition

4675	provisions of the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007 (Pub. L. No. 110-174) that
4676	prohibit a state agency from contracting with a person doing business in Sudan.]
4677	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), rules made by the board under this chapter
4678	shall govern all public procurement units for which the board is the applicable rulemaking
4679	authority.
4680	(2) The [State Building Board] building board rules governing procurement of
4681	construction, architect-engineer services, and leases apply to the procurement of construction,
4682	architect-engineer services, and leases of real property by the Division of Facilities
4683	Construction and Management.
4684	(3) An applicable rulemaking authority may make its own rules, consistent with this
4685	chapter, governing procurement by a person over which the applicable rulemaking authority
4686	has rulemaking authority.
4687	[(3)] (4) The board shall make a report [by] on or before July 1 of each year to [an
4688	appropriate] a legislative interim committee, designated by the Legislative Management
4689	Committee created under Section 36-12-6, on the establishment, implementation, and
4690	enforcement of the rules made under [Subsection (1)(c)] Section 63G-6a-203.
4691	Section 90. Section 63G-6a-205, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-209 is
4692	renumbered and amended to read:
4693	[63G-6-209]. 63G-6a-205. Procurement advisory councils.
4694	[(1) The policy board may establish a Procurement Advisory Council, which shall meet
4695	at least once a year for the discussion of problems and recommendations for improvement of
4696	the procurement process. When requested by the policy board, the Procurement Advisory
4697	Council may conduct studies, research, analyses, and make reports and recommendations with
4698	respect to subjects or matters within the jurisdiction of the policy board. The Procurement
4699	Advisory Council shall consist of representatives of state and local government and any other
4700	persons the policy board considers desirable.]
4701	[(2)] The chief procurement officer may appoint advisory [groups] councils to provide
4702	advice regarding any matters within the authority of the chief procurement officer.

4703	(3) Members of the Procurement Advisory Council and other advisory groups may be
4704	reimbursed for expenses incurred in the performance of their duties, as provided by the policy
4705	board.]
4706	Section 91. Section 63G-6a-301 is enacted to read:
4707	Part 3. Chief Procurement Officer
4708	<u>63G-6a-301.</u> Title.
4709	This part is known as "Chief Procurement Officer."
4710	Section 92. Section 63G-6a-302, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-203 is
4711	renumbered and amended to read:
4712	[63G-6-203]. 63G-6a-302. Chief procurement officer Appointment
4713	Qualifications Authority.
4714	(1) The executive director of the Department of Administrative Services, with the
4715	consent of the governor, shall appoint the chief procurement officer after considering
4716	recommendations from the [policy] board.
4717	(2) The chief procurement officer shall:
4718	(a) have a minimum of eight years' experience in the large-scale procurement of
4719	supplies and services or services and construction, at least five years of which shall have been
4720	in public or comparable private procurement within 12 years preceding the date of
4721	appointment; and
4722	(b) be a person with demonstrated executive and organizational ability.
4723	(3) The chief procurement officer appointed under Subsection (1) is also the director of
4724	the Division of Purchasing and General Services.
4725	(4) Except as otherwise expressly provided in this chapter, the chief procurement
4726	officer has authority over procurements by a public procurement unit, other than:
4727	(a) a non-executive procurement unit;
4728	(b) a local government unit; or
4729	(c) a state purchasing unit, other than the division.
4730	Section 93. Section 63G-6a-303 , which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-204 is

4/31	renumbered and amended to read:
4732	[63G-6-204]. 63G-6a-303. Duties of chief procurement officer.
4733	Except as otherwise specifically provided in this chapter, the chief procurement officer
4734	serves as the central procurement officer of the state and shall:
4735	(1) adopt office policies governing the internal functions of the [Division of Purchasing
4736	and General Services] division;
4737	(2) procure or supervise [the] each procurement [of all supplies, services, and
4738	construction needed by the state] over which the chief procurement officer has authority;
4739	[(3) exercise general supervision and control over all inventories or supplies belonging
4740	to the state;]
4741	[(4)] (3) establish and maintain programs for the inspection, testing, and acceptance of
4742	[supplies, services, and construction] each procurement item over which the chief procurement
4743	officer has authority;
4744	[(5)] (4) prepare statistical data concerning [the procurement and usage of all supplies,
4745	services, and construction] each procurement and procurement usage of a state procurement
4746	<u>unit;</u>
4747	[(6) before June 1, 1990, notify all public procurement units of the requirements of
4748	Section 63G-6-406 regarding purchases of recycled paper and recycled paper products,
4749	recycling requirements, and provide guidelines on the availability of recycled paper and paper
4750	products, including the sources of supply and the potential uses of various grades of recycled
4751	paper;]
4752	[(7) before July 1, 1992.]
4753	[(a) establish standards and specifications for determining which supplies are
4754	considered recycled, based upon the chief procurement officer's review of current definitions
4755	and standards employed by national procurement, product recycling, and other relevant
4756	organizations and the federal Environmental Protection Agency;]
4757	[(b) compile and update as necessary the specifications, a list of recycled supplies
4758	available on state contract, and sources where the supplies may be obtained;

4759	[(c) make the compiled information under Subsection (7)(b) available to:]
4760	[(i) all local government entities under Section 11-37-101;]
4761	[(ii) all local health departments under Section 26A-1-108.7;]
4762	[(iii) all procurement officers or other persons responsible for purchasing supplies
4763	within the public school system under Title 53A, State System of Public Education;]
4764	[(iv) all procurement officers or other persons responsible for purchasing supplies
4765	within the state system of higher education under Title 53B, State System of Higher Education;
4766	and]
4767	[(v) all procurement officers or other persons responsible for purchasing supplies for
4768	all public procurement units as defined in Section 63G-6-103; and]
4769	[(d) present a written report to the Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Environment
4770	Interim Committee annually prior to November 30 regarding the purchases of recycled goods
4771	on state contracts during the prior fiscal year; and]
4772	$\left[\frac{8}{5}\right]$ ensure that:
4773	(a) before approving a [purchase, lease, or rental] procurement not covered by an
4774	existing statewide contract for information technology or telecommunications supplies or
4775	services, the chief information officer and the agency have [provided] stated in writing to the
4776	division[5] that the needs analysis required in Section 63F-1-205 was completed, unless the
4777	[purchase, lease, or rental] procurement is approved in accordance with Title 63M, Chapter 1,
4778	Part 26, Government Procurement Private Proposal Program; and
4779	(b) the oversight authority required by Subsection $[(8)](5)(a)$ is not delegated outside
4780	the [Division of Purchasing and General Services.] division; and
4781	(6) provide training to public procurement units and to persons who do business with
4782	public procurement units.
4783	Section 94. Section 63G-6a-304, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-205 is
4784	renumbered and amended to read:
4785	[63G-6-205]. <u>63G-6a-304.</u> Delegation of authority.
4786	[Subject to rules and regulations]

4787	(1) In accordance with rules made by the board, the chief procurement officer may
4788	delegate authority to designees or to any department, agency, or official.
4789	(2) For a procurement [process] under Title 63M, Chapter 1, Part 26, Government
4790	Procurement Private Proposal Program, any delegation by the chief procurement officer under
4791	this section shall be made to the Governor's Office of Economic Development.
4792	Section 95. Section 63G-6a-305 , which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-302 is
4793	renumbered and amended to read:
4794	[63G-6-302]. 63G-6a-305. Duty of chief procurement officer in
4795	maintaining specifications.
4796	(1) The chief procurement officer [shall] may prepare, issue, revise, maintain, and
4797	monitor the use of specifications for [supplies, services, construction, and technology required
4798	by the state] each procurement over which the chief procurement officer has authority.
4799	(2) The chief procurement officer shall obtain expert advice and assistance from
4800	personnel of [using agencies] public procurement units in the development of specifications
4801	and may delegate in writing to a [using agency] public procurement unit the authority to
4802	prepare and utilize its own specifications.
4803	(3) For a procurement [process] under Title 63M, Chapter 1, Part 26, Government
4804	Procurement Private Proposal Program, any delegation by the chief procurement officer under
4805	this section shall be made to the Governor's Office of Economic Development.
4806	Section 96. Section 63G-6a-401 is enacted to read:
4807	Part 4. General Procurement Provisions
4808	<u>63G-6a-401.</u> Title.
4809	This part is known as "General Procurement Provisions."
4810	Section 97. Section 63G-6a-402 is enacted to read:
4811	63G-6a-402. Public procurement unit required to comply with Utah Procurement
4812	Code and applicable rules Rulemaking authority Reporting.
4813	(1) Except as otherwise provided in Section 63G-6a-109, Section 63G-6a-403, Part 8,
4814	Exceptions to Procurement Requirements, or elsewhere in this chapter, a public procurement

4815	unit may not obtain a procurement item, unless:
4816	(a) if the public procurement unit is an authorized purchasing entity, the public
4817	procurement unit:
4818	(i) uses a procurement process; and
4819	(ii) complies with:
4820	(A) the requirements of this chapter; and
4821	(B) the rules made pursuant to this chapter by the applicable rulemaking authority;
4822	(b) except as provided in Subsection (2)(a), if the public procurement unit is a local
4823	government unit, the public procurement unit complies with:
4824	(i) the requirements of this chapter that are adopted by the local government unit; and
4825	(ii) all other procurement requirements that the local government unit is required to
4826	comply with; or
4827	(c) if the public procurement unit is not a public procurement unit described in
4828	Subsections (1)(a) or (b), the public procurement unit:
4829	(i) obtains the procurement item under the direction and approval of the division,
4830	unless otherwise provided by a rule made by the board;
4831	(ii) uses a procurement process; and
4832	(iii) complies with:
4833	(A) the requirements of this chapter; and
4834	(B) the rules made pursuant to this chapter by the applicable rulemaking authority.
4835	(2) (a) Subsection (1)(b) does not apply to a political subdivision created by counties or
4836	municipalities under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, if the political
4837	subdivision does not receive or expend tax revenue.
4838	(b) Subject to Subsection (3), the applicable rulemaking authority shall make rules
4839	relating to the management and control of procurements and procurement procedures by a
4840	public procurement unit.
4841	(3) (a) Rules made under Subsection (2) shall ensure compliance with the federal
4842	contract prohibition provisions of the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007 (Pub

1843	L. No. 110-174) that prohibit contracting with a person doing business in Sudan.
1844	(b) The State Building Board rules governing procurement of construction,
1845	architect-engineer services, and leases apply to the procurement of construction,
1846	architect-engineer services, and leases of real property by the Division of Facilities
1847	Construction and Management.
1848	(4) An applicable rulemaking authority that is subject to Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1849	Administrative Rulemaking Act, shall make the rules described in this chapter in accordance
4850	with the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
4851	(5) The State Building Board shall make a report on or before July 1 of each year to a
4852	legislative interim committee, designated by the Legislative Management Committee created
4853	under Section 36-12-6, on the establishment, implementation, and enforcement of the rules
4854	made by the State Building Board under this chapter.
4855	Section 98. Section 63G-6a-403 is enacted to read:
4856	63G-6a-403. Prequalification of potential bidders or offerers.
4857	(1) A public procurement unit may, in accordance with this section:
4858	(a) prequalify potential bidders or offerors to provide any type of procurement item
4859	specified by the public procurement unit; and
4860	(b) limit participation in an invitation for bids or a request for proposals to the
4861	prequalified potential bidders or offerors for the specified type of procurement item.
4862	(2) To prequalify potential bidders or offerors to provide a specified type of
4863	procurement item, a public procurement unit shall issue a request for qualifications.
4864	(3) A public procurement unit that issues a request for qualifications shall:
4865	(a) publish the request for qualifications in accordance with the requirements of
4866	Section 63G-6a-402;
4867	(b) state in the request for qualifications:
4868	(i) the type of procurement item to which the request for qualifications relates;
4869	(ii) the scope of work to be performed;
4870	(iii) the instructions and the deadline for providing information in response to the

4871	request for qualifications;
4872	(iv) the minimum criteria for prequalification;
4873	(v) the period of time during which the list of prequalified potential bidders or offerors
4874	will remain in effect, which may not be longer than 18 months after the list of prequalified
4875	potential bidders or offerors is made available to the public under Subsection (8)(b); and
4876	(vi) that a public procurement unit may limit participation in an invitation for bids or a
4877	request for proposals, during the time period described in Subsection (3)(b)(v), to the potential
4878	bidders or offerors that are prequalified to provide the specified type of procurement item.
4879	(4) The minimum criteria described in Subsection (3)(b)(iv):
4880	(a) shall include the prequalification requirements unique to the procurement;
4881	(b) may include performance rating criteria; and
4882	(c) may not be so restrictive that the criteria unreasonably limit competition.
4883	(5) A public procurement unit may, before making a final list of prequalified bidders or
4884	offerors, request additional information to clarify responses made to the request for
4885	prequalifications.
4886	(6) A potential bidder or offeror shall be included on the list of prequalified potential
4887	bidders or offerors if the bidder or offeror:
4888	(a) submits a timely, responsive response to the request for prequalifications; and
4889	(b) meets the minimum criteria for qualification described in Subsection (3)(b)(iv).
4890	(7) If a request for qualifications will result in only one potential bidder or offeror
4891	being placed on the list of prequalified potential bidders or offerors:
4892	(a) the public procurement unit shall cancel the request for qualifications; and
4893	(b) the list may not be used by the public procurement unit.
4894	(8) The public procurement unit shall:
4895	(a) before making the list of prequalified potential bidders or offerors available to the
4896	public, provide each potential bidder or offeror who provided information in response to the
4897	request, but who did not meet the minimum qualifications for placement on the list, a written
4898	justification statement describing why the potential bidder or offeror did not meet the criteria

4899	for inclusion on the list; and
4900	(b) within 30 days after the day of the deadline described in Subsection (3)(b)(iii),
4901	make the list of prequalified potential bidders or offerors available to the public.
4902	Section 99. Section 63G-6a-404 is enacted to read:
4903	63G-6a-404. Approved contractor list.
4904	(1) An authorized purchasing entity may compile a list of approved contractors from
4905	which procurement items may be obtained.
4906	(2) An approved contractor list may only be compiled from:
4907	(a) timely, responsive bids or responses received in response to:
4908	(i) an invitation for bids; or
4909	(ii) a request for proposals; or
4910	(b) timely, responsive responses to:
4911	(i) the prequalification process described in Section 63G-6a-403; or
4912	(ii) the process described in Part 15, Architect-Engineer Services.
4913	(3) In order to ensure equal treatment of all contractors on a contractor list, an
4914	authorized purchasing entity shall use one of the following methods in an unbiased manner:
4915	(a) a rotation system, organized alphabetically, numerically, or randomly;
4916	(b) assigning contractors to a specified geographical area; or
4917	(c) classifying each contractor based on each contractor's particular expertise or field.
4918	Section 100. Section 63G-6a-405 is enacted to read:
4919	63G-6a-405. Multiple award contracts.
4920	(1) An authorized purchasing entity may enter into multiple award contracts with
4921	bidders or offerors.
4922	(2) Multiple award contracts may be in an authorized purchasing entity's best interest if
4923	award to two or more bidders or offerors for similar procurement items is needed or desired for
4924	adequate delivery, service, availability, or product compatibility.
4925	(3) An authorized purchasing entity shall:
4926	(a) exercise care to protect and promote competition among bidders or offerors when

1927	seeking to enter into multiple award contracts;
1928	(b) name all eligible users of the multiple award contracts in the invitation for bids or
1929	request for proposals; and
4930	(c) if the authorized purchasing entity anticipates entering into multiple award
4931	contracts before issuing the invitation for bids or request for proposals, state in the invitation
4932	for bids or request for proposals that the authorized purchasing entity may enter into multiple
4933	award contracts at the end of the procurement process.
1934	(4) An authorized purchasing entity that enters into multiple award contracts shall:
4935	(a) obtain all of its normal, recurring requirements for the procurement items that are
1936	the subject of the contracts until the contracts terminate; and
1937	(b) reserve the right to obtain the procurement items described in Subsection (4)(a)
1938	separately from the contracts if:
1939	(i) there is a need to obtain a quantity of the procurement items that exceeds the
4940	amount specified in the contracts; or
4941	(ii) the procurement officer makes a written finding that the procurement items
1942	available under the contract will not effectively or efficiently meet a nonrecurring special need
1943	of a public procurement unit.
1944	(5) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(b), if an authorized purchasing entity enters into a
1945	multiple award contract under this section, another authorized purchasing entity that is not a
1946	signatory to the contract may, but is not required to, obtain a procurement item under the
1947	contract.
1948	(6) An applicable rulemaking authority may make rules to further regulate a
1949	procurement under this section.
4950	Section 101. Section 63G-6a-406 is enacted to read:
4951	63G-6a-406. Public notice of procurement process.
4952	(1) An authorized purchasing entity that issues an invitation for bids, a request for
1953	proposals, or another document required by this chapter to be published in accordance with this
1954	section, shall provide public notice that includes:

4955	(a) the name of the authorized purchasing entity and the public procurement unit
4956	acquiring the procurement item;
4957	(b) information on how to contact the authorized purchasing entity in relation to the
4958	invitation for bids, request for proposals, or other document;
4959	(c) for an invitation for bids or a request for proposals, the date of the opening and
4960	closing of the invitation for bids or request for proposals;
4961	(d) information on how to obtain a copy of the invitation for bids, request for
4962	proposals, or other document; and
4963	(e) a general description of the procurement items that will be obtained through the
4964	procurement process.
4965	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), the authorized purchasing entity shall publish
4966	the notice described in Subsection (1), using at least one of the following methods:
4967	(a) at least 10 days before the day of the deadline for submission of a bid or other
4968	response, publish the notice:
4969	(i) in a newspaper of general circulation in the state; or
4970	(ii) in a newspaper of local circulation in the area:
4971	(A) directly impacted by the procurement; or
4972	(B) over which the public procurement unit has jurisdiction; or
4973	(b) at least 10 consecutive days before the day of the deadline for submission of a bid
4974	or other response, publish the notice:
4975	(i) on the main website for the authorized purchasing entity or public procurement unit;
4976	<u>or</u>
4977	(ii) on a state website that is owned, managed by, or provided under contract with, the
4978	division for posting a public procurement notice.
4979	(3) An authorized purchasing entity may reduce the 10-day period described in
4980	Subsection (2), if the procurement officer or the procurement officer's designee signs a written
4981	statement that:
4982	(a) states that a shorter time is needed; and

4983	(b) as it relates to an invitation for bids or a request for proposals, determines that
4984	competition from multiple sources may be obtained within the shorter period of time.
4985	(4) An authorized purchasing entity shall make a copy of an invitation for bids, a
4986	request for proposals, or any other document described in Subsection (1), available for public
4987	inspection at the main office of the authorized purchasing entity or on the website described in
4988	Subsection (2)(b).
4989	Section 102. Section 63G-6a-407, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-303 is
4990	renumbered and amended to read:
4991	[63G-6-303]. <u>63G-6a-407.</u> Purpose of specifications.
4992	(1) All specifications shall seek to promote the overall economy and best use for the
4993	purposes intended and encourage competition in satisfying the [state's] needs of the public
4994	procurement unit, and [shall] may not be unduly restrictive.
4995	(2) The requirements of this part regarding the purposes and nonrestrictiveness of
4996	specifications shall apply to all specifications, including[, but not limited to,] those prepared by
4997	architects, engineers, designers, and draftsmen for public contracts.
4998	Section 103. Section 63G-6a-408 is enacted to read:
4999	63G-6a-408. Small purchases.
5000	(1) The applicable rulemaking authority may make rules governing small purchases,
5001	including:
5002	(a) establishing the maximum expenditure that may qualify as a small purchase, unless
5003	otherwise provided by statute;
5004	(b) establishing expenditure thresholds and procurement requirements related to those
5005	thresholds; and
5006	(c) the use of electronic, telephone, or written quotes.
5007	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), a public procurement unit may not
5008	obtain a procurement item through a small purchase procurement process if the procurement
5009	item may be obtained through a state contract.
5010	(b) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply:

5011	(i) to a non-executive state procurement unit;
5012	(ii) if the procurement officer or the head of the state purchasing unit authorizes an
5013	exception to the requirement; or
5014	(iii) to a local public procurement unit.
5015	(c) An entity that is exempt from the requirements of Subsection (2)(a) is encouraged,
5016	but not required, to comply with Subsection (2)(a).
5017	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), a public procurement unit:
5018	(i) may not use the small purchase procurement process described in this section for
5019	ongoing, continuous, and regularly scheduled procurements; and
5020	(ii) shall make its ongoing, continuous, and regularly scheduled procurements through
5021	a contract awarded through a procurement process described in this chapter or an applicable
5022	exception to a procurement process.
5023	(b) Subsection (3)(a) does not apply to an ongoing, continuous, or regularly scheduled
5024	procurement to the extent that the total expenditures for the procurement during a fiscal year do
5025	not exceed the maximum expenditure that the public procurement unit is permitted to make
5026	under this section, as established by rule made by the applicable rulemaking authority.
5027	(4) It is unlawful for a person to intentionally or knowingly divide a procurement into
5028	one or more smaller procurements with the intent to make a procurement:
5029	(a) qualify as a small purchase, if, before dividing the procurement, it would not have
5030	qualified as a small purchase; or
5031	(b) meet a threshold established by rule made by the applicable rulemaking authority,
5032	if, before dividing the procurement, it would not have met the threshold.
5033	(5) A division of a procurement that is prohibited under Subsection (4) includes doing
5034	any of the following with the intent or knowledge described in Subsection (4):
5035	(a) making two or more separate purchases;
5036	(b) dividing an invoice or purchase order into two or more invoices or purchase orders;
5037	<u>or</u>
5038	(c) making smaller purchases over a period of time.

5039	(6) A person who violates Subsection (4) is subject to the criminal penalties described
5040	in Section 63G-6a-2305.
5041	(7) The Division of Finance within the Department of Administrative Services may
5042	conduct an audit of a public procurement unit in the state executive branch to verify
5043	compliance with the requirements of this section.
5044	(8) A public procurement unit in the state executive branch may not make a small
5045	purchase after January 1, 2013, unless the chief procurement officer certifies that the person
5046	responsible for procurements in the public procurement unit has satisfactorily completed
5047	training on this section and the rules made under this section.
5048	Section 104. Section 63G-6a-501 is enacted to read:
5049	Part 5. Request for Information
5050	<u>63G-6a-501.</u> Title.
5051	This part is known as "Request for Information."
5052	Section 105. Section 63G-6a-502 is enacted to read:
5053	63G-6a-502. Purpose of request for information.
5054	(1) The purpose of a request for information is to:
5055	(a) obtain information, comments, or suggestions from potential bidders or offerors
5056	before issuing an invitation for bids or request for proposals;
5057	(b) determine whether to issue an invitation for bids or a request for proposals; and
5058	(c) generate interest in a potential invitation for bids or a request for proposals.
5059	(2) A request for information may be useful in order to:
5060	(a) prepare to issue an invitation for bids or request for proposals for an unfamiliar or
5061	complex procurement;
5062	(b) determine the market availability of a procurement item; or
5063	(c) determine best practices, industry standards, performance standards, product
5064	specifications, and innovations relating to a procurement item.
5065	Section 106. Section 63G-6a-503 is enacted to read:
5066	63C-62-503 Request for information and response nonhinding

5067	(1) A request for information is not a procurement process and may not be used to
5068	make a purchase or enter into a contract. A public procurement unit is required to use a
5069	procurement process, or comply with an exception to the requirement to use a procurement
5070	process, in order to make a purchase or enter into a contract.
5071	(2) A response to a request for information is not an offer and may not be accepted to
5072	form a binding contract.
5073	Section 107. Section 63G-6a-504 is enacted to read:
5074	63G-6a-504. Contents of request for information.
5075	A request for information may seek a wide range of information, including:
5076	(1) availability of a procurement item;
5077	(2) delivery schedules;
5078	(3) industry standards and practices;
5079	(4) product specifications;
5080	(5) training;
5081	(6) new technologies;
5082	(7) capabilities of potential providers of a procurement item; and
5083	(8) alternate solutions.
5084	Section 108. Section 63G-6a-601 is enacted to read:
5085	Part 6. Bidding
5086	<u>63G-6a-601.</u> Title.
5087	This part is known as "Bidding."
5088	Section 109. Section 63G-6a-602 is enacted to read:
5089	63G-6a-602. Contracts awarded by bidding.
5090	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, an authorized purchasing entity shall
5091	award a contract for a procurement by bidding, in accordance with the rules of the applicable
5092	rulemaking authority.
5093	(2) The bidding procurement process is appropriate to use when cost is the major factor
5094	in determining the award of a procurement.

5095	Section 110. Section 63G-6a-603 is enacted to read:
5096	63G-6a-603. Invitation for bids Contents Notice.
5097	(1) The bidding procurement process begins when the authorized purchasing entity
5098	issues an invitation for bids.
5099	(2) An invitation for bids shall:
5100	(a) state the period of time during which bids will be accepted;
5101	(b) describe the manner in which a bid shall be submitted;
5102	(c) state the place where a bid shall be submitted; and
5103	(d) include, or incorporate by reference:
5104	(i) a description of the procurement items sought;
5105	(ii) the objective criteria that will be used to evaluate the bids; and
5106	(iii) the required contractual terms and conditions.
5107	(3) An authorized purchasing entity shall publish an invitation for bids in accordance
5108	with the requirements of Section 63G-6a-406.
5109	Section 111. Section 63G-6a-604 is enacted to read:
5110	63G-6a-604. Bid opening and acceptance.
5111	(1) Bids shall be opened:
5112	(a) publicly, except as provided in Section 63G-6a-611;
5113	(b) in the presence of one or more witnesses, unless an electronic bid opening process
5114	is used where bidders may see the opening of the bid electronically; and
5115	(c) at the time and place indicated in the invitation for bids.
5116	(2) Bids shall be accepted unconditionally, without alteration or correction, except as
5117	otherwise authorized by this chapter.
5118	(3) (a) The procurement officer shall reject a bid that is not responsive or responsible.
5119	(b) A bid that is not responsive includes a bid that:
5120	(i) is conditional;
5121	(ii) attempts to modify the bid requirements;
5122	(iii) contains additional terms or conditions; or

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5123	(iv) fails to conform with the requirements or specifications of the invitation for bids.
5124	(c) A bid that is not responsible includes a bid where the procurement officer
5125	reasonably concludes that the bidder or an employee, agent, or subcontractor of the bidder, at
5126	any tier, is unable to satisfactorily fulfill the bid requirements.
5127	(4) An authorized purchasing entity may not accept a bid after the time for submission
5128	of a bid has expired.
5129	(5) The procurement officer shall:
5130	(a) record the name of each bidder and the amount of each bid; and
5131	(b) after the bid is awarded, make the information described in Subsection (5)(a)
5132	available for public disclosure.
5133	Section 112. Section 63G-6a-605 is enacted to read:
5134	63G-6a-605. Correction or withdrawal of bids Cancellation of award.
5135	(1) Correction or withdrawal of inadvertently erroneous bids, or the cancellation of an
5136	award or a contract that is based on an unintentionally erroneous bid, may be made in
5137	accordance with the rules of the applicable rulemaking authority.
5138	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the following changes may not be made to a bid
5139	after the bid opening:
5140	(a) changes in bid pricing;
5141	(b) changes in the cost evaluation formula; or
5142	(c) changes in other provisions that are prejudicial to fair competition or to the interest
5143	of the public procurement unit.
5144	(3) A decision to permit the correction or withdrawal of a bid or the cancellation of an
5145	award or a contract under Subsection (1) shall be supported in a written document, signed by
5146	the procurement officer or the head of the authorized purchasing entity.
5147	Section 113. Section 63G-6a-606 is enacted to read:

63G-6a-606. Evaluation of bids -- Award -- Cancellation -- Disqualification.

described in the invitation for bids, which may include:

(1) An authorized purchasing entity shall evaluate each bid using the objective criteria

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5151	(a) experience;
5152	(b) performance ratings;
5153	(c) inspection:
5154	(d) testing;
5155	(e) quality:
5156	(f) workmanship;
5157	(g) time and manner of delivery;
5158	(h) references;
5159	(i) financial stability;
5160	<u>(j) cost;</u>
5161	(k) suitability for a particular purpose; or
5162	(1) other objective criteria specified in the invitation for bids.
5163	(2) Criteria not described in the invitation for bids may not be used to evaluate a bid.
5164	(3) The authorized purchasing entity shall:
5165	(a) award the contract as soon as practicable to:
5166	(i) the lowest responsive and responsible bidder who meets the objective criteria
5167	described in the invitation for bids; or
5168	(ii) if, in accordance with Subsection (4), the procurement officer or the head of the
5169	authorized purchasing entity disqualifies the bidder described in Subsection (3)(a)(i), the next
5170	lowest responsive and responsible bidder who meets the objective criteria described in the
5171	invitation for bids; or
5172	(b) cancel the invitation for bids without awarding a contract.
5173	(4) In accordance with Subsection (5), the procurement officer or the head of the
5174	authorized purchasing entity may disqualify a bidder for:
5175	(a) a violation of this chapter;
5176	(b) a violation of a requirement of the invitation for bids;
5177	(c) unlawful or unethical conduct; or
5178	(d) a change in circumstance that, had the change been known at the time the bid was

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5179	submitted, would have caused the bidder to not be the lowest responsive and responsible bidder
5180	who meets the objective criteria described in the invitation for bids.
5181	(5) A procurement officer or head of an authorized purchasing entity who disqualifies a
5182	bidder under Subsection (4) shall:
5183	(a) make a written finding, stating the reasons for disqualification; and
5184	(b) provide a copy of the written finding to the disqualified bidder.
5185	(6) If an authorized purchasing entity cancels an invitation for bids without awarding a
5186	contract, the authorized purchasing entity shall make available for public inspection a written
5187	justification for the cancellation.
5188	Section 114. Section 63G-6a-607 is enacted to read:
5189	63G-6a-607. Action when all bids are over budget.
5190	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2) or (3), if the fiscal officer for the public
5191	procurement unit certifies that all accepted bids exceed available funds and that the lowest
5192	responsive and responsible bidder does not exceed the available funds by more than 5%, the
5193	procurement officer may negotiate an adjustment of the bid price and bid requirements with the
5194	lowest responsive and responsible bidder in order to bring the bid within the amount of
5195	available funds.
5196	(2) A procurement officer may not adjust the bid requirements under Subsection (1) if
5197	there is a substantial likelihood that, had the adjustment been included in the invitation for
5198	bids, a person that did not submit a bid would have submitted a responsive, responsible, and
5199	competitive bid.
5200	(3) The Division of Facilities Construction and Management is exempt from the
5201	requirements of this section if:

Section 115. Section **63G-6a-608** is enacted to read:

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available funds; and

described in Subsection (3)(a).

(a) the building board adopts rules governing procedures when all accepted bids exceed

(b) the Division of Facilities Construction and Management complies with the rules

5207	63G-6a-608. Tie bids Resolution Copies provided to attorney general.
5208	(1) A procurement officer shall resolve a tie bid in accordance with a method
5209	established by rule made by the applicable rulemaking authority. The method may include
5210	awarding the tie bid:
5211	(a) to the tie bidder who:
5212	(i) is provider of state products, if no other tie bidder is a responsive provider of state
5213	products;
5214	(ii) is closest to the point of delivery;
5215	(iii) received the previous award; or
5216	(iv) will provide the earliest delivery date;
5217	(b) by drawing lots; or
5218	(c) by any other reasonable method of resolving a tie bid.
5219	(2) The method chosen by the procurement officer to resolve a tie bid shall be at the
5220	sole discretion of the procurement officer, subject to the rules established under Subsection (1).
5221	(3) A public procurement unit in the state executive branch shall provide a copy of the
5222	procurement to the attorney general if an award of a contract to a tie bidder exceeds \$100,000
5223	in expenditures.
5224	Section 116. Section 63G-6a-609 is enacted to read:
5225	63G-6a-609. Multiple stage bidding process.
5226	(1) An authorized purchasing entity may conduct a bid in multiple stages, to:
5227	(a) narrow the number of bidders who will progress to a subsequent stage;
5228	(b) prequalify bidders for subsequent stages, in accordance with Section 63G-6a-403;
5229	(c) enter into a contract for a single procurement; or
5230	(d) award multiple contracts for a series of upcoming procurements.
5231	(2) The invitation for bids for a multiple stage bidding process shall:
5232	(a) describe the requirements for, and purpose of, each stage of the process;
5233	(b) indicate whether the authorized purchasing entity intends to award:
5234	(i) a single contract; or

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5235	(ii) multiple contracts for a series of upcoming procurements; and
5236	(c) state that:
5237	(i) the first stage is for prequalification only;
5238	(ii) a bidder may not submit any pricing information in the first stage of the process;
5239	<u>and</u>
5240	(iii) bids in the second stage will only be accepted from a person who prequalifies in
5241	the first stage.
5242	(3) During the first stage, the authorized purchasing entity:
5243	(a) shall prequalify bidders to participate in subsequent stages, in accordance with
5244	Section 63G-6a-403;
5245	(b) shall prohibit the submission of pricing information until the final stage; and
5246	(c) may, before beginning the second stage, request additional information to clarify
5247	the qualifications of the bidders who submit timely responses.
5248	(4) Contracts may only be awarded for a procurement item described in stage one of
5249	the invitation for bids.
5250	(5) An authorized purchasing entity may conduct a bid in as many stages as it
5251	determines to be appropriate.
5252	(6) Except as otherwise expressly provided in this section, an authorized purchasing
5253	entity shall conduct a multiple stage process in accordance with this part.
5254	(7) The applicable rulemaking authority may make rules governing the use of a
5255	multiple stage process described in this section.
5256	Section 117. Section 63G-6a-610 is enacted to read:
5257	63G-6a-610. Contracts awarded by reverse auction.
5258	(1) Reverse auction bidding may be used if the procurement officer determines, in
5259	writing, that reverse auction bidding will provide the best value to the public procurement unit.
5260	(2) Reverse auction bidding is appropriate to use when there are multiple prequalified

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providers of a procurement item.

Section 118. Section **63G-6a-611** is enacted to read:

5263	<u>63G-6a-611.</u> Invitation for bids for reverse auction Notice contents
5264	Agreement to terms and conditions.
5265	(1) The reverse auction bidding process begins when an authorized purchasing entity
5266	issues an invitation for bids to prequalify bidders to participate in the reverse auction.
5267	(2) The invitation for bids shall:
5268	(a) state the period of time during which bids will be accepted;
5269	(b) state that the bid will be conducted by reverse auction;
5270	(c) describe the procurement items sought;
5271	(d) describe the minimum requirements to become prequalified;
5272	(e) state the required contractual terms and conditions; and
5273	(f) describe the procedure that the authorized purchasing entity will follow in
5274	conducting the reverse auction.
5275	(3) In order to participate in a reverse auction, a bidder shall agree to:
5276	(a) the specifications, and contractual terms and conditions, of the procurement; and
5277	(b) be trained in, and abide by, the procedure that the authorized purchasing entity will
5278	follow in conducting the reverse auction.
5279	(4) An authorized purchasing entity shall publish an invitation for bids for a reverse
5280	auction in accordance with the requirements of Section 63G-6a-406.
5281	Section 119. Section 63G-6a-612 is enacted to read:
5282	63G-6a-612. Conduct of reverse auction.
5283	(1) When conducting a reverse auction, an authorized purchasing entity:
5284	(a) may conduct the reverse auction at a physical location or by electronic means;
5285	(b) shall permit all prequalified bidders to participate in the reverse auction;
5286	(c) may not permit a bidder to participate in the reverse auction if the bidder did not
5287	prequalify to participate in the reverse auction;
5288	(d) may not accept a bid after the time for submission of a bid has expired;
5289	(e) shall update the bids on a real time basis; and
5290	(f) shall conduct the reverse auction in a manner that permits each hidder to:

5291	(i) bid against each other; and
5292	(ii) lower the bidder's price below the lowest bid before the reverse auction closes.
5293	(2) At the end of the reverse auction, the authorized purchasing entity shall:
5294	(a) award the contract as soon as practicable to the lowest responsive and responsible
5295	bidder who meets the objective criteria described in the invitation for bids; or
5296	(b) cancel the reverse auction without awarding a contract.
5297	(3) After the reverse auction is finished, the procurement officer shall make publicly
5298	available:
5299	(a) (i) the amount of the final bid submitted by each bidder during the reverse auction;
5300	<u>and</u>
5301	(ii) the identity of the bidder that submitted each final bid; and
5302	(b) if practicable:
5303	(i) the amount of each bid submitted during the reverse auction; and
5304	(ii) the identity of the bidder that submitted each bid.
5305	Section 120. Section 63G-6a-701 is enacted to read:
5306	Part 7. Request for Proposals
5307	<u>63G-6a-701.</u> Title.
5308	This part is known as "Request for Proposals."
5309	Section 121. Section 63G-6a-702 is enacted to read:
5310	63G-6a-702. Contracts awarded by request for proposals.
5311	(1) A request for proposals procurement process may be used instead of bidding if the
5312	procurement officer determines, in writing, that the request for proposals procurement process
5313	will provide the best value to the public procurement unit.
5314	(2) The request for proposals procurement process is appropriate to use for:
5315	(a) the procurement of professional services;
5316	(b) a design-build procurement;
5317	(c) when cost is not the most important factor to be considered in making the selection
5318	that is most advantageous to the public procurement unit; or

5319	(d) when factors, in addition to cost, are highly significant in making the selection that
5320	is most advantageous to the public procurement unit.
5321	Section 122. Section 63G-6a-703 is enacted to read:
5322	63G-6a-703. Request for proposals Notice Contents.
5323	(1) The request for proposals procurement process begins when the authorized
5324	purchasing entity issues a request for proposals.
5325	(2) A request for proposals shall:
5326	(a) state the period of time during which a proposal will be accepted;
5327	(b) describe the manner in which a proposal shall be submitted;
5328	(c) state the place where a proposal shall be submitted;
5329	(d) include, or incorporate by reference:
5330	(i) a description of the procurement items sought;
5331	(ii) a description of the subjective and objective criteria that will be used to evaluate
5332	the proposal; and
5333	(iii) the standard contractual terms and conditions required by the authorized
5334	purchasing entity;
5335	(e) state the relative weight that will be given to each score awarded for the criteria
5336	described in Subsection (2)(d)(ii), including cost;
5337	(f) state the formula that will be used to determine the score awarded for the cost of
5338	each proposal;
5339	(g) if the request for proposals will be conducted in multiple stages, as described in
5340	Section 63G-6a-710, include a description of the stages and the criteria and scoring that will be
5341	used to screen offerors at each stage; and
5342	(h) state that discussions may be conducted with offerors who submit proposals
5343	determined to be reasonably susceptible of being selected for award, followed by an
5344	opportunity to make best and final offers, but that proposals may be accepted without
5345	discussions.
5346	(3) An authorized nurchasing entity shall publish a request for proposals in accordance

5347	with the requirements of Section 63G-6a-406.
5348	Section 123. Section 63G-6a-704 is enacted to read:
5349	63G-6a-704. Opening of proposals and acceptance.
5350	(1) An authorized purchasing entity shall ensure that proposals are opened in a manner
5351	that avoids disclosing the contents to competing offerors during the evaluation process.
5352	(2) An authorized purchasing entity may not accept a proposal:
5353	(a) after the time for submission of a proposal has expired; or
5354	(b) that is not responsive to the request for proposals.
5355	Section 124. Section 63G-6a-705 is enacted to read:
5356	63G-6a-705. Discussions Best and final offers.
5357	(1) After proposals are received and opened, the authorized purchasing entity may
5358	conduct discussions with the offerors and allow the offerors to make best and final offers after
5359	the discussions.
5360	(2) The authorized purchasing entity shall:
5361	(a) ensure that each offeror receives fair and equal treatment with respect to the other
5362	offerors;
5363	(b) establish a schedule and procedures for conducting discussions;
5364	(c) ensure that information in each proposal and information gathered during
5365	discussions is not shared with other offerors until the contract is awarded;
5366	(d) ensure that auction tactics are not used in the discussion process, including
5367	discussing and comparing the costs and features of other proposals; and
5368	(e) set a common date and time for the submission of best and final offers.
5369	(3) If an offeror chooses not to participate in a discussion or does not make a timely
5370	best and final offer, the offer submitted by the offerors before the conduct of discussions shall
5371	be treated as the offeror's best and final offer.
5372	Section 125. Section 63G-6a-706 is enacted to read:
5373	63G-6a-706. Correction or withdrawal of proposal Cancellation of award.
5374	(1) Correction or withdrawal of an unintentionally erroneous proposal, or the

5375	cancellation of an award or contract that is based on an unintentionally erroneous proposal,
5376	may be made in accordance with the rules of the applicable rulemaking authority.
5377	(2) A decision to permit the correction or withdrawal of a proposal or the cancellation
5378	of an award or a contract under Subsection (1) shall be supported in a written document, signed
5379	by the procurement officer.
5380	Section 126. Section 63G-6a-707 is enacted to read:
5381	63G-6a-707. Evaluation of proposals Evaluation committee.
5382	(1) Each proposal shall be evaluated using the criteria described in the request for
5383	proposals, which may include:
5384	(a) experience;
5385	(b) performance ratings;
5386	(c) inspection;
5387	(d) testing;
5388	(e) quality;
5389	(f) workmanship;
5390	(g) time, manner, or schedule of delivery;
5391	(h) references;
5392	(i) financial stability;
5393	(j) suitability for a particular purpose;
5394	(k) management plans;
5395	<u>(1) cost; or</u>
5396	(m) other subjective or objective criteria specified in the request for proposals.
5397	(2) Criteria not described in the request for proposals may not be used to evaluate a
5398	proposal.
5399	(3) The authorized purchasing entity shall:
5400	(a) appoint an evaluation committee consisting of at least three individuals at least one
5401	of which is a representative of the user agency; and
5402	(b) ensure that the evaluation committee and each member of the evaluation

5403	committee:
5404	(i) does not have a conflict of interest with any of the offerors;
5405	(ii) can fairly evaluate each proposal;
5406	(iii) does not contact or communicate with an offeror for any reason other than
5407	conducting the procurement process; and
5408	(iv) conducts the evaluation in a manner that ensures a fair and competitive process
5409	and avoids the appearance of impropriety.
5410	(4) The evaluation committee may conduct interviews with, or participate in
5411	presentations by, the offerors.
5412	(5) Except as provided in Subsection (6) or (7), each member of the evaluation
5413	committee is prohibited from knowing, or having access to, any information relating to the
5414	cost, or the scoring of the cost, of a proposal until after the evaluation committee submits its
5415	final recommended scores on all other criteria to the authorized purchasing entity.
5416	(6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6), "management fee" includes only the following
5417	fees of the construction manager/general contractor:
5418	(i) preconstruction phase services;
5419	(ii) monthly supervision fees for the construction phase; and
5420	(iii) overhead and profit for the construction phase.
5421	(b) When selecting a construction manager/general contractor for a construction
5422	project, the evaluation committee:
5423	(i) may, at any time after the opening of the responses to the request for proposals, have
5424	access to, and consider, the management fee proposed by the offerors; and
5425	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (7), may not know or have access to any other
5426	information relating to the cost of construction submitted by the offerors, until after the
5427	evaluation committee submits its final recommended scores on all other criteria to the
5428	authorized purchasing entity.
5429	(7) An authorized purchasing entity is not required to comply with Subsection (5) if,
5430	before opening the responses to the request for proposals, the head of the authorized purchasing

5431	entity or a person designated by rule made by the applicable rulemaking authority:
5432	(a) signs a written statement:
5433	(i) indicating that, due to the nature of the proposal or other circumstances, it is in the
5434	best interest of the state to waive compliance with Subsection (5); and
5435	(ii) describing the nature of the proposal and the other circumstances relied upon to
5436	waive compliance with Subsection (5); and
5437	(b) makes the written statement available to the public, upon request.
5438	Section 127. Section 63G-6a-708 is enacted to read:
5439	63G-6a-708. Publication of award and scores Cost-benefit analysis.
5440	(1) The authorized purchasing entity shall, on the day on which the selection is
5441	announced, make available to each offeror and to the public a written statement that includes:
5442	(a) the name of the offeror found by the authorized purchasing entity to provide the
5443	greatest overall value to the public procurement unit, taking into account the cost and the other
5444	evaluation criteria described in the request for proposals; and
5445	(b) the scores awarded to each offeror by the evaluation committee for each evaluation
5446	criteria category described in the request for proposals.
5447	(2) If the contract is awarded to an offeror other than the lowest cost offeror, and the
5448	difference between the cost of the accepted proposal and the lowest proposal exceeds the
5449	greater of \$10,000 or 5% of the lowest cost offer, an authorized purchasing entity shall include
5450	with the statement described in Subsection (1), an informal written cost-benefit analysis that:
5451	(a) explains, in general terms, the advantage to the public procurement unit of
5452	awarding the contract to the higher cost offeror;
5453	(b) includes, except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), the estimated added financial
5454	value to the public procurement unit of each criteria that justifies awarding the contract to the
5455	higher cost offeror;
5456	(c) includes, to the extent that assigning a financial value to a particular criteria is not
5457	practicable, a statement describing:
5458	(i) why it is not practicable to assign a financial value to the criteria; and

5459	(ii) in nonfinancial terms, the advantage to the public procurement unit, based on the
5460	particular criteria, of awarding the contract to the higher cost offeror;
5461	(d) demonstrates that the value of the advantage to the public procurement unit of
5462	awarding the contract to the higher cost offeror exceeds the value of the difference between the
5463	cost of the higher cost offeror and the cost of the lower cost offerors; and
5464	(e) includes any other information required by rule made by the applicable rulemaking
5465	authority.
5466	Section 128. Section 63G-6a-709 is enacted to read:
5467	63G-6a-709. Award of contract Cancellation Disqualification.
5468	(1) After the evaluation and scoring of proposals is completed, the authorized
5469	purchasing entity shall:
5470	(a) award the contract as soon as practicable to:
5471	(i) the responsive and responsible offeror with the highest total score; or
5472	(ii) if, in accordance with Subsection (2), the procurement officer or the head of the
5473	authorized purchasing entity disqualifies the offeror described in Subsection (1)(a)(i), the
5474	responsive and responsible offeror with the next highest total score; or
5475	(b) cancel the request for proposals without awarding a contract.
5476	(2) In accordance with Subsection (3), the procurement officer or the head of the
5477	authorized purchasing entity may disqualify an offeror for:
5478	(a) a violation of this chapter;
5479	(b) a violation of a requirement of the request for proposals;
5480	(c) unlawful or unethical conduct; or
5481	(d) a change in circumstance that, had the change been known at the time the proposal
5482	was submitted, would have caused the proposal to not have the highest score.
5483	(3) A procurement officer or head of an authorized purchasing entity who disqualifies
5484	an offeror under Subsection (2) shall:
5485	(a) make a written finding, stating the reasons for disqualification; and
5486	(b) provide a copy of the written finding to the disqualified offeror.

5487	(4) If an authorized purchasing entity cancels a request for proposals without awarding
5488	a contract, the authorized purchasing entity shall make available for public inspection a written
5489	justification for the cancellation.
5490	Section 129. Section 63G-6a-710 is enacted to read:
5491	63G-6a-710. Multiple stage process.
5492	(1) An authorized purchasing entity may conduct a request for proposals in stages,
5493	where an earlier stage is used to qualify offerors for subsequent stages or to narrow the number
5494	of offerors that will move on to subsequent stages.
5495	(2) Except as otherwise expressly provided in this section, an authorized purchasing
5496	entity shall conduct a multiple stage process in accordance with this part.
5497	Section 130. Section 63G-6a-711 , which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-408.5 is
5498	renumbered and amended to read:
5499	[63G-6-408.5]. 63G-6a-711. Procurement for submitted proposal.
5500	(1) As used in this section:
5501	(a) "Committee" is as defined in Section 63M-1-2602.
5502	(b) "Initial proposal" is a proposal submitted by a private entity under Section
5503	63M-1-2605.
5504	(2) After receipt by the chief procurement officer of a copy of an initial proposal from
5505	the committee in accordance with Subsection 63M-1-2606(5), including any comment,
5506	suggestion, or modification to the initial proposal, the chief procurement officer shall initiate a
5507	procurement process in compliance with [Title 63G, Chapter 6, Utah Procurement Code] this
5508	<u>chapter</u> .
5509	(3) The chief procurement officer or designee shall:
5510	(a) review each detailed proposal received in accordance with Title 63M, Chapter 1,
5511	Part 26, Government Procurement Private Proposal Program; and
5512	(b) submit all detailed proposals that meet the guidelines established under Subsection
5513	63M-1-2608(1) to the committee for review under Section 63M-1-2609.
5514	(4) For purposes of this chapter, the Governor's Office of Economic Development is

5515	considered the state purchasing [agency] unit for a procurement process under Title 63M,
5516	Chapter 1, Part 26, Government Procurement Private Proposal Program.
5517	Section 131. Section 63G-6a-801 is enacted to read:
5518	Part 8. Exceptions to Procurement Requirements
5519	<u>63G-6a-801.</u> Title.
5520	This part is known as "Exceptions to Procurement Requirements."
5521	Section 132. Section 63G-6a-802 , which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-410 is
5522	renumbered and amended to read:
5523	[63G-6-410]. Sole source Award of contract without
5524	competition Notice.
5525	(1) As used in this section:
5526	(a) "Transitional costs" mean the costs of changing from an existing provider of, or
5527	type of, a procurement item to another provider of, or type of, procurement item.
5528	(b) "Transitional costs" include:
5529	(i) training costs;
5530	(ii) conversion costs;
5531	(iii) compatibility costs;
5532	(iv) system downtime;
5533	(v) disruption of service;
5534	(vi) staff time necessary to put the transition into effect;
5535	(vii) installation costs; and
5536	(viii) ancillary software, hardware, equipment, or construction costs.
5537	(c) "Transitional costs" do not include:
5538	(i) the costs of preparing for or engaging in a procurement process; or
5539	(ii) contract negotiation or contract drafting costs.
5540	(2) A contract may be awarded for a [supply, service, or construction] procurement
5541	item without competition [when, under rules and regulations, the chief] if the procurement
5542	officer, the head of [a purchasing agency, or a designee of either officer above the level of

5543	procurement officer] an authorized purchasing entity, or a designee of either who is senior to
5544	the procurement officer or the head of the authorized purchasing entity, determines in writing
5545	that:
5546	[(1)] (a) there is only one source for the [required supply, service, or construction]
5547	procurement item; or
5548	[(2)] (b) the award to a specific supplier, service provider, or contractor is a condition
5549	of a donation that will fund the full cost of the supply, service, or construction item.
5550	(3) Circumstances under which there is only one source for a procurement item may
5551	include:
5552	(a) where the most important consideration in obtaining a procurement item is the
5553	compatibility of equipment, technology, software, accessories, replacement parts, or service;
5554	(b) where a procurement item is needed for trial use or testing;
5555	(c) where transitional costs are unreasonable or cost prohibitive; or
5556	(d) procurement of public utility services.
5557	(4) The applicable rulemaking authority shall make rules regarding the publication of
5558	notice for a sole source procurement that, at a minimum, require publication of notice of a sole
5559	source procurement, in accordance with Section 63G-6a-406, if the cost of the procurement
5560	exceeds \$50,000.
5561	(5) An authorized purchasing entity who awards a sole source contract on behalf of a
5562	public procurement unit shall negotiate with the contractor to ensure that the terms of the
5563	contract, including price and delivery, are in the best interest of the state.
5564	(6) A public procurement unit may extend a contract for a reasonable period of time
5565	without engaging in a procurement process, if:
5566	(a) the award of a new contract for the procurement item is delayed due to a protest or
5567	appeal;
5568	(b) the procurement process is delayed due to unintentional error;
5569	(c) changes in industry standards require significant changes to specifications for the
5570	procurement item;

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5571	(d) the extension is necessary to prevent the loss of federal funds;
5572	(e) the extension is necessary to address a circumstance where the appropriation of
5573	state or federal funds has been delayed; or
5574	(f) the extension covers the period of time during which contract negotiations with a
5575	new provider are being conducted.
5576	Section 133. Section 63G-6a-803 is enacted to read:
5577	63G-6a-803. Emergency procurement.
5578	(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a procurement officer or the
5579	procurement officer's designee may authorize an emergency procurement without using a
5580	standard procurement process when an emergency condition exists.
5581	(2) A procurement officer who authorizes an emergency procurement under Subsection
5582	<u>(1) shall:</u>
5583	(a) make the authorization in writing, stating the emergency condition upon which the
5584	emergency procurement is made; and
5585	(b) ensure that the procurement is made with as much competition as reasonably
5586	practicable while avoiding harm, or a risk of harm, to the public health, safety, welfare, or
5587	property.
5588	Section 134. Section 63G-6a-804, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-423 is
5589	renumbered and amended to read:
5590	[63G-6-423]. 63G-6a-804. Purchase of prison industry goods.
5591	(1) [All] (a) A public procurement [units] unit that is not a political subdivision shall
5592	purchase goods and services produced by the Utah Correctional Industries Division as provided
5593	[by] in this section[, which is an exemption from this chapter. All political subdivisions].
5594	(b) A political subdivision of the state may, and is encouraged to, purchase [these]
5595	goods and services [and are encouraged to do so when feasible] under this section.
5596	(c) A public procurement unit is not required to use a procurement process to purchase

(2) [By] On or before July 1 of each year, the director of the Utah Correctional

goods or services under this section.

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(a) publish and distribute to all [state agencies and interested political subdivisions] public procurement units and other interested public entities a catalog of goods and services provided by the Correctional Industries Division[. The catalog shall include], including a description and price of each item offered for sale[. The catalog shall be updated and revised]; and

- (b) update and revise the catalog described in Subsection (2)(a) during the year as the director considers necessary.
- (3) (a) [State departments, agencies, and institutions] A procurement unit that is not a political subdivision of the state may not purchase any goods or services provided by the Correctional Industries Division from any other source unless it has been determined in writing by the director of Correctional Industries and by the [state] procurement officer or in the case of institutions of higher education, the institutional procurement officer, that purchase from the Correctional Industries Division is not feasible due to one of the following circumstances:
- (i) the good or service offered by the division does not meet the reasonable requirements of the [purchasing agency] public procurement unit;
 - (ii) the good or service cannot be supplied within a reasonable time by the division; or
- (iii) the cost of the good or service, including basic price, transportation costs, and other expenses of acquisition, is not competitive with the cost of procuring the item from another source.
 - (b) In cases of disagreement[;] <u>under Subsection (3)(a):</u>
- (i) the decision may be appealed to a board consisting of:
- (A) the director of the Department of Corrections[7];
- 5622 (B) the director of Administrative Services[-]; and
- 5623 (C) a neutral third party agreed upon by the other two members [or,] of the board:
- 5624 (ii) in the case of [institutions] an institution of higher education of the state, the 5625 president of the [involved] institution, or the president's designee, shall make the final 5626 decision[:]; or

5627	(iii) in the case of a non-executive state procurement unit, a person designated by the			
5628	applicable rulemaking authority shall make the final decision.			
5629	Section 135. Section 63G-6a-805, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-425 is			
5630	renumbered and amended to read:			
5631	[63G-6-425]. 63G-6a-805. Purchase from community rehabilitation			
5632	programs.			
5633	(1) As used in this section:			
5634	(a) ["Board"] "Advisory board" means the Purchasing from Persons with Disabilities			
5635	Advisory Board created under this section.			
5636	(b) "Central not-for-profit association" means a group of experts designated by the			
5637	<u>advisory</u> board to do the following, under guidelines established by the <u>advisory</u> board:			
5638	(i) assist the <u>advisory</u> board with its functions; and			
5639	(ii) facilitate the implementation of <u>advisory</u> board policies.			
5640	(c) (i) "Community rehabilitation program" means a program that is operated primarily			
5641	for the purpose of the employment and training of persons with a disability by a government			
5642	agency or qualified nonprofit organization which is an income tax exempt organization under			
5643	26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.			
5644	(ii) A community rehabilitation program:			
5645	(A) maintains an employment ratio of at least 75% of the program employees under the			
5646	procurement contract in question have severe disabilities;			
5647	(B) (I) complies with any applicable occupational health and safety standards			
5648	prescribed by the United States Department of Labor; or			
5649	(II) is a supported employment program approved by the Utah State Office of			
5650	Rehabilitation;			
5651	(C) has its principal place of business in Utah;			
5652	(D) produces any good provided under this section in Utah; and			
5653	(E) provides any service that is provided by individuals with a majority of whom			
5654	domiciled in Utah.			

5655	(d) "Person with a disability" means a person with any disability as defined by and
5656	covered under the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. 12102.
5657	(2) [(a)] There is created within the division the Purchasing from Persons with
5658	Disabilities Advisory Board [within the Division of Purchasing and General Services of the
5659	Department of Administrative Services. The board shall be composed of the following three
5660	members:].
5661	(3) The advisory board shall consist of three members, as follows:
5662	[(i)] (a) the director of the [Division of Purchasing and General Services created under
5663	Section 63A-2-101 or a] division or the director's designee;
5664	[(ii)] (b) the executive director of the Utah State Office of Rehabilitation, created under
5665	Section 53A-24-103, or [a] the executive director's designee; and
5666	[(iii)] (c) a representative of the private business community who shall be appointed to
5667	a three-year term by the governor with the advice and consent of the Senate.
5668	[(b)] (4) The advisory board shall meet, as needed, to facilitate the procurement of
5669	goods and services from community rehabilitation programs by a public procurement unit
5670	under this chapter by:
5671	[(i)] (a) identifying goods and services that are available from community rehabilitation
5672	programs [according to the requirements under Subsection (4)] in accordance with the
5673	requirements of Subsection (7);
5674	$[\frac{(ii)}]$ (b) approving prices in accordance with Subsection $[\frac{(4)}]$ (7)(c) for goods and
5675	services that are identified under Subsection $[\frac{(2)(b)(i)}{(4)(a)}]$;
5676	[(iii)] (c) developing, maintaining, and approving a preferred procurement contract list
5677	of goods and services identified and priced under Subsections [(2)(b)(i) and (ii)] (4)(a) and (b);
5678	[(iv)] (d) reviewing bids received by a community rehabilitation program; and
5679	[(v)] (e) awarding and renewing specified contracts for set contract times, without
5680	competitive bidding, for the purchase of goods and services under Subsection [(4)] (7).
5681	[(c)] (5) The provisions of Subsections [$(2)(b)$] (4) and [(4)] $(7)(a)$ are an exception to
5682	the procurement provisions under this chapter.

5683	[(3)] (6) (a) The <u>advisory</u> board may designate a central not-for-profit association,
5684	appoint its members, and establish guidelines for its duties.
5685	(b) The designated central not-for-profit association serves at the pleasure of the
5686	advisory board [and the]. The central not-for-profit association or its individual members may
5687	be removed by the <u>advisory</u> board at any time by a majority vote of the <u>advisory</u> board.
5688	(c) Subject to the advisory board guidelines and discretion, a designated central
5689	not-for-profit association may be assigned to perform the following duties:
5690	(i) identify qualified community rehabilitation programs and the goods and services
5691	that they provide or have the potential to provide;
5692	(ii) help ensure that goods and services are provided at reasonable quality and delivery
5693	levels;
5694	(iii) recommend pricing for goods and services;
5695	(iv) [reviewing] review bids and [recommending] recommend the award of contracts
5696	under the <u>advisory</u> board's direction;
5697	(v) [collecting and reporting] collect and report program data to the advisory board and
5698	to the division; and
5699	(vi) other duties specified by the <u>advisory</u> board.
5700	[(4)] (7) Except as provided under Subsection [(6)] (9), notwithstanding any provision
5701	[in] of this chapter to the contrary, each public procurement unit shall purchase goods and
5702	services produced by a community rehabilitation program using the preferred procurement
5703	contract list approved under Subsection $[\frac{(2)(b)(iii)}{(4)(c)}]$ if:
5704	(a) the good or service offered for sale by a community rehabilitation program
5705	reasonably conforms to the needs and specifications of the public procurement unit;
5706	(b) the community rehabilitation program can supply the good or service within a
5707	reasonable time; and
5708	(c) the price of the good or service is reasonably competitive with the cost of procuring
5709	the good or service from another source.

 $[\underbrace{(5)}]$ (8) Each community rehabilitation program:

5711	(a) may submit a bid to the <u>advisory</u> board at any time and not necessarily in response
5712	to [a request] an invitation for bids; and
5713	(b) shall certify on any bid it submits to the <u>advisory</u> board or to a public procurement
5714	unit under this section that it is claiming a preference under this section.
5715	[(6)] (9) During a fiscal year, the requirement for a public procurement unit to purchase
5716	goods and services produced by a community rehabilitation program under the preferred
5717	procurement list under Subsection [(4)] (7) does not apply if the [Division of Purchasing and
5718	General Services] division determines that the total amount of procurement contracts with
5719	community rehabilitation programs has reached \$5 million for that fiscal year.
5720	[(7)] (10) In the case of conflict between a purchase under this section and a purchase
5721	under Section [63G-6-423] <u>63G-6a-804</u> , this section prevails.
5722	Section 136. Section 63G-6a-901 is enacted to read:
5723	Part 9. Cancellations, Rejections, and Debarment
5724	<u>63G-6a-901.</u> Title.
5725	This part is known as "Cancellations, Rejections, and Debarment."
5726	Section 137. Section 63G-6a-902, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-412 is
5727	renumbered and amended to read:
5728	[63G-6-412]. 63G-6a-902. Cancellation and rejection of bids and
5729	proposals.
5730	[An] (1) An authorized purchasing entity may cancel an invitation for bids, a request
5731	for proposals, or other solicitation [may be cancelled, or any or all bids or proposals may be
5732	rejected] or reject any or all bids or proposal responses, in whole or in part, as may be specified
5733	in the solicitation, when it is in the best interests of the [state] public procurement unit in
5734	accordance with [rules and regulations] the rules of the applicable rulemaking authority.
5735	(2) The reasons for a cancellation or rejection described in Subsection (1) shall be
5736	made part of the contract file.
5737	Section 138. Section 63G-6a-903, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-413 is
5738	renumbered and amended to read:

5739	[63G-6-413].	<u>63G-6a-903.</u>	$\label{lem:constraint} \textbf{Determination of nonresponsibility of bidder or}$
5740	offeror.		
5741	(1) A [written] det	ermination of no	nresponsibility of a bidder or offeror made by an
5742	authorized purchasing enti-	ty shall be made	in writing, in accordance with [rules and
5743	regulations] the rules of the	e applicable ruler	naking authority.
5744	(2) The unreasonal	ole failure of a bi	dder or offeror to promptly supply information in
5745	connection with an inquiry	with respect to r	esponsibility may be grounds for a determination of
5746	nonresponsibility with resp	ect to the bidder	or offeror. [Information]
5747	(3) Subject to Title	e 63G, Chapter 2,	Government Records Access and Management
5748	Act, information furnished	by a bidder or of	feror pursuant to this section [shall] may not be
5749	disclosed outside of the [pr	archasing divisio	n or the purchasing agency] public procurement
5750	unit or authorized purchasi	ng entity without	prior written consent by the bidder or offeror.
5751	Section 139. Section	on 63G-6a-904 , v	which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-804 is
5752	renumbered and amended	to read:	
5753	[63G-6-804].	63G-6a-904.	Debarment from consideration for award of
5754	contracts Causes for de	ebarment.	
5755	(1) After reasonable	le notice to the pe	erson involved and reasonable opportunity for that
5756	person to be heard, [the ch	ief procurement o	officer or the head of a purchasing agency,] a
5757	procurement officer or the	head of an autho	rized purchasing entity may, after consultation with
5758	the [using agency and] pub	olic procurement	unit and, if the public procurement unit is in the
5759	state executive branch, the	attorney general	, shall have authority to]:
5760	(a) debar a person	for cause from co	onsideration for award of contracts[. The debarment
5761	shall not be for a period ex	ceeding three yea	ars. The same officer, after consultation with the
5762	using agency and the attorn	ney general, shall	have authority to] for a period not to exceed three
5763	years; or		
5764	(b) suspend a perso	on from consider	ation for award of contracts if there is probable
5765	cause to believe that the pe	erson has engaged	I in any activity [which] that might lead to
5766	debarment. [The suspension	on shall]	

5767	(2) A suspension described in Subsection (1)(b) may not be for a period exceeding		
5768	three months, unless an indictment has been issued for an offense which would be a cause for		
5769	debarment under Subsection [(2)] (3), in which case the suspension shall, at the request of the		
5770	attorney general, remain in effect until after the trial of the suspended person.		
5771	[(2)] (3) The causes for debarment include the following:		
5772	(a) conviction of a criminal offense as an incident to obtaining or attempting to obtain a		
5773	public or private contract or subcontract or in the performance of [such] a public or private		
5774	contract or subcontract;		
5775	(b) conviction under state or federal statutes of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery,		
5776	falsification or destruction of records, receiving stolen property, or any other offense indicating		
5777	a lack of business integrity or business honesty which currently, seriously, and directly affects		
5778	responsibility as a state contractor;		
5779	(c) conviction under state or federal antitrust statutes;		
5780	(d) failure without good cause to perform in accordance with the terms of the contract;		
5781	[or]		
5782	(e) a violation of this chapter, including Part 22, Ethical Requirements; or		
5783	$[\underline{(e)}]$ $\underline{(f)}$ any other cause the $[\underline{chief}]$ procurement officer, or the head of $[\underline{a}$ purchasing		
5784	agency] an authorized purchasing entity determines to be so serious and compelling as to affect		
5785	responsibility as a state contractor, including debarment by another governmental entity [for		
5786	any cause listed in rules and regulations].		
5787	Section 140. Section 63G-6a-1001 is enacted to read:		
5788	Part 10. Preferences		
5789	<u>63G-6a-1001.</u> Title.		
5790	This part is known as "Preferences."		
5791	Section 141. Section 63G-6a-1002 , which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-404 is		
5792	renumbered and amended to read:		
5793	[63G-6-404]. 63G-6a-1002. Reciprocal preference for providers of state		
5794	products.		

(1) (a) [All public procurement units shall, in all purchases of goods, supplies, equipment, materials, and printing] An authorized purchasing entity shall, for all procurements, give a reciprocal preference to those bidders offering [goods, supplies, equipment, materials, or printing] procurement items that are produced, manufactured, mined, grown, or performed in Utah [as against] over those bidders offering [goods, supplies, equipment, materials, or printing] procurement items that are produced, manufactured, mined, grown, or performed in any state that gives or requires a preference to [goods, supplies, equipment, materials, or printing] procurement items that are produced, manufactured, mined, grown, or performed in that state.

- (b) The amount of reciprocal preference shall be equal to the amount of the preference applied by the other state for that particular [good, supply, equipment, material, or printing] procurement item.
- (c) [(i) The] In order to receive a reciprocal preference under this section, the bidder shall certify on the bid that the [goods, supplies, equipment, materials, or printing] procurement items offered are produced, manufactured, mined, grown, or performed in Utah.
- [(ii)] (d) The reciprocal preference is waived if [that] the certification described in Subsection (1)(c) does not appear on the bid.
- (2) (a) If the bidder submitting the lowest responsive and responsible bid offers [goods, supplies, equipment, materials, or printing] procurement items that are produced, manufactured, mined, grown, or performed in a state that gives or requires a preference, and if another bidder has submitted a responsive and responsible bid offering [goods, supplies, equipment, materials, or printing] procurement items that are produced, manufactured, mined, grown, or performed in Utah, and with the benefit of the reciprocal preference, [his] the bid of the other bidder is equal to or less than the original lowest bid, the [procurement officer] authorized purchasing entity shall:
- (i) give notice to the bidder offering [goods, supplies, equipment, materials, or printing] procurement items that are produced, manufactured, mined, grown, or performed in Utah that the bidder qualifies as a preferred bidder; and

5823 (ii) make the purchase from the preferred bidder if[-] the bidder agrees, in writing, to 5824 meet the low bid within 72 hours after notification that the bidder is a preferred bidder. 5825 (b) The [procurement officer] authorized purchasing entity shall include the exact price 5826 submitted by the lowest bidder in the notice the [procurement officer] authorized purchasing 5827 entity submits to the preferred bidder. 5828 (c) The [procurement officer] authorized purchasing entity may not enter into a 5829 contract with any other bidder for the purchase until 72 hours have elapsed after notification to the preferred bidder. 5830 5831 (3) (a) If there is more than one preferred bidder, the [procurement officer] authorized 5832 purchasing entity shall award the contract to the willing preferred bidder who was the lowest 5833 preferred bidder originally. 5834 (b) If there were two or more equally low preferred bidders, the [procurement officer] 5835 authorized purchasing entity shall comply with the rules [adopted by the Procurement Policy 5836 Board of the applicable rulemaking authority to determine which bidder should be awarded the contract. 5837 5838 (4) The provisions of this section do not apply if application of this section might 5839 jeopardize the receipt of federal funds. Section 142. Section 63G-6a-1003, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-405 is 5840 renumbered and amended to read: 5841 63G-6a-1003. Preference for resident contractors. 5842 [63G-6-405]. (1) As used in this section, "resident contractor" means a person, partnership, 5843 5844 corporation, or other business entity that: 5845 (a) either has its principal place of business in Utah or that employs workers who are 5846 residents of this state when available; and 5847 (b) was transacting business on the date when bids for the public contract were first solicited. 5848

(2) (a) When awarding contracts for construction, [a public procurement unit] an

authorized purchasing entity shall grant a resident contractor a reciprocal preference [as

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against] over a nonresident contractor from any state that gives or requires a preference to contractors from that state.

- (b) The amount of the reciprocal preference shall be equal to the amount of the preference applied by the state of the nonresident contractor.
- (3) (a) [The] In order to receive the reciprocal preference under this section, the bidder shall certify on the bid that the bidder qualifies as a resident contractor.
- (b) The reciprocal preference is waived if [that] the certification described in Subsection (2)(a) does not appear on the bid.
- (4) (a) If the contractor submitting the lowest responsive and responsible bid is not a resident contractor [and has his] whose principal place of business [in any] is in a state that gives or requires a preference to contractors from that state, and if a resident contractor has also submitted a responsive and responsible bid, and, with the benefit of the reciprocal preference, the resident contractor's bid is equal to or less than the original lowest bid, the [procurement officer] authorized purchasing entity shall:
- (i) give notice to the resident contractor that the resident contractor qualifies as a preferred resident contractor; and
- (ii) issue the contract to the resident contractor if the resident contractor agrees, in writing, to meet the low bid within 72 hours after notification that the resident contractor is a preferred resident contractor.
- (b) The [procurement officer] <u>authorized purchasing entity</u> shall include the exact price submitted by the lowest bidder in the notice [the procurement officer] <u>that the authorized</u> purchasing entity submits to the preferred resident contractor.
- (c) The [procurement officer] authorized purchasing entity may not enter into a contract with any other bidder for the construction until 72 hours have elapsed after notification to the preferred resident contractor.
- 5876 (5) (a) If there is more than one preferred resident contractor, the [procurement officer]

 authorized purchasing entity shall award the contract to the willing preferred resident

 contractor who was the lowest preferred resident contractor originally.

(b) If there were two or more equally low preferred resident contractors, the	
[procurement officer] authorized purchasing entity shall comply with the rules [adopted by the	1c
Procurement Policy Board] of the applicable rulemaking authority to determine which bidden	r
should be awarded the contract.	
(6) The provisions of this section do not apply if application of this section might	
jeopardize the receipt of federal funds.	
Section 143. Section 63G-6a-1004 is enacted to read:	
63G-6a-1004. Exception for federally funded contracts.	
This part does not apply to the extent it conflicts with federal requirements relating to	<u>a</u>
procurement that involves the expenditure of federal assistance, federal contract funds, or	
federal financial participation funds.	
Section 144. Section 63G-6a-1101 is enacted to read:	
Part 11. Bonds	
<u>63G-6a-1101.</u> Title.	
This part is known as "Bonds."	
Section 145. Section 63G-6a-1102, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-504 is	
renumbered and amended to read:	
[63G-6-504]. 63G-6a-1102. Bid security requirements Directed	
suretyship prohibited Penalty.	
(1) Bid security in <u>an</u> amount equal to at least 5% of the amount of the bid shall be	
required for all competitive [sealed] bidding for construction contracts. Bid security shall be	a
bond provided by a surety company authorized to do business in this state, the equivalent in	
cash, or any other form satisfactory to the state.	
(2) When a bidder fails to comply with the requirement for bid security [set forth]	
<u>described</u> in the invitation for bids, the bid shall be rejected unless, pursuant to rules[, it is	
determined] of the applicable rulemaking authority, the authorized purchasing entity	
<u>determines</u> that the failure to comply with the security requirements is nonsubstantial.	
(3) After the bids are opened, they shall be irrevocable for the period specified in the	;

invitation for bids, except as provided in [Subsection 63G-6-401(6)] Section 63G-6a-605. If a bidder is permitted to withdraw a bid before award, no action shall be taken against the bidder or the bid security.

- (4) (a) When issuing an invitation for a bid under this chapter, the [chief] procurement officer or the head of [the purchasing agency] an authorized purchasing entity responsible for carrying out a construction project may not require a person or entity who is bidding for a contract to obtain a bond of the type [referred to] described in Subsection (1) from a specific insurance or surety company, producer, agent, or broker.
 - (b) A person who violates Subsection (4)(a) is guilty of an infraction.

Section 146. Section **63G-6a-1103**, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-505 is renumbered and amended to read:

5918 [63G-6-505]. 63G-6a-1103. Bonds necessary when contract is awarded -5919 Waiver -- Action -- Attorney fees.

- (1) When a construction contract is awarded under this chapter, the contractor to whom the contract is awarded shall deliver the following bonds or security to the state, which shall become binding on the parties upon the execution of the contract:
- (a) a performance bond satisfactory to the state that is in an amount equal to 100% of the price specified in the contract and is executed by a surety company authorized to do business in this state or any other form satisfactory to the state; and
- (b) a payment bond satisfactory to the state that is in an amount equal to 100% of the price specified in the contract and is executed by a surety company authorized to do business in this state or any other form satisfactory to the state, which is for the protection of each person supplying labor, service, equipment, or material for the performance of the work provided for in the contract.
- (2) (a) When a construction contract is awarded under this chapter, the [chief] procurement officer or the head of the [purchasing agency] authorized purchasing entity responsible for carrying out [a] the construction project may not require a contractor to whom a contract is awarded to obtain a bond of the types referred to in Subsection (1) from a specific

insurance or surety company, producer, agent, or broker.

- (b) A person who violates Subsection (2)(a) is guilty of an infraction.
- (3) Rules of the applicable rulemaking authority may provide for waiver of the requirement of a bid, performance, or payment bond for circumstances in which the [state] procurement officer considers any or all of the bonds to be unnecessary to protect the [state] public procurement unit.
- (4) A person shall have a right of action on a payment bond under this section for any unpaid amount due [him] to the person if:
- (a) the person has furnished labor, service, equipment, or material for the work provided for in the contract for which the payment bond is furnished under this section; and
- (b) the person has not been paid in full within 90 days after the last [date] day on which the person performed the labor or service or supplied the equipment or material for which the claim is made.
- (5) An action upon a payment bond [shall] may only be brought in a court of competent jurisdiction in [any] a county where the construction contract was to be performed [and not elsewhere]. The action is barred if not commenced within one year after the last day on which the claimant performed the labor or service or supplied the equipment or material on which the claim is based. The obligee named in the bond need not be joined as a party to the action.
- (6) In any suit upon a payment bond, the court shall award reasonable attorney fees to the prevailing party, which fees shall be taxed as costs in the action.
- Section 147. Section **63G-6a-1104**, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-506 is renumbered and amended to read:

[63G-6-506]. 63G-6a-1104. Preliminary notice requirement.

- (1) Any person furnishing labor, service, equipment, or material for which a payment bond claim may be made under this chapter shall provide preliminary notice to the designated agent as prescribed by Section 38-1-32.5, except that this section does not apply:
 - (a) to a person performing labor for wages; or

5963	(b) if a notice of commencement is not filed as prescribed in Section 38-1-31.5 for the
5964	project or improvement for which labor, service, equipment, or material is furnished.
5965	(2) Any person who fails to provide the preliminary notice required by Subsection (1)
5966	may not make a payment bond claim under this chapter.
5967	(3) The preliminary notice required by Subsection (1) must be provided before
5968	commencement of any action on the payment bond.
5969	Section 148. Section 63G-6a-1105 , which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-507 is
5970	renumbered and amended to read:
5971	[63G-6-507]. <u>63G-6a-1105.</u> Form of bonds Effect of certified copy.
5972	The form of the bonds required by this part shall be established by [rules and
5973	regulations] rule made by the applicable rulemaking authority. Any person may obtain from
5974	the state a certified copy of a bond upon payment of the cost of reproduction of the bond and
5975	postage, if any. A certified copy of a bond shall be prima facie evidence of the contents,
5976	execution, and delivery of the original.
5977	Section 149. Section 63G-6a-1201 is enacted to read:
5978	Part 12. Contracts and Change Orders
5979	<u>63G-6a-1201.</u> Title.
5980	This part is known as "Contracts and Change Orders."
5981	Section 150. Section 63G-6a-1202, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-601 is
5982	renumbered and amended to read:
5983	[63G-6-601]. 63G-6a-1202. Required contract clauses Computation of
5984	price adjustments Use of rules and regulations.
5985	(1) [Rules and regulations] The rules of the applicable rulemaking authority shall
5986	require for state construction contracts, and may permit or require for [state] contracts for
5987	supplies and services, the inclusion of clauses providing for adjustments in prices, time of
5988	performance, or other appropriate contract provisions, and covering the following subjects:
5989	(a) the unilateral right of the [state] procurement officer to order in writing changes in
soon	the work within the scope of the contract and changes in the time of performance of the

5991 contract that do not alter the scope of the contract work; 5992 (b) variations occurring between estimated quantities of work in a contract and actual 5993 quantities; 5994 (c) suspension of work ordered by the [state] procurement officer; and 5995 (d) site conditions differing from those indicated in the construction contract, or 5996 ordinarily encountered, except that differing site conditions clauses required by the rules [and 5997 regulations] need not be included in a construction contract when: 5998 (i) the contract is negotiated[, when]; 5999 (ii) the contractor provides the site or design[, or when]; or 6000 (iii) the parties have otherwise agreed with respect to the risk of differing site 6001 conditions. 6002 (2) Adjustments in price pursuant to clauses [promulgated under] described in 6003 Subsection (1) shall be computed in one or more of the following ways: (a) by agreement on a fixed price adjustment before commencement of the pertinent 6004 6005 performance or as soon thereafter as practicable; 6006 (b) by unit prices specified in the contract or subsequently agreed upon; 6007 (c) by the costs attributable to the events or situations under the clauses with adjustment of profit or fee, all as specified in the contract or subsequently agreed upon; 6008 6009 (d) in any other manner as the contracting parties may mutually agree; or 6010 (e) in the absence of agreement by the parties, by a unilateral determination by the 6011 [state] procurement officer of the costs attributable to the events or situations under the clauses 6012 with adjustment of profit or fee, all as computed by the [state] procurement officer in 6013 accordance with applicable [sections of the] rules and [regulations issued under Subsection

(3) A contractor shall be required to submit cost or pricing data if any adjustment in contract price is subject to the provisions of Section [63G-6-415] 63G-6a-1206.

Procurement Appeals Board, and Part 18, Appeals to Court and Court Proceedings.

63G-6-415(1) and subject to the provisions of Part [8, Legal and Contractual Remedies] 17,

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(4) [Rules and regulations] The rules of the applicable rulemaking authority shall

6019	require for [state] construction contracts, and may permit or require for [state] contracts for
6020	supplies and services, the inclusion of clauses providing for appropriate remedies and covering
6021	at least the following subjects:
6022	(a) liquidated damages as appropriate;
6023	(b) specified excuses for delay or nonperformance;
6024	(c) termination of the contract for default; and
6025	(d) termination of the contract in whole or in part for the convenience of the [state]
6026	public procurement unit.
6027	(5) The contract clauses [promulgated under] described in this section shall be [set
6028	forth in rules and regulations] established by rule. However, the [chief] procurement officer or
6029	the head of [a purchasing agency] an authorized purchasing entity may modify the clauses for
6030	inclusion in any particular contract. [Any] The applicable rulemaking authority may, by rule,
6031	require that:
6032	(a) variations [shall] be supported by a written determination that describes the
6033	circumstances justifying the variations[;]; and
6034	(b) notice of any material variation shall be included in the invitation for bids or
6035	request for proposals.
6036	Section 151. Section 63G-6a-1203, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-603 is
6037	renumbered and amended to read:
6038	[63G-6-603]. 63G-6a-1203. Contracts Certain indemnification
6039	provisions forbidden.
6040	(1) As used in this section, "design professional" means:
6041	(a) an architect, licensed under Title 58, Chapter 3a, Architects Licensing Act;
6042	(b) a landscape architect, licensed under Title 58, Chapter 53, Landscape Architects
6043	Licensing Act; and
6044	(c) a professional engineer or professional land surveyor, licensed under Title 58,
6045	Chapter 22, Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing Act.
6046	(2) (a) [Beginning May 12, 2009, a] A contract, including an amendment to an existing

6047	contract, entered into under [authority of] this chapter may not require that a design
6048	professional indemnify another from liability claims that arise out of the design professional's
6049	services, unless the liability claim arises from the design professional's negligent act, wrongful
6050	act, error or omission, or other liability imposed by law.
6051	(b) Subsection (2)(a) may not be waived by contract.
6052	(c) Notwithstanding Subsections (2)(a) and (b), a design professional may be required
6053	to indemnify a person for whom the design professional has direct or indirect control or
6054	responsibility.
6055	Section 152. Section 63G-6a-1204 is enacted to read:
6056	63G-6a-1204. Multiyear contracts.
6057	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (7), a public procurement unit may enter into a
6058	multiyear contract resulting from an invitation for bids or a request for proposals, if:
6059	(a) the procurement officer determines, in the discretion of the procurement officer,
6060	that entering into a multiyear contract is in the best interest of the public procurement unit; and
6061	(b) the invitation for bids or request for proposals:
6062	(i) states the term of the contract, including all possible renewals of the contract;
6063	(ii) states the conditions for renewal of the contract; and
6064	(iii) includes the provisions of Subsections (3) through (5) that are applicable to the
6065	contract.
6066	(2) In making the determination described in Subsection (1)(a), the procurement officer
6067	shall consider whether entering into a multiyear contract will:
6068	(a) result in significant savings to the public procurement unit, including:
6069	(i) reduction of the administrative burden in procuring, negotiating, or administering
6070	contracts;
6071	(ii) continuity in operations of the public procurement unit; or
6072	(iii) the ability to obtain a volume or term discount;
6073	(b) encourage participation by a person who might not otherwise be willing or able to
6074	compete for a shorter term contract; or

60/5	(c) provide an incentive for a bidder or offeror to improve productivity through capital
6076	investment or better technology.
6077	(3) (a) The determination described in Subsection (1)(a) is discretionary and is not
6078	required to be in writing or otherwise recorded.
6079	(b) Except as provided in Subsections (4) and (5), notwithstanding any provision of an
6080	invitation for bids, a request for proposals, or a contract to the contrary, a multiyear contract,
6081	including a contract that was awarded outside of an invitation for bids or request for proposals
6082	process, may not continue or be renewed for any year after the first year of the multiyear
6083	contract if adequate funds are not appropriated to continue or renew the contract.
6084	(4) A multiyear contract that is funded solely by federal funds may be continued or
6085	renewed for any year after the first year of the multiyear contract if:
6086	(a) adequate funds to continue or renew the contract have not been, but are expected to
6087	be appropriated by, and received from, the federal government;
6088	(b) continuation or renewal of the contract before the money is appropriated or
6089	received is permitted by the federal government; and
6090	(c) the contract states that it may be cancelled, without penalty, if the anticipated
6091	federal funds are not appropriated or received.
6092	(5) A multiyear contract that is funded in part by federal funds may be continued or
6093	renewed for any year after the first year of the multiyear contract if:
6094	(a) the portion of the contract that is to be funded by funds of a public entity are
6095	appropriated;
6096	(b) adequate federal funds to continue or renew the contract have not been, but are
6097	expected to be, appropriated by, and received from, the federal government;
6098	(c) continuation or renewal of the contract before the federal money is appropriated or
6099	received is permitted by the federal government; and
6100	(d) the contract states that it may be cancelled, without penalty, if the anticipated
6101	federal funds are not appropriated or received.
6102	(6) A public procurement unit may not continue or renew a multiyear contract after the

6103	end of the multiyear contract term or the renewal periods described in the contract, unless the
6104	public procurement unit engages in a new procurement process or complies with an exception,
6105	described in this chapter, to using a standard procurement process.
6106	(7) A multiyear contract, including any renewal periods, may not exceed a period of
6107	five years, unless:
6108	(a) the procurement officer determines, in writing, that:
6109	(i) a longer period is necessary in order to obtain the procurement item;
6110	(ii) a longer period is customary for industry standards; or
6111	(iii) a longer period is in the best interest of the public procurement unit; and
6112	(b) the written determination described in Subsection (7)(a) is included in the file
6113	relating to the procurement.
6114	(8) This section does not apply to a contract for the design or construction of a facility,
6115	a road, or a public transit project.
6116	Section 153. Section 63G-6a-1205 , which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-416 is
6117	renumbered and amended to read:
6118	[63G-6-416]. 63G-6a-1205. Cost-plus-a-percentage-of-cost contract
6119	prohibited.
6120	(1) [Subject to the limitations of] Except as otherwise provided in this section, a public
6121	procurement unit may use any type of contract [which] that will promote the best interests of
6122	the state [may be used; provided that the use of].
6123	(2) A public procurement unit may not use a cost-plus-a-percentage-of-cost contract [is
6124	prohibited. A].
6125	(3) A public procurement unit may not use a cost-reimbursement contract [may be used
6126	only when a determination is made in writing that such] unless the procurement officer makes a
6127	written determination that:
6128	(a) the contract is likely to be less costly to the [state] public procurement unit than any
6129	other type of contract; or [that]
	(b) it is impracticable to obtain the femolies services or construction required except

6131	under such a procurement item under another type of contract.
6132	[(2) Except with respect to firm fixed-price contracts, no contract type shall be used
6133	unless it has been determined in writing by the chief procurement officer, the head of a
6134	purchasing agency, or a designee of either officer that:]
6135	(4) A procurement officer, the head of an authorized procurement entity, or a designee
6136	of either, may not use a type of contract, other than a firm fixed-price contract, unless the
6137	procurement officer makes a written determination that:
6138	(a) the proposed contractor's accounting system will permit timely development of all
6139	necessary cost data in the form required by the specific contract type contemplated; and
6140	(b) the proposed contractor's accounting system is adequate to allocate costs in
6141	accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
6142	Section 154. Section 63G-6a-1206, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-415 is
6143	renumbered and amended to read:
6144	[63G-6-415]. 63G-6a-1206. Rules and regulations to determine allowable
6145	incurred costs Required information Auditing of books.
6146	[(1) Rules and regulations may be promulgated to set forth cost principles to be used to
0140	[(1) Kules and regulations may be promulgated to set form cost principles to be used to
	determine the allowability of incurred costs for the purpose of reimbursing costs under contract
6147	
6147 6148	determine the allowability of incurred costs for the purpose of reimbursing costs under contract
6147 6148 6149	determine the allowability of incurred costs for the purpose of reimbursing costs under contract provisions which provide for the reimbursement of costs; provided that if a written
6147 6148 6149 6150	determine the allowability of incurred costs for the purpose of reimbursing costs under contract provisions which provide for the reimbursement of costs; provided that if a written determination is approved at a level above the procurement officer, the cost principles may be
6147 6148 6149 6150 6151	determine the allowability of incurred costs for the purpose of reimbursing costs under contract provisions which provide for the reimbursement of costs; provided that if a written determination is approved at a level above the procurement officer, the cost principles may be modified by contract.]
6147 6148 6149 6150 6151 6152	determine the allowability of incurred costs for the purpose of reimbursing costs under contract provisions which provide for the reimbursement of costs; provided that if a written determination is approved at a level above the procurement officer, the cost principles may be modified by contract.] [(2) A person shall, except as provided in Subsection (4), submit cost or pricing data
6147 6148 6149 6150 6151 6152 6153	determine the allowability of incurred costs for the purpose of reimbursing costs under contract provisions which provide for the reimbursement of costs; provided that if a written determination is approved at a level above the procurement officer, the cost principles may be modified by contract.] [(2) A person shall, except as provided in Subsection (4), submit cost or pricing data and shall certify that, to the best of the person's knowledge and belief, the cost or pricing data
6147 6148 6149 6150 6151 6152 6153	determine the allowability of incurred costs for the purpose of reimbursing costs under contract provisions which provide for the reimbursement of costs; provided that if a written determination is approved at a level above the procurement officer, the cost principles may be modified by contract.] [(2) A person shall, except as provided in Subsection (4), submit cost or pricing data and shall certify that, to the best of the person's knowledge and belief, the cost or pricing data submitted were accurate, complete, and current as of a mutually determined specified date prior
6147 6148 6149 6150 6151 6152 6153 6154 6155	determine the allowability of incurred costs for the purpose of reimbursing costs under contract provisions which provide for the reimbursement of costs; provided that if a written determination is approved at a level above the procurement officer, the cost principles may be modified by contract.] [(2) A person shall, except as provided in Subsection (4), submit cost or pricing data and shall certify that, to the best of the person's knowledge and belief, the cost or pricing data submitted were accurate, complete, and current as of a mutually determined specified date prior to the date of:]
6147 6148 6149 6150 6151 6152 6153 6154 6155 6156	determine the allowability of incurred costs for the purpose of reimbursing costs under contract provisions which provide for the reimbursement of costs; provided that if a written determination is approved at a level above the procurement officer, the cost principles may be modified by contract.] [(2) A person shall, except as provided in Subsection (4), submit cost or pricing data and shall certify that, to the best of the person's knowledge and belief, the cost or pricing data submitted were accurate, complete, and current as of a mutually determined specified date prior to the date of:] [(1) (a) The applicable rulemaking authority may, by rule, establish the cost principles

6159	contract, if the procurement officer or head of the authorized procurement entity approves the
6160	modification.
6161	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (5), a person who seeks to be, or is, a party in a
6162	cost-based contract with a public procurement unit shall:
6163	(a) submit cost or pricing data relating to determining the cost or pricing amount; and
6164	(b) certify that, to the best of the contractor's knowledge and belief, the cost or pricing
6165	data submitted is accurate and complete as of the date specified by the public procurement unit.
6166	(3) The procurement officer shall ensure that the date specified under Subsection (2)(b)
6167	<u>is before:</u>
6168	(a) the pricing of any contract awarded by [competitive sealed proposals] \underline{a}
6169	<u>procurement process</u> or pursuant to [the] <u>a</u> sole source procurement [authority, where], if the
6170	total contract price is expected to exceed an amount established by [rules and regulations] rule
6171	made by the applicable rulemaking authority; or
6172	(b) the pricing of any change order [which] that is expected to exceed an amount
6173	established by [rules and regulations] rule made by the applicable rulemaking authority.
6174	[(3) Any] (4) A contract or change order [under which a certificate is required shall
6175	contain] that requires a certification described in Subsection (2) shall include a provision that
6176	the price to the [state] public procurement unit, including profit or fee, shall be adjusted to
6177	exclude any significant sums by which the [state] public procurement unit finds that the price
6178	was increased because the [contractor-furnished] contractor provided cost or pricing data
6179	[were] that was inaccurate, incomplete, or not current as of the date [agreed upon between the
6180	parties] specified by the procurement officer.
6181	[(4) The requirements of Subsections (2) and (3) need not be applied to contracts:]
6182	(5) A public procurement unit is not required to comply with Subsection (2) if:
6183	(a) [where] the contract price is based on adequate price competition;
6184	(b) [where] the contract price is based on established catalogue prices or market prices;
6185	(c) [where contract prices are] the contract price is set by law or [regulation] rule; or
6186	(d) [where it is determined] the procurement states, in writing:

6187	(i) that, in accordance with rules [and regulations that] made by the applicable
6188	<u>rulemaking authority</u> , the requirements of [this section] <u>Subsection (2)</u> may be waived[7]; and
6189	(ii) the reasons for [such] the waiver [are stated in writing].
6190	[(5)] (6) The [state] procurement officer may, at reasonable times and places, only to
6191	the extent that the books and records relate to the applicable cost or pricing data, audit the
6192	books and records of [any]:
6193	(a) a person who has submitted cost or pricing data pursuant to this section; or [any]
6194	(b) a contractor or subcontractor under [any negotiated] a contract or subcontract other
6195	than a firm fixed-price contract [to the extent that the books and records relate to the cost or
6196	pricing data, contract, or subcontract. The].
6197	(7) Unless a shorter time is provided for by contract:
6198	(a) a person described in Subsection (6)(a) shall maintain the books and records [shall
6199	be maintained by the contractor] described in Subsection (6) for three years [following the end
6200	of] after the day on which the fiscal year in which final payment is made under the [prime
6201	contract and by the subcontractor for three years following the end of the] contract ends;
6202	(b) a contractor shall maintain the books and records described in Subsection (6) for
6203	three years after the day on which the fiscal year in which final payment under the prime
6204	contract ends; and
6205	(c) a subcontractor shall maintain the books and records described in Subsection (6) for
6206	three years after the day on which the fiscal year in which final payment is made under the
6207	subcontract[, unless a shorter period is otherwise authorized in writing] ends.
6208	Section 155. Section 63G-6a-1207, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-602 is
6209	renumbered and amended to read:
6210	[63G-6-602]. Certification of change order.
6211	(1) Under a construction contract, [any] a change order [which] that increases the
6212	contract amount [shall be subject to] may not be made without prior written certification that
6213	the change order is within the determined project or contract budget[. The certification shall be
6214	made] by:

6215	(a) the fiscal officer of the entity responsible for funding the project or [the] contract:
6216	or [other]
6217	(b) the official responsible for monitoring and reporting upon the status of the costs of
6218	the total project or contract budget. [If the certification discloses a resulting]
6219	(2) If a change order will result in an increase in the total project or contract budget,
6220	[the procurement officer shall not execute or make] the change order may not be made, unless:
6221	(a) sufficient funds are [available] added to the project contract or budget; or
6222	(b) the scope of the project or contract is adjusted to permit the degree of completion
6223	feasible within the total project or contract budget as it existed [prior to] before the change
6224	order under consideration. [However, with respect to the validity, as to the contractor, of any
6225	executed change order upon which the contractor has reasonably relied, it shall be presumed
6226	that there has been compliance with the provisions of this section.]
6227	(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, it shall be presumed that this
6228	section has been complied with if the contractor reasonably relies on an executed change order.
6229	Section 156. Section 63G-6a-1301 is enacted to read:
6230	Part 13. General Construction Provisions
6231	<u>63G-6a-1301.</u> Title.
6232	This part is known as "General Construction Provisions."
6233	Section 157. Section 63G-6a-1302, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-501 is
6234	renumbered and amended to read:
6235	[63G-6-501]. 63G-6a-1302. Alternative methods of construction
6236	contracting management.
6237	(1) [(a) Rules shall] The applicable rulemaking authority shall, by rule provide as many
6238	alternative methods of construction contracting management as determined to be feasible.
6239	[(b) These rules shall:]
6240	(2) The rules described in Subsection (1) shall:
6241	[(i)] (a) grant to the [chief] procurement officer or the head of the state purchasing
6242	[agency] unit responsible for carrying out the construction project the discretion to select the

6243	appropriate method of construction contracting management for a particular project; and
6244	[(ii)] (b) require the procurement officer to execute and include in the contract file a
6245	written statement [setting forth] describing the facts [which] that led to the selection of a
6246	particular method of construction contracting management for each project.
6247	[(c)] (3) Before choosing a construction contracting management method, the [chief]
6248	procurement officer or the head of the <u>state</u> purchasing [agency] <u>unit</u> responsible for carrying
6249	out the construction project shall consider the following factors:
6250	[(i)] (a) when the project must be ready to be occupied;
6251	[(ii)] (b) the type of project;
6252	[(iii)] (c) the extent to which the requirements of the [procuring agencies] public
6253	procurement unit, and the [ways in which] way they are to be met are known;
6254	[(iv)] (d) the location of the project;
6255	[(v)] (e) the size, scope, complexity, and economics of the project;
6256	$[\frac{(vi)}{(f)}]$ the source of funding and any resulting constraints necessitated by the funding
6257	source;
6258	$[\frac{(vii)}{g}]$ the availability, qualification, and experience of $[\frac{state}{g}]$ public personnel to
6259	be assigned to the project and [how much time the state] the amount of time that the public
6260	personnel can devote to the project; and
6261	[(viii)] (h) the availability, qualifications, and experience of outside consultants and
6262	contractors to complete the project under the various methods being considered.
6263	[(2) (a) Rules adopted by state public procurement units and local public procurement
6264	units to implement this section may authorize the use of a Construction Manager/General
6265	Contractor as one method of construction contracting management.]
6266	[(b) Those rules shall require that:]
6267	[(i) the Construction Manager/General Contractor shall be selected using one of the
6268	source selection methods provided for in Part 4, Source Selections and Contract Formation,
6269	and Section 63G-6-502; and]
6270	(ii) when entering into any subcontract that was not specifically included in the

construction contracts.

[63G-6-604]. 63G-6a-1303. Drug and alcohol testing required for state
renumbered and amended to read:
Section 158. Section 63G-6a-1303, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-604 is
include provision by the contractor of operations, maintenance, or financing.
(8) A design-build contract or a construction manager/general contractor contract may
construction project.
(7) A design-build contract may include a provision for obtaining the site for the
design-build provider as one method of construction contracting management.
Subsections (1) through (3) for state building construction projects may authorize the use of a
[(3)] (6) Procurement rules adopted by the State Building Board under [Subsection (1)
was procured directly by the public procurement unit.
the requirement to use a procurement process, in the same manner as if the subcontract work
contractor shall procure the subcontractor by using a procurement process, or an exception to
construction manager/general contractor's cost proposal, the construction manager/general
(b) when entering into a subcontract that was not specifically included in the
(ii) an exception to the requirement to use a procurement process; and
(i) a procurement process; or
(a) the construction manager/general contractor be selected using:
(5) The rules described in Subsection (2) shall require that:
management.
construction manager/general contractor as one method of construction contracting
(4) An applicable rulemaking authority may make rules that authorize the use of a
procured directly by the state.]
Selections and Contract Formation, in the same manner as if the subcontract work was
subcontractor by using one of the source selection methods provided for in Part 4, Source
Subsection (2)(b)(i), the Construction Manager/General Contractor shall procure that
Construction Manager/General Contractor's cost proposal submitted under the requirements of

6299	(1) As used in this section:
6300	(a) "Contractor" means a person who is or may be awarded a state construction
6301	contract.
6302	(b) "Covered individual" means an individual who:
6303	(i) on behalf of a contractor or subcontractor provides services directly related to
6304	design or construction under a state construction contract; and
6305	(ii) is in a safety sensitive position, including a design position that has responsibilities
6306	that directly affect the safety of an improvement to real property that is the subject of a state
6307	construction contract.
6308	(c) "Drug and alcohol testing policy" means a policy under which a contractor or
6309	subcontractor tests a covered individual to establish, maintain, or enforce the prohibition of:
6310	(i) the manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, or use of drugs or alcohol,
6311	except the medically prescribed possession and use of a drug; or
6312	(ii) the impairment of judgment or physical abilities due to the use of drugs or alcohol.
6313	(d) "Random testing" means that a covered individual is subject to periodic testing for
6314	drugs and alcohol:
6315	(i) in accordance with a drug and alcohol testing policy; and
6316	(ii) on the basis of a random selection process.
6317	[(e) For purposes of Subsection (6), "state" includes any of the following of the state:]
6318	(e) "State executive entity" means:
6319	(i) a state executive branch:
6320	$[\frac{(i)}{a}]$ (A) department;
6321	$[\frac{(ii)}{a}]$ (B) division;
6322	[(iii) an] (C) agency;
6323	[(iv) a] (D) board;
6324	$[(v) \ a] (E)$ commission;
6325	$[\frac{(vi)}{a}]$ (F) council;
6326	[(vii) a] (G) committee; [and] or

6327	[(viii) an] (H) institution[, including a state institution of higher education, as defined
6328	under Section 53B-3-102.]; or
6329	(ii) a state institution of higher education, as defined in Section 53B-3-102.
6330	(f) "State construction contract" means a contract for design or construction entered
6331	into by a state [public procurement unit] executive entity.
6332	[(g) (i) "Subcontractor" means a person under contract with a contractor or another
6333	subcontractor to provide services or labor for design or construction.]
6334	[(ii) "Subcontractor" includes a trade contractor or specialty contractor.]
6335	[(iii) "Subcontractor" does not include a supplier who provides only materials,
6336	equipment, or supplies to a contractor or subcontractor.]
6337	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (7), [on and after July 1, 2010,] a state [public
6338	procurement unit] executive entity may not enter into a state construction contract unless the
6339	[state] public construction contract requires [the following] that the contractor demonstrate to
6340	the state executive entity that the contractor:
6341	[(a) A contractor shall demonstrate to the state public procurement unit that the
6342	contractor:]
6343	[(i)] (a) has and will maintain a drug and alcohol testing policy during the period of the
6344	state construction contract that applies to the covered individuals hired by the contractor;
6345	[(ii)] (b) posts in one or more conspicuous places notice to covered individuals hired
6346	by the contractor that the contractor has the drug and alcohol testing policy described in
6347	Subsection (2)(a)[(i); and];
6348	[(iii)] (c) subjects the covered individuals to random testing under the drug and alcohol
6349	testing policy described in Subsection $(2)(a)[\frac{(i)}{2}]$ if at any time during the period of the state
6350	construction contract there are 10 or more individuals who are covered individuals hired by the
6351	contractor[.]; and
6352	[(b) A contractor shall demonstrate to the state public procurement unit that the
6353	contractor]
6354	(d) requires that as a condition of contracting with the contractor, a subcontractor:

6355	(i) has and will maintain a drug and alcohol testing policy during the period of the state
6356	construction contract that applies to the covered individuals hired by the subcontractor;
6357	(ii) posts in one or more conspicuous places notice to covered individuals hired by the
6358	subcontractor that the subcontractor has the drug and alcohol testing policy described in
6359	Subsection $(2)[\frac{(b)}{(d)}(i);$ and
6360	(iii) subjects the covered individuals hired by the subcontractor to random testing under
6361	the drug and alcohol testing policy described in Subsection (2)[(b)](d)(i) if at any time during
6362	the period of the state construction contract there are 10 or more individuals who are covered
6363	individuals hired by the subcontractor.
6364	(3) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this Subsection (3), if a contractor or
6365	subcontractor fails to comply with Subsection (2), the contractor or subcontractor may be
6366	suspended or debarred in accordance with this chapter.
6367	(b) [On and after July 1, 2010, a] A state [public procurement unit] executive entity
6368	shall include in a state construction contract:
6369	(i) a reference to the rules described in Subsection (4)(b); or
6370	(ii) if the [state public procurement unit] applicable rulemaking authority has not made
6371	the rules described in Subsection (4)(b), a process that provides a contractor or subcontractor
6372	reasonable notice and opportunity to cure a violation of this section before suspension or
6373	debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in light of the circumstances of the state
6374	construction contract or the violation.
6375	(c) (i) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to
6376	comply with Subsection (2).
6377	(ii) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to comply
6378	with Subsection (2).
6379	[(4) If otherwise authorized to make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
6380	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, a state public procurement unit:]
6381	(4) An authorized rulemaking authority:

(a) may make rules that establish the requirements and procedures a contractor [shall]

0383	is required to follow to comply with Subsection (2); and
6384	(b) shall make rules that establish:
6385	(i) the penalties that may be imposed in accordance with Subsection (3); and
6386	(ii) a process that provides a contractor or subcontractor reasonable notice and
6387	opportunity to cure a violation of this section before suspension or debarment of the contractor
6388	or subcontractor in light of the circumstances of the state construction contract or the violation
6389	(5) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to meet the requirements of Subsection
6390	(2):
6391	(a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror
6392	or contractor under Part [8, Legal and Contractual Remedies] 17, Procurement Appeals Board,
6393	or Part 18, Appeals to Court and Court Proceedings; and
6394	(b) may not be used by a state public procurement unit, a prospective bidder, an
6395	offeror, a contractor, or a subcontractor as a basis for an action that would suspend, disrupt, or
6396	terminate the design or construction under a state construction contract.
6397	(6) (a) After a state [public procurement unit] executive entity enters into a state
6398	construction contract in compliance with this section, the state is not required to audit, monitor
6399	or take any other action to ensure compliance with this section.
6400	(b) The state is not liable in any action related to this section, including not being liable
6401	in relation to:
6402	(i) a contractor or subcontractor having or not having a drug and alcohol testing policy
6403	(ii) failure to test for a drug or alcohol under a contractor's or subcontractor's drug and
6404	alcohol testing policy;
6405	(iii) the requirements of a contractor's or subcontractor's drug and alcohol testing
6406	policy;
6407	(iv) a contractor's or subcontractor's implementation of a drug and alcohol testing
6408	policy, including procedures for:
6409	(A) collection of a sample;
6410	(B) testing of a sample;

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6411	(C) evaluation of a test; or	
6412	(D) disciplinary or rehabilitative action on the basis of a test result;	
6413	(v) an individual being under the influence of drugs or alcohol; or	
6414	(vi) an individual under the influence of drugs or alcohol harming another person or	
6415	causing property damage.	
6416	(7) This section does not apply if the state [public procurement unit] executive entity	
6417	determines that the application of this section would severely disrupt the operation of a [state	
6418	agency] public procurement unit to the detriment of the [state agency] public procurement unit	
6419	or the general public, including:	
6420	(a) jeopardizing the receipt of federal funds;	
6421	(b) <u>causing</u> the state construction contract [<u>being</u>] <u>to be</u> a sole source contract; or	
6422	(c) <u>causing</u> the state construction contract [<u>being</u>] <u>to be</u> an emergency procurement.	
6423	(8) If a contractor or subcontractor meets the requirements of this section, this section	
6424	may not be construed to restrict the contractor's or subcontractor's ability to impose or	
6425	implement an otherwise lawful provision as part of a drug and alcohol testing policy.	
6426	Section 159. Section 63G-6a-1401 is enacted to read:	
6427	Part 14. Transportation Contracts	
6428	<u>63G-6a-1401.</u> Title.	
6429	This part is known as "Transportation Contracts."	
6430	Section 160. Section 63G-6a-1402, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-502 is	
6431	renumbered and amended to read:	
6432	[63G-6-502]. 63G-6a-1402. Procurement of design-build transportation	
6433	project contracts.	
6434	(1) As used in this section:	
6435	(a) "Design-build transportation project contract" means the procurement of both the	
6436	design and construction of a transportation project in a single contract with a company or	

combination of companies capable of providing the necessary engineering services and

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construction.

6439	(b) "Transportation agency" means:
6440	(i) the Department of Transportation;
6441	(ii) a county of the first or second class, as defined in Section 17-50-501;
6442	(iii) a municipality of the first class, as defined in Section 10-2-301;
6443	(iv) a public transit district that has more than 200,000 people residing within its
6444	boundaries; and
6445	(v) a public airport authority.
6446	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a transportation agency may award a
6447	design-build transportation project contract for any transportation project that has an estimated
6448	cost of at least \$50,000,000 by following the requirements of this section.
6449	(3) (a) The Department of Transportation:
6450	(i) may award a design-build transportation project contract for any transportation
6451	project by following the requirements of this section; and
6452	(ii) shall make rules, [by following the procedures and requirements of] in accordance
6453	with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, establishing requirements for
6454	the procurement of its design-build transportation project contracts in addition to those required
6455	by this section.
6456	(b) A public transit district that has more than 200,000 people residing within its
6457	boundaries:
6458	(i) may award a design-build transportation project contract for any transportation
6459	project by following the requirements of this section; and
6460	(ii) shall pass ordinances or a resolution establishing requirements for the procurement
6461	of its design-build transportation project contracts in addition to those required by this section.
6462	(c) A design-build transportation project contract authorized under this Subsection (3)
6463	is not subject to the estimated cost threshold [under] described in Subsection (2).
6464	(d) A design-build transportation project contract may include provision by the
6465	contractor of operations, maintenance, or financing.
6466	(4) (a) Before entering into a design-build transportation project contract, a

6467	transportation agency may issue a request for qualifications to prequalify potential contractors.
6468	(b) Public notice of the request for qualifications shall be given in accordance with
6469	[policy] board rules.
6470	(c) A transportation agency shall require, as part of the qualifications specified in the
6471	request for qualifications, that potential contractors at least demonstrate their:
6472	(i) construction experience;
6473	(ii) design experience;
6474	(iii) financial, manpower, and equipment resources available for the project; and
6475	(iv) experience in other design-build transportation projects with attributes similar to
6476	the project being procured.
6477	(d) The request for qualifications shall identify the number of eligible competing
6478	proposers that the transportation agency will select to submit a proposal, which [must be at
6479	least] may not be less than two.
6480	(5) [(a)] The transportation agency shall:
6481	[(i)] (a) evaluate the responses received from the request for qualifications;
6482	[(ii)] (b) select from their number those qualified to submit proposals; and
6483	[(iii)] (c) invite those respondents to submit proposals based upon the transportation
6484	agency's request for proposals.
6485	$[\underline{(b)}, \underline{(i)}]$ (6) Except as provided in Subsection $[\underline{(5)}, \underline{(b)}, \underline{(ii)}]$ (7), if the transportation
6486	agency fails to receive at least two qualified eligible competing [proposers] proposals, the
6487	transportation agency shall readvertise the project.
6488	[(ii)] (7) A transportation agency may award a contract for a transportation project that
6489	has an estimated cost of \$5,000,000 or less to a qualified eligible proposer if:
6490	[(A)] (a) only a single proposal is received; and
6491	[(B)] (b) the transportation agency determines that:
6492	[(1)] (i) the proposal is advantageous to the state; and
6493	[(H)] (ii) the proposal price is reasonable.
6494	[(6)] (8) The transportation agency shall issue a request for proposals to those qualified

6495	respondents that:
6496	(a) includes a scope of work statement constituting an information for proposal that
6497	may include:
6498	(i) preliminary design concepts;
6499	(ii) design criteria, needs, and objectives;
6500	(iii) warranty and quality control requirements;
6501	(iv) applicable standards;
6502	(v) environmental documents;
6503	(vi) constraints;
6504	(vii) time expectations or limitations;
6505	(viii) incentives or disincentives; and
6506	(ix) other special considerations;
6507	(b) requires submitters to provide:
6508	(i) a sealed cost proposal;
6509	(ii) a critical path matrix schedule, including cash flow requirements;
6510	(iii) proposal security; and
6511	(iv) other items required by the department for the project; and
6512	(c) may include award of a stipulated fee to be paid to [submitters] offerors who submit
6513	unsuccessful proposals.
6514	$\left[\frac{7}{9}\right]$ (9) The transportation agency shall:
6515	(a) evaluate the submissions received in response to the request for proposals from the
6516	prequalified [proposers] offerors;
6517	(b) comply with rules relating to discussion of proposals, best and final offers, and
6518	evaluations of the proposals submitted; and
6519	(c) after considering price and other identified factors, award the contract to the
6520	responsive and responsible [proposer] offeror whose proposal is most advantageous to the
6521	state.

Section 161. Section 63G-6a-1403, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-503 is

6523	renumbered and amended to re	ead:
6524	[63G-6-503].	63G-6a-1403. Procurement of tollway development
6525	agreements.	
6526	(1) As used in this sec	tion[: (a) "Department" means the Department of
6527	Transportation. (b) "Tollway]	, "tollway development agreement" [has the same meaning] is as
6528	defined in Section 72-6-202.	
6529	(2) The [department] I	Department of Transportation and the Transportation
6530	Commission:	
6531	(a) may solicit a tollwa	ay development agreement proposal by following the
6532	requirements of this section;	
6533	(b) may award a solici	ted tollway development agreement contract for any tollway
6534	project by following the requir	rements of this section; and
6535	(c) shall make rules, [t	by following the procedures and requirements of] in accordance
6536	with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Uta	h Administrative Rulemaking Act, establishing requirements for
6537	the procurement of tollway de-	velopment agreement proposals in addition to those required by
6538	this section.	
6539	(3) (a) Before entering	into a tollway development agreement, the [department]
6540	Department of Transportation	may issue a request for qualifications to prequalify potential
6541	contractors.	
6542	(b) Public notice of the	e request for qualifications shall be given in accordance with
6543	[policy] board rules.	
6544	(c) The [department] <u>I</u>	Department of Transportation shall require, as part of the
6545	qualifications specified in the	request for qualifications, that potential contractors at least
6546	provide:	
6547	(i) a demonstration of	their experience with other transportation concession projects
6548	with attributes similar to the pr	roject being procured;
6549	(ii) a financial stateme	nt of the firm or consortium of firms making the proposal;
6550	(iii) a conceptual proje	ect development plan and financing plan;

6551	(iv) the legal structure of the firm or consortium of firms making the proposal;
6552	(v) the organizational structure for the project; and
6553	(vi) a statement describing why the firm or consortium of firms is best qualified for the
6554	project.
6555	(d) The request for qualifications shall identify the number of eligible competing
6556	[proposers] offerors that the [department] Department of Transportation will select to submit a
6557	proposal.
6558	(4) The [department] Department of Transportation shall:
6559	(a) evaluate the responses received from the request for qualifications;
6560	(b) select from their number those qualified to submit proposals; and
6561	(c) invite those respondents to submit proposals based upon the [department's]
6562	<u>Department of Transportation's</u> request for proposals.
6563	(5) The [department] Department of Transportation shall issue a request for proposals
6564	to those qualified respondents that may require, as appropriate for the procurement:
6565	(a) a description of the proposed project or projects;
6566	(b) a financial plan for the project, including:
6567	(i) the anticipated financial commitment of all parties;
6568	(ii) equity, debt, and other financing mechanisms;
6569	(iii) an analysis of the projected return, rate of return, or both; and
6570	(iv) the monetary benefit and other value to a government entity;
6571	(c) assumptions about user fees or toll rates;
6572	(d) a project development and management plan, including:
6573	(i) the contracting structure;
6574	(ii) the plan for quality management;
6575	(iii) the proposed toll enforcement plan; and
6576	(iv) the plan for safety management; and
6577	(e) that the proposal to comply with the minimum guidelines for tollway development
6578	agreement proposals under Section 72-6-204.

6579	(6) The [department] Department of Transportation and the Transportation
6580	Commission:
6581	(a) shall evaluate the submissions received in response to the request for proposals
6582	from the prequalified [proposers] offerors;
6583	(b) shall comply with rules relating to discussion of proposals, best and final offers,
6584	and evaluations of the proposals submitted; and
6585	(c) may, after considering price and other identified factors and complying with the
6586	requirements of Section 72-6-206, award the contract to the <u>responsive and</u> responsible
6587	[proposer] offeror whose proposal is most advantageous to the state.
6588	Section 162. Section 63G-6a-1501 is enacted to read:
6589	Part 15. Architect-Engineer Services
6590	<u>63G-6a-1501.</u> Title.
6591	This part is known as "Architect-Engineer Services."
6592	Section 163. Section 63G-6a-1502 , which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-701 is
6593	renumbered and amended to read:
6594	[63G-6-701]. 63G-6a-1502. Policy regarding architect-engineer services.
6595	(1) It is the policy of this state to publicly announce all requirements for
6596	architect-engineer services and to negotiate contracts for architect-engineer services on the
6597	basis of demonstrated competence and qualification for the type of services required, and at fair
6598	and reasonable prices.
6599	(2) Architect-engineer services shall be procured as provided in this part except as
6600	authorized by Sections [63G-6-409 through 63G-6-411] <u>63G-6a-408</u> , <u>63G-6a-802</u> , <u>and</u>
6601	<u>63G-6a-803</u> .
6602	(3) This part does not affect the authority of, and does not apply to procedures
6603	undertaken by, a public procurement unit to obtain the services of architects or engineers in the
6604	capacity of employees of [such] the public procurement unit.
6605	Section 164. Section 63G-6a-1503, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-702 is
6606	renumbered and amended to read:

0007	[05G-0-702]. 05G-0a-1505. Selection committee for architect-engineer
6608	services.
6609	(1) In the procurement of architect-engineer services, the [chief] procurement officer of
5610	the head of a <u>state</u> purchasing [agency] <u>unit</u> shall encourage firms engaged in the lawful
5611	practice of their profession to submit annually a statement of qualifications and performance
5612	data.
5613	(2) The Building Board shall be the [selection] evaluation committee for
5614	architect-engineer services contracts under its authority. [Selection committees]
5615	(3) An evaluation committee for architect-engineer services contracts not under the
5616	authority of the Building Board shall be established in accordance with rules [and regulations
5617	promulgated by the policy board. Selection committees shall] made by the applicable
5618	rulemaking authority.
5619	(4) An evaluation committee shall:
6620	(a) evaluate current statements of qualifications and performance data on file with the
5621	state, together with those that may be submitted by other firms in response to the
6622	announcement of the proposed contract[. Selection committees shall];
6623	(b) consider no less than three firms [and then shall select therefrom,]; and
6624	(c) based upon criteria established and published by the [selection committees,]
5625	authorized purchasing entity, select no less than three of the firms considered to be the most
5626	highly qualified to provide the services required.
5627	Section 165. Section 63G-6a-1504, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-703 is
5628	renumbered and amended to read:
5629	[63G-6-703]. Selection as part of design-build or lease.
5630	Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, architect-engineer services may be
5631	procured under Title 63A, Chapter 5, State Building Board - Division of Facilities Construction
6632	and Management, as part of the services obtained in a design-build contract or as part of the
5633	services obtained in a lease contract for real property, [provided that] if the qualifications of
5634	those providing the architect-engineer services are part of the consideration in the selection

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6635	process.
6636	Section 166. Section 63G-6a-1505, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-704 is
6637	renumbered and amended to read:
6638	[63G-6-704]. 63G-6a-1505. Determination of compensation for
6639	architect-engineer services.
6640	(1) The procurement officer shall award a contract to a qualified firm at compensation
6641	[which] that the procurement officer determines, in writing, to be fair and reasonable to the
6642	state.
6643	(2) In making [this decision,] the determination described in Subsection (1), the
6644	procurement officer shall take into account the services':
6645	(a) estimated value[, the];
6646	(b) scope[, and];
6647	(c) complexity[;]; and [the]
6648	(d) professional nature [of the services to be rendered. Should].
6649	(3) If the procurement officer [be] is unable to agree to a satisfactory contract with the
6650	firm first selected, at a price the procurement officer determines to be fair and reasonable to the
6651	state, [discussions with that firm shall be formally terminated. The] the procurement officer
6652	shall [then]:
6653	(a) formally terminate discussions with that firm; and
6654	(b) undertake discussions with a second qualified firm. [Failing accord with the
6655	second firm, the procurement officer shall formally terminate discussions. The procurement
6656	officer shall then]
6657	(4) If the procurement officer is unable to agree to a satisfactory contract with the
6658	second firm selected, at a price the procurement officer determines to be fair and reasonable to
6659	the state, the procurement officer shall:

(a) formally terminate discussions with that firm; and

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be]

(b) undertake discussions with a third qualified firm. [Should the procurement officer

6663	(5) If the procurement officer is unable to award a contract at a fair and reasonable
6664	price [with] to any of the selected firms, the procurement officer shall:
6665	(a) select additional firms[7]; and [the procurement officer shall]
6666	(b) continue discussions in accordance with this part until an agreement is reached.
6667	Section 167. Section 63G-6a-1506, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-705 is
6668	renumbered and amended to read:
6669	[63G-6-705]. <u>63G-6a-1506.</u> Restrictions on procurement of
6670	architect-engineer services.
6671	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), when [a public procurement unit] an
6672	authorized purchasing entity, in accordance with Section [63G-6-701] 63G-6a-1502, elects to
6673	obtain architect or engineering services by using a competitive procurement process and has
6674	provided public notice of its competitive procurement process:
6675	(a) a higher education entity, or any part of one, may not submit a proposal in response
6676	to the [public procurement unit's] authorized purchasing entity's competitive procurement
6677	process; and
6678	(b) the [public procurement unit] authorized purchasing entity may not award a
6679	contract to perform the architect or engineering services solicited in the competitive
6680	procurement process to a higher education entity or any part of one.
6681	(2) [A public procurement unit need not comply with the requirements of] Subsection
6682	(1) does not apply when the [public procurement unit] authorized purchasing entity is
6683	procuring architect or engineer services for contracts related to research activities and
6684	technology transfer.
6685	Section 168. Section 63G-6a-1601 is enacted to read:
6686	Part 16. Controversies and Protests
6687	<u>63G-6a-1601.</u> Title.
6688	This part is known as "Controversies and Protests."
6689	Section 169. Section 63G-6a-1602, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-805 is
6690	renumbered and amended to read:

[63G-6-805]. 63G-6a-1602. Authority to resolve controversy between public procurement unit and contractor.

The [chief] procurement officer, the head of [a purchasing agency] an authorized purchasing entity, or a designee of either [officer is authorized, prior to] may, before commencement of an action in court concerning the controversy, [to] settle and resolve a controversy [which] that arises between [the state] a public procurement unit or an authorized purchasing entity and a contractor [under or by virtue of a contract between them. This includes, without limitation, controversies] in relation to a contract or a procurement, including a controversy based upon breach of contract, [mistakes] a mistake, misrepresentation, or other cause for contract modification or rescission.

Section 170. Section **63G-6a-1603**, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-801 is renumbered and amended to read:

[63G-6-801]. 63G-6a-1603. Protest to procurement officer -- Time -- Authority to resolve protest.

- (1) Any actual or prospective bidder, offeror, or contractor who is aggrieved in connection with the solicitation or award of a contract may protest to the [chief] procurement officer or the head of [a purchasing agency] an authorized purchasing entity. A protest with respect to an invitation for bids or a request for proposals shall be submitted in writing [prior to] before the opening of bids or the closing date for proposals, unless the aggrieved person did not know and should not have known of the facts giving rise to the protest [prior to] before the bid opening or the closing date for proposals. [The protest shall be submitted] An aggrieved person shall submit a protest in writing within [five working] seven days after the aggrieved person knows or should have known of the facts giving rise [thereto] to the protest.
- (2) Subject to the applicable requirements in Section 63G-10-403, the [chief] procurement officer, the head of [a purchasing agency] an authorized purchasing entity, or a designee of either [officer shall have the authority, prior to], may, before the commencement of an action in court concerning the controversy, [to] settle and resolve the protest.
- Section 171. Section **63G-6a-1604**, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-806 is

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6719	renumbered and amended to read:
6720	[63G-6-806]. <u>63G-6a-1604.</u> Decisions to be in writing Effect of no
6721	writing.
6722	(1) The [chief procurement officer, the head of a purchasing agency, or the designee of
6723	either officer] person who conducts a hearing under Section 63G-6a-1603 shall promptly issue
6724	a written decision regarding any protest, debarment [or], suspension, or contract controversy if
6725	it is not settled by a mutual agreement.
6726	(2) The decision shall state the reasons for the action taken and inform the protestor,
6727	contractor, or prospective contractor of the right to judicial or administrative review as
6728	provided in this chapter.
6729	[(2)] (3) A decision [shall be] described in this section is effective until stayed or
6730	reversed on appeal, except to the extent provided in Section [63G-6-802] 63G-6a-1607. [A
6731	copy of the decision under Subsection (1) shall be mailed]
6732	(4) A person who issues a decision under this section shall mail or otherwise
6733	[furnished] immediately furnish a copy of the decision to the protestor, prospective contractor,
6734	or contractor.
6735	(5) The decision shall be final and conclusive unless the protestor, prospective
6736	contractor, or contractor:
6737	(a) appeals administratively to the [procurement] applicable appeals board, if any, in
6738	accordance with Subsection [63G-6-810] 63G-6a-1703(2); or [the protestor, prospective
6739	contractor, or contractor]
6740	(b) if there is not an applicable appeals board, commences an action in district court in
6741	accordance with Section [63G-6-815] <u>63G-6a-1803</u> .
6742	[(3)] (6) If the [chief] procurement officer, the head of [a purchasing agency] an
6743	authorized purchasing entity, or the designee of either [officer] does not issue the written
6744	decision [regarding a contract controversy] as required by this section within 60 [calendar] days

after the day on which a written request for a final decision is made, or within [such] a longer

period as may be agreed upon by the parties, then the <u>protestor</u>, <u>contractor</u>, <u>or prospective</u>

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6747	contractor may proceed as if an adverse decision had been received.
6748	Section 172. Section 63G-6a-1605 , which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-907 is
6749	renumbered and amended to read:
6750	[63G-6-907]. 63G-6a-1605. Resolution of local public procurement
6751	controversies.
6752	[Any] A local public procurement unit [is authorized to] may enter into an agreement
6753	with the State Procurement Appeals Board to resolve controversies between the local public
6754	procurement unit and its <u>bidders</u> , <u>offerors</u> , contractors, <u>regardless of</u> whether [or not such] <u>the</u>
6755	controversy arose from a cooperative purchasing agreement.
6756	Section 173. Section 63G-6a-1606, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-802 is
6757	renumbered and amended to read:
6758	[63G-6-802]. <u>63G-6a-1606.</u> Effect of timely protest.
6759	In the event of a timely protest under Subsection [63G-6-801(1), 63G-6-810(1), or
6760	63G-6-815(1), the state shall] 63G-6a-1603(1), 63G-6a-1703(1), or 63G-6a-1803(1), an
6761	authorized purchasing entity may not proceed further with the solicitation or with the award of
6762	the contract until all administrative and judicial remedies [have been] are exhausted or until the
6763	[chief] procurement officer, after consultation with the head of the [using agency] public
6764	procurement unit or the head of [a purchasing agency] an authorized purchasing entity, makes a
6765	written determination that the award of the contract without delay is necessary to protect
6766	substantial interests of the state.
6767	Section 174. Section 63G-6a-1607 , which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-803 is
6768	renumbered and amended to read:
6769	[63G-6-803]. Costs to or against protestor.
6770	(1) When a protest is sustained administratively or upon administrative or judicial
6771	review and the protesting bidder or offeror should have been awarded the contract under the
6772	solicitation but is not, the protestor shall be entitled to the following relief as a claim against
6773	the state:

(a) the reasonable costs incurred in connection with the solicitation, including bid

6775	preparation and appeal costs; and
6776	(b) any equitable relief determined to be appropriate by the reviewing administrative or
6777	judicial body.
6778	(2) When a protest is not sustained by the [Procurement Appeals Board] appeals board.
6779	the protestor shall reimburse the [Division of Purchasing and General Services] public
6780	procurement unit for the per diem and expenses paid by the [division] public procurement unit
6781	to witnesses or appeals board members and any additional expenses incurred by the [state
6782	agency] staff of the public procurement unit who have provided materials and administrative
6783	services to the <u>appeals</u> board for that case.
6784	Section 175. Section 63G-6a-1701 is enacted to read:
6785	Part 17. Procurement Appeals Board
6786	<u>63G-6a-1701.</u> Title.
6787	This part is known as "Procurement Appeals Board."
6788	Section 176. Section 63G-6a-1702, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-807 is
6789	renumbered and amended to read:
6790	[63G-6-807]. 63G-6a-1702. Creation of Procurement Appeals Board
6791	Creation of other appeals boards.
6792	(1) (a) A Procurement Appeals Board is created in the executive branch. The

- (1) (a) A Procurement Appeals Board is created in the executive branch. The Procurement Appeals Board shall be composed of a chair and one other member, to be appointed by the governor, and a third member to be designated by the two appointed members on a case-by-case basis.
- (b) None of the members of the Procurement Appeals Board shall otherwise be full-time employees of the state.

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- (c) The appointed members of the Procurement Appeals Board shall have been members in good standing of the state bar for at least five years and shall be experienced in contract or commercial matters.
- 6801 (d) The designated member shall possess the technical expertise and experience needed for the proper disposition of the factual issues presented by the case.

6803	(2) (a) Except as required by Subsection (2)(b), as terms of current [board] members
6804	expire, the governor shall appoint each new member or reappointed member to a four-year
6805	term.
6806	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (2)(a), the governor shall, at the
6807	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
6808	[board] members are staggered so that approximately half of the [board is] members of the
6809	Procurement Appeals Board are appointed every two years.
6810	(c) The designated member shall serve for the case on which designated until the final
6811	disposition of the case.
6812	(d) Appointed members may be reappointed for succeeding terms and may continue to
6813	serve after the expiration of their terms until a successor takes office.
6814	(e) Qualified persons may be redesignated as members.
6815	(3) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
6816	appointed for the unexpired term.
6817	(4) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
6818	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
6819	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
6820	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
6821	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
6822	63A-3-107.
6823	(5) A local public procurement unit, a non-executive state procurement unit, or a state
6824	institution of higher education may form its own appeals board to hear procurement protests.
6825	Section 177. Section 63G-6a-1703, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-810 is
6826	renumbered and amended to read:
6827	[63G-6-810]. <u>63G-6a-1703.</u> Jurisdiction of appeals board.
6828	Unless an action has been initiated previously in district courts for essentially the same
6829	cause of action, [the] an appeals board shall have jurisdiction to review and determine de novo
6830	(1) any protest of a solicitation or award of a contract addressed to the appeals board by

Enrolled Copy S.B. 153 6831 an aggrieved actual or prospective bidder or offeror, or a contractor; and 6832 (2) any appeal by an aggrieved party from a decision rendered or considered to have 6833 been rendered pursuant to Section [63G-6-806] 63G-6a-1604. 6834 Section 178. Section **63G-6a-1704**, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-808 is renumbered and amended to read: 6835 6836 [63G-6-808]. 63G-6a-1704. Rules of procedure to be adopted. 6837 The Procurement Appeals Board: (1) shall adopt rules of procedure [which] that, to the fullest extent possible, [will] 6838 provide for the expeditious resolution of controversies, including procedures to encourage 6839 6840 agreements between the parties to a controversy prior to a hearing[. The board]; and 6841 (2) may adopt small claims procedures for the resolution of controversies involving claims of less than \$15,000. 6842 Section 179. Section 63G-6a-1705, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-809 is 6843 6844 renumbered and amended to read: 6845 [63G-6-809]. 63G-6a-1705. Decisions of appeals board to be in writing. 6846 [The Procurement Appeals Board shall] 6847 An appeals board shall: 6848 (1) issue a decision in writing or take other appropriate action of each appeal 6849 submitted [.A]; and 6850 (2) provide a copy of any decision [shall be provided] to all parties and the [chief] 6851 procurement officer or the head of [a purchasing agency] an authorized purchasing entity.

shall file a protest with the appeals board within [five working] seven days after the aggrieved

person knows or should have known of the facts and circumstances upon which the protest is

Section 180. Section 63G-6a-1706, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-811 is

(1) For a protest under Subsection [63G-6-810] 63G-6a-1703(1), the aggrieved person

63G-6a-1706. Time limits to file protest or appeal -- Effect of

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renumbered and amended to read:

[63G-6-811].

6859	based[; provided, however,] except that a protest with respect to an invitation for bids or
6860	request for proposals shall be filed [prior to] before the opening of bids or the closing date for
6861	proposals unless the aggrieved person did not know and should not have known of the facts
6862	giving rise to the protest [prior to] before the bid opening or the closing date for proposals.
6863	(2) For an appeal from a decision regarding a protested solicitation or award, the
6864	aggrieved person shall file an appeal within seven [calendar days of receipt of a] days after the
6865	day on which the decision is rendered or considered to have been rendered [pursuant to Section
6866	63G-6-806] under Section 63G-6a-1604.
6867	(3) For an appeal from a decision regarding a debarment, suspension, or contract
6868	controversy, the aggrieved person shall file an appeal within 60 [ealendar days of receipt of]
6869	days after the day on which the person receives a decision rendered or considered to have been
6870	rendered [pursuant to Section 63G-6-806] under Section 63G-6a-1604.
6871	Section 181. Section 63G-6a-1707, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-812 is
6872	renumbered and amended to read:
6873	[63G-6-812]. 63G-6a-1707. Discontinued appeal with prejudice, except as
6874	authorized.
6875	After notice of an appeal [has been] is filed with the [Procurement Appeals Board]
6876	applicable appeals board, no party may discontinue the appeal without prejudice, except as
6877	authorized by the [Procurement Appeals Board] applicable appeals board.
6878	Section 182. Section 63G-6a-1708, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-813 is
6879	renumbered and amended to read:
6880	[63G-6-813]. 63G-6a-1708. Factual determination of appeals board final
6881	and conclusive.
6882	(1) On any protest or appeal under Section [63G-6-810] 63G-6a-1703, the
6883	[Procurement Appeals Board] applicable appeals board shall promptly decide the contract
6884	controversy or whether the [solicitation] procurement or award was in accordance with this

chapter. Any prior determinations by administrative officials regarding protests of

[solicitations] procurements or awards, suspension or debarments, contract controversies, or

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6887	breach of contract controversies [shall not be] are not final or conclusive.
6888	(2) A determination of an issue of fact by the [Procurement Appeals Board] applicable
6889	appeals board under Subsection (1) [shall be] is final and conclusive unless arbitrary and
6890	capricious or clearly erroneous. No determination on an issue of law [shall be] by the
6891	applicable appeals board is final or conclusive.
6892	(3) The applicable appeals board may, without a hearing, determine, in writing, that a
6893	protest is without merit.
6894	Section 183. Section 63G-6a-1801 is enacted to read:
6895	Part 18. Appeals to Court and Court Proceedings
6896	<u>63G-6a-1801.</u> Title.
6897	This part is known as "Appeals to Court and Court Proceedings."
6898	Section 184. Section 63G-6a-1802, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-814 is
6899	renumbered and amended to read:
6900	[63G-6-814]. <u>63G-6a-1802.</u> Right to appeal to Court of Appeals.
6901	Any person receiving an adverse decision, or the state, may appeal a decision of [the
6902	Procurement Appeals Board] an appeals board to the Court of Appeals. [However, no appeal
6903	may be made by the state] The state may not appeal a decision of an appeals board unless:
6904	(1) recommended by the chief procurement officer or the head of the state purchasing
6905	[agency] unit involved, and approved by the attorney general[:]; or
6906	(2) for a non-executive state procurement unit, approved by a person authorized by rule
6907	made by the applicable rulemaking authority.
6908	Section 185. Section 63G-6a-1803, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-815 is
6909	renumbered and amended to read:

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[63G-6-815].

or in equity, between the state and:

63G-6a-1803. Jurisdiction of district court.

(1) The district court shall have jurisdiction over an action, whether the action is at law

(a) a bidder, offeror, or contractor, prospective or actual, who is aggrieved in

connection with the [solicitation] procurement or award of a contract;

6915	(b) a person who is subject to a suspension or debarment proceeding; and
6916	(c) a contractor, for any cause of action [which] that arises under, or [by virtue of] in
6917	relation to a contract.
6918	(2) The provisions of Title 63G, Chapter 7, Part 4, Notice of Claim Against a
6919	Governmental Entity or a Government Employee, and Section 63G-7-601 do not apply to
6920	actions brought under this chapter by an aggrieved party for equitable relief or reasonable costs
6921	incurred in preparing or appealing an unsuccessful bid or offer.
6922	Section 186. Section 63G-6a-1804, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-817 is
6923	renumbered and amended to read:
6924	[63G-6-817]. 63G-6a-1804. Statutes of limitations.
6925	(1) [Any] An action under Subsection [63G-6-815] 63G-6a-1803(1)(a) shall be
6926	initiated [as follows]:
6927	(a) within 20 [calendar] days after the day on which the aggrieved person knows or
6928	should have known of the facts giving rise to the action; [provided, however, that an action]
6929	(b) with respect to an invitation for bids or request for proposals [shall be initiated
6930	prior to], before the opening of bids or the closing date for proposals unless the aggrieved
6931	person did not know and should not have known of the facts giving rise to the action [prior to
6932	bid opening or the closing date for proposals]; or
6933	[(b)] (c) within 14 [calendar] days after receipt of a final administrative decision
6934	pursuant to either Section [63G-6-806 or Section 63G-6-813] <u>63G-6a-1604 or 63G-6a-1708</u> ,
6935	whichever is applicable.
6936	(2) [Any] An action under Subsection [63G-6-815] 63G-6a-1803(1)(b) shall be
6937	commenced within six months after receipt of a final administrative decision, pursuant to
6938	Section [63G-6-806 or Section 63G-6-813, whichever is applicable] 63G-6a-1604 or
6939	<u>63G-6a-1708</u> .
6940	(3) The statutory limitations on an action between private persons on a contract or for
6941	breach of contract shall apply to any action commenced pursuant to Subsection [63G-6-815]
6942	63G-6a-1803(1)(c), except notice of appeals from [the Procurement Appeals Board] an appeals

6943	board pursuant to Section [63G-6-814] 63G-6a-1802 concerning actions on a contract or for
6944	breach of contract, shall be filed within one year after the [date of the Procurement Appeals
6945	Board decision] day on which the decision of the appeals board is made.
6946	Section 187. Section 63G-6a-1805 , which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-816 is
6947	renumbered and amended to read:
6948	[63G-6-816]. 63G-6a-1805. Affect of prior determination by agents of
6949	state.
6950	In any judicial action under Section [63G-6-815] 63G-6a-1803, determinations by
6951	employees, agents, or other persons appointed by the state shall be final and conclusive only as
6952	provided in Sections [63G-6-419 and 63G-6-806] <u>63G-6a-1604 and 63G-6a-1902</u> , and
6953	Subsection [63G-6-813] <u>63G-6a-1708(</u> 2).
6954	Section 188. Section 63G-6a-1901 is enacted to read:
6955	Part 19. General Provisions Related to Protest or Appeal
6956	<u>63G-6a-1901.</u> Title.
6957	This part is known as "General Provisions Related to Protest or Appeal."
6958	Section 189. Section 63G-6a-1902 , which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-419 is
6959	renumbered and amended to read:
6960	[63G-6-419]. 63G-6a-1902. Determinations final except when arbitrary
6961	and capricious.
6962	The determinations required [by Subsections 63G-6-401(6), 63G-6-408(1) and (6),
6963	Sections 63G-6-410, 63G-6-411, 63G-6-413, Subsection 63G-6-415(4), Section 63G-6-416,
6964	and Subsection 63G-6-417(2)] under the following provisions are final and conclusive unless
6965	they are arbitrary and capricious or clearly erroneous[-]:
6966	(1) Section 63G-6a-605;
6967	(2) Section 63G-6a-702;
6968	(3) Subsection 63G-6a-708(1)(a);
6969	(4) Subsection 63G-6a-709(1);
6970	(5) Section 63G-6a-803:

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6971	(6) Section 63G-6a-804;
6972	(7) Section 63G-6a-903;
6973	(8) Subsection 63G-6a-1204(1) or (2);
6974	(9) Subsection 63G-6a-1204(5);
6975	(10) Section 63G-6a-1205; or
6976	(11) Subsection 63G-6a-1206(5).
6977	Section 190. Section 63G-6a-1903, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-818 is
6978	renumbered and amended to read:
6979	[63G-6-818]. 63G-6a-1903. Affect of violation prior to award of contract.
6980	If [prior to], before award of a contract, it is determined administratively or upon
6981	administrative or judicial review that a [solicitation] procurement or proposed award of a
6982	contract is in violation of law, the [solicitation] procurement or proposed award shall be
6983	cancelled or revised to comply with the law.
6984	Section 191. Section 63G-6a-1904, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-819 is
6985	renumbered and amended to read:
6986	[63G-6-819]. 63G-6a-1904. Affect of violation after award of contract.
6987	If, after [an] award of a contract, it is determined administratively or upon
6988	administrative or judicial review that a [solicitation] procurement or award of a contract is in
6989	violation of law:
6990	(1) if the person awarded the contract [has not acted] did not act fraudulently or in bad
6991	faith:
6992	(a) the contract may be ratified and affirmed if it is [determined that doing so is] in the
6993	best interests of the state; or
6994	(b) (i) the contract may be terminated; and
6995	(ii) the person awarded the contract shall be compensated for the actual expenses
6996	reasonably incurred under the contract [prior to] before the termination, plus a reasonable

(2) if the person awarded the contract has acted fraudulently or in bad faith:

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profit;

0999	(a) the contract may be declared full and void; of
7000	(b) the contract may be ratified and affirmed if [such action] \underline{it} is in the best interests of
7001	the state, without prejudice to the state's rights to any appropriate damages.
7002	Section 192. Section 63G-6a-1905 , which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-820 is
7003	renumbered and amended to read:
7004	[63G-6-820]. <u>63G-6a-1905.</u> Interest rate.
7005	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), in controversies between the state and
7006	contractors under this part, Part 16, Controversies and Protests, Part 17, Procurement Appeals
7007	Board, or Part 18, Appeals to Court and Court Proceedings, interest on amounts ultimately
7008	determined to be due to a contractor or [to] the state are payable at the rate applicable to
7009	judgments from the date the claim arose through the date of decision or judgment, whichever is
7010	later.
7011	(2) This section does not apply to public assistance benefits programs.
7012	Section 193. Section 63G-6a-2001 is enacted to read:
7013	Part 20. Records
7014	<u>63G-6a-2001.</u> Title.
7015	This part is known as "Records."
7016	Section 194. Section 63G-6a-2002, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-106 is
7017	renumbered and amended to read:
7018	[63G-6-106]. <u>63G-6a-2002.</u> Records Retention.
7019	(1) All procurement records shall be retained and disposed of in accordance with Title
7020	63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
7021	(2) Written determinations required by this chapter shall [also] be retained in the
7022	appropriate official contract file of [the Division of Purchasing and General Services or the
7023	purchasing agency.]:
7024	(a) the division;
7025	(b) the state purchasing unit; or
7026	(c) for a non-executive state procurement unit, the person designated by rule made by

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7027	the applicable rulemaking authority.
7028	(3) A public procurement unit shall keep, and make available to the public, upon
7029	request, a written record of all procurements made under this section for which an expenditure
7030	of \$50 or more is made, for the longer of:
7031	(a) four years;
7032	(b) the time otherwise required by law; or
7033	(c) the time period provided by rule made by the applicable rulemaking authority.
7034	(4) The written record described in Subsection (3) shall include:
7035	(a) the name of the provider from whom the procurement was made;
7036	(b) a description of the procurement item;
7037	(c) the date of the procurement; and
7038	(d) the expenditure made for the procurement.
7039	Section 195. Section 63G-6a-2003, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-421 is
7040	renumbered and amended to read:
7041	[63G-6-421]. <u>63G-6a-2003.</u> Records of contracts made Audits
7042	Contract requirements.
7043	The [chief] procurement officer or the head of [a purchasing agency] an authorized
7044	<u>purchasing entity</u> shall maintain a record listing all contracts made under Section [63G-6-410
7045	or 63G-6-411 and shall maintain the record] 63G-6a-408, 63G-6a-802, or 63G-6a-803, in
7046	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
7047	The record shall contain each contractor's name, the amount and type of each contract, and a
7048	listing of the [supplies, services, or construction procured under each contract] procurement
7049	items to which the contract relates.
7050	Section 196. Section 63G-6a-2004, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-905 is

7052 [63G-6-905]. 63G-6a-2004. Chief procurement officer's collection of 7053 information on procurement items. 7054

7051

renumbered and amended to read:

(1) To the extent possible, the chief procurement officer may collect information

7055	concerning the type, cost, quality, and quantity of commonly used [supplies, services, or
7056	construction being] procurement items procured or used by [state] public procurement units
7057	[and local public procurement units].
7058	(2) The chief procurement officer may make the information <u>described in Subsection</u>
7059	(1) available to any public procurement unit upon request.
7060	Section 197. Section 63G-6a-2101 is enacted to read:
7061	Part 21. Interaction Between Public Procurement Units
7062	<u>63G-6a-2101.</u> Title.
7063	This part is known as "Interaction Between Public Procurement Units."
7064	Section 198. Section 63G-6a-2102, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-901 is
7065	renumbered and amended to read:
7066	[63G-6-901]. <u>63G-6a-2102.</u> Agreements between public procurement
7067	units.
7068	[Under the terms agreed upon among the parties, any]
7069	(1) For purposes of this section only, "public procurement unit" includes an external
7070	procurement unit.
7071	(2) A public procurement unit may enter into [agreements] an agreement with one or
7072	more other public procurement units to:
7073	[(1)] (a) sponsor, conduct, or administer a cooperative agreement for the procurement
7074	or disposal of [any supplies, services, or construction] a procurement item;
7075	[(2)] (b) cooperatively use [supplies or services] a procurement item;
7076	[(3)] (c) commonly use or share warehousing facilities, capital equipment, and other
7077	facilities;
7078	[(4)] (d) provide personnel[; provided that the requesting], if the receiving public
7079	procurement unit [shall pay] pays the public procurement unit providing the personnel the
7080	direct and indirect cost of providing the personnel, in accordance with the agreement; or
7081	[(5)] (e) make available informational, technical, and other services, [provided that] if
7082	(i) the requirements of the public procurement unit tendering the services [shall] have

7083	precedence over the [requesting] public procurement unit that receives the services; and [that]
7084	(ii) the [requesting] receiving public procurement unit [shall pay for] pays the expenses
7085	of the services [so] provided, in accordance with the agreement.
7086	(3) If a public procurement unit does not have the expertise necessary to administer a
7087	particular procurement, the public procurement unit may enter into an agreement for
7088	administration of the procurement with:
7089	(a) another public procurement unit; or
7090	(b) a person that is under contract to administer procurements.
7091	Section 199. Section 63G-6a-2103, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-902 is
7092	renumbered and amended to read:
7093	[63G-6-902]. 63G-6a-2103. Services between public procurement units.
7094	(1) Upon request, [any] a public procurement unit may make services available to
7095	[other] another public procurement [units the following services, among others] unit, including
7096	(a) standard forms;
7097	(b) printed manuals;
7098	(c) qualified products lists;
7099	(d) source information;
7100	(e) common use commodities listings;
7101	(f) supplier prequalification information;
7102	(g) supplier performance ratings;
7103	(h) debarred and suspended bidders lists;
7104	(i) forms for invitation for bids, requests for proposals, instructions to bidders, general
7105	contract provisions, and [other] contract forms; [and] or
7106	(j) contracts or published summaries [thereof] of contracts, including price and time of
7107	delivery information.
7108	(2) $[Any]$ A public procurement unit may provide $[the following]$ technical services $[t, t]$
7109	[among others, to other] to another public procurement [units;] unit, including:
7110	(a) development of specifications;

7111	(b) development of quality assurance test methods, including receiving, inspection, and
7112	acceptance procedures;
7113	(c) use of testing and inspection facilities; [and] or
7114	(d) use of personnel training programs.
7115	(3) Public procurement units may enter into contractual arrangements and publish a
7116	schedule of fees for the services provided under Subsections (1) and (2).
7117	Section 200. Section 63G-6a-2104, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-904 is
7118	renumbered and amended to read:
7119	[63G-6-904]. 63G-6a-2104. Compliance by one public procurement unit
7120	pursuant to agreement considered compliance by others to agreement.
7121	[Where the] (1) When a public procurement unit [administering] that administers a
7122	cooperative purchase complies with the requirements of this chapter, any public procurement
7123	unit participating in [such a] the purchase [shall be] is considered to have complied with this
7124	chapter. [Public procurement units]
7125	(2) A public procurement unit may not enter into a cooperative purchasing agreement
7126	for the purpose of circumventing this chapter.
7127	Section 201. Section 63G-6a-2105 , which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-424 is
7128	renumbered and amended to read:
7129	[63G-6-424]. 63G-6a-2105. Participation of counties, municipalities, and
7130	public procurement units in agreements or contracts of public procurement units.
7131	[Utah counties, municipalities, and local public procurement units]
7132	(1) A Utah county or municipality may purchase [from] under or otherwise participate
7133	in [state public procurement unit agreements and contracts.] an agreement or contract of a Utah
7134	public procurement unit.
7135	(2) A state purchasing unit or a Utah public procurement unit may:
7136	(a) contract with the federal government without going through a procurement process
7137	or an exception to a procurement process;
7138	(b) purchase under, or otherwise participate in, an agreement or contract of another

7139	Utah public procurement unit; or
7140	(c) purchase under, or otherwise participate in, an agreement or contract of an external
7141	public procurement unit, if:
7142	(i) the procurement was conducted in accordance with the requirements of this chapter;
7143	<u>and</u>
7144	(ii) the Utah participating addendum to the contract contains the terms and conditions
7145	required by the applicable rulemaking authority that enters into the Utah participating
7146	addendum.
7147	(3) A public transit district, organized under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 8, Public
7148	Transit District Act, may, without going through a procurement process or an exception to a
7149	procurement process, contract with a county or municipality to receive money from the county
7150	or municipality to fund a transportation project.
7151	Section 202. Section 63G-6a-2201 is enacted to read:
7152	Part 22. Ethical Requirements
7153	<u>63G-6a-2201.</u> Title.
7154	This part is known as "Ethical Requirements."
7155	Section 203. Section 63G-6a-2202 is enacted to read:
7156	63G-6a-2202. Ethical requirements for public procurement.
7157	(1) As used in this section, "ethics provisions of the model procurement code" means
7158	the following provisions of Article 12 of the 2000 American Bar Association Model
7159	Procurement Code for State and Local Governments:
7160	(a) Section 12-202, General Standards of Ethical Conduct;
7161	(b) Section 12-204, Employee Conflict of Interest;
7162	(c) Section 12-205, Employee Disclosure Requirements;
7163	(d) Section 12-206, Gratuities and Kickbacks;
7164	(e) Section 12-207, Prohibition Against Contingent Fees;
7165	(f) Section 12-208, Restrictions on Employment of Present and Former Employees;
7166	<u>and</u>

7167	(g) Section 12-209, Use of Confidential Information.
7168	(2) The applicable rulemaking authority shall make rules that prescribe ethical
7169	standards for its agents and employees in relation to a procurement.
7170	(3) The ethical standards described in Subsection (2) shall be based upon the general
7171	principles of the ethics provisions of the model procurement code.
7172	(4) The applicable rulemaking authority:
7173	(a) is not required to adopt or implement any of the specific provisions of the ethics
7174	provisions of the model procurement code; and
7175	(b) may not adopt any provision of the ethics provisions of the model procurement
7176	code that conflict with this chapter.
7177	(5) A public procurement unit shall advise its employees and agents who are involved
7178	in a procurement process for the public procurement unit regarding the following provisions
7179	and the penalties associated with those provisions:
7180	(a) the provisions of this part and rules made under this part;
7181	(b) Subsections 63G-6a-408(4) and (5), relating to artificially dividing a procurement
7182	(c) Section 63G-6a-2303, Offering a gratuity;
7183	(d) Section 63G-6a-2304, Accepting or requesting a gratuity;
7184	(e) Title 67, Chapter 16, Utah Public Officers' and Employees' Ethics Act;
7185	(f) Section 76-8-103, Bribery or offering a bribe;
7186	(g) Section 76-8-105, Receiving or soliciting bribe or bribery by public servant; and
7187	(h) Section 76-8-402, Misusing public money.
7188	Section 204. Section 63G-6a-2301 is enacted to read:
7189	Part 23. Unlawful Conduct and Penalties
7190	<u>63G-6a-2301.</u> Title.
7191	This part is known as "Unlawful Conduct and Penalties."
7192	Section 205. Section 63G-6a-2302, which is renumbered from Section 63G-6-420 is
7193	renumbered and amended to read:
7194	[63G-6-420]. 63G-6a-2302. Factual information to attorney general if

7195	collusion suspected.
7196	[When for any reason] If a public procurement unit suspects collusion or other
7197	anticompetitive practices [are suspected] among bidders or offerors, the public procurement
7198	unit shall transmit a notice of the relevant facts [shall be transmitted] to the attorney general.
7199	Section 206. Section 63G-6a-2303 is enacted to read:
7200	63G-6a-2303. Offering a gratuity.
7201	(1) As used in this section, "interested person" means a person who is interested in any
7202	way in the sale of a procurement item, real property, or insurance to a public procurement unit
7203	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (5), it is unlawful for an interested person to give
7204	offer, or promise to give an emolument, gratuity, contribution, loan, or reward to:
7205	(a) a procurement officer of the public procurement unit that is seeking to obtain the
7206	procurement item;
7207	(b) any employee, official, or agent of the public procurement unit that is seeking to
7208	obtain the procurement item; or
7209	(c) another person or entity on behalf of a person described in Subsection (2)(a) or (b).
7210	(3) The conduct described in Subsection (2) is unlawful, regardless of whether the
7211	emolument, gratuity, contribution, loan, or reward is given for:
7212	(a) the person's own use; or
7213	(b) the use or benefit of any other person.
7214	(4) A person who violates this section is guilty of:
7215	(a) a felony of the second degree if the total value of the emolument, gratuity,
7216	contribution, loan, or reward is \$1,000 or more;
7217	(b) a felony of the third degree if the total value of the emolument, gratuity,
7218	contribution, loan, or reward is \$250 or more, but less then \$1,000;
7219	(c) a class A misdemeanor if the value of the emolument, gratuity, contribution, loan,
7220	or reward is \$100 or more, but less than \$250; or
7221	(d) a class B misdemeanor if the value of the emolument, gratuity, contribution, loan,
7222	or reward is less than \$100.

7223	(5) A person is not guilty of a violation of this section if:
7224	(a) (i) the gift is an item of less than \$10 in value;
7225	(ii) the total value of all gifts given by the person to a person described in Subsection
7226	(2), or another person in that person's behalf, during that calendar year does not exceed \$50;
7227	<u>and</u>
7228	(iii) the gift is not given with the intent to induce a person to make a procurement
7229	decision in reciprocation for the gift; or
7230	(b) the gift:
7231	(i) is a philanthropic donation to a public procurement unit; and
7232	(ii) is not given with the intent to induce a person to make a procurement decision in
7233	reciprocation for the gift.
7234	Section 207. Section 63G-6a-2304 is enacted to read:
7235	63G-6a-2304. Accepting or requesting a gratuity.
7236	(1) As used in this section, "associate" means any of the following:
7237	(a) the chief procurement officer;
7238	(b) a procurement officer;
7239	(c) a public employee;
7240	(d) a public official; or
7241	(e) an agent of a public procurement unit.
7242	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (4), it is unlawful for an associate of a public
7243	procurement unit that is engaged in obtaining a procurement item, real property, or insurance to
7244	ask, receive, offer to receive, accept, or ask for a promise to receive, an emolument, gratuity,
7245	contribution, loan, or reward for the associate's own use or benefit, or the use or benefit of any
7246	other person interested in the procurement item, real property, or insurance.
7247	(3) A person who violates this section is guilty of:
7248	(a) a felony of the second degree if the total value of the emolument, gratuity,
7249	contribution, loan, or reward is \$1,000 or more;
7250	(b) a felony of the third degree if the total value of the emolument, gratuity,

7251	contribution, loan, or reward is \$250 or more, but less then \$1,000;
7252	(c) a class A misdemeanor if the value of the emolument, gratuity, contribution, loan,
7253	or reward is \$100 or more, but less than \$250; or
7254	(d) a class B misdemeanor if the value of the emolument, gratuity, contribution, loan,
7255	or reward is less than \$100.
7256	(4) A person is not guilty of a violation of this section if:
7257	(a) (i) the associate receives a gift of less than \$10 in value;
7258	(ii) the total value of all gifts received by the associate from the same person during
7259	that calendar year does not exceed \$50; and
7260	(iii) the associate does not make a procurement decision, or intend to make a
7261	procurement decision, in reciprocation for the gift; or
7262	(b) the associate:
7263	(i) receives a philanthropic donation on behalf of a public procurement unit; and
7264	(ii) does not make a procurement decision, or intend to make a procurement decision,
7265	in reciprocation for the donation.
7266	Section 208. Section 63G-6a-2305 is enacted to read:
7267	63G-6a-2305. Penalties for artificially dividing a purchase.
7268	A person who violates Subsection 63G-6a-408(4) or (5) is guilty of:
7269	(1) a felony of the second degree if the total value of the divided procurements is
7270	\$1,000,000 or more;
7271	(2) a felony of the third degree if the total value of the divided procurements is
7272	\$250,000 or more, but less than \$1,000,000;
7273	(3) a class A misdemeanor if the total value of the divided procurements is \$100,000 or
7274	more, but less than \$250,000; or
7275	(4) a class B misdemeanor if the total value of the divided procurements is less than
7276	<u>\$100,000.</u>
7277	Section 209. Section 63G-6a-2306 is enacted to read:
7278	<u>63G-6a-2306.</u> Penalties.

(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), in addition to any penalty contained in any
other provision of law, a public officer or public employee who intentionally violates a
provision of Section 63G-6a-2303, Section 63G-6a-2304, or Section 63G-6a-2305 shall be
dismissed from employment or removed from office.
(2) An elected official who intentionally violates a provision of Section 63G-6a-2303,
Section 63G-6a-2304, or Section 63G-6a-2305 may only be removed from office in accordance
with the requirements of law relating to removal of the elected official from office.
(3) Except as provided in Subsection (4), a public officer or public employee who
intentionally violates a provision of this chapter, including Part 22, Ethical Requirements, is
subject to disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal from employment or dismissal
from office.
(4) An elected official who intentionally violates a provision of this chapter, including
Part 22, Ethical Requirements, may only be disciplined or removed from office in accordance
with the requirements of law relating to discipline of the elected official or removal of the
elected official from office.
Section 210. Section 63G-6a-2307 is enacted to read:
63G-6a-2307. Contract awarded in relation to criminal conduct void.
If a person who is awarded a contract intentionally violates a provision of Section
63G-6a-2303 or Section 63G-6a-2304 in relation to the contract, the contract is void and
unenforceable.
Section 211. Section 63G-7-804 is amended to read:
63G-7-804. Liability insurance Methods for purchase or renewal.
(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a contract or policy of insurance may be
purchased or renewed under this chapter only upon public bid to be let to the lowest and best
bidder.
(2) The purchase or renewal of insurance by the state shall be conducted in accordance
with the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
Section 212. Section 63G-10-403 is amended to read:

7307	63G-10-403. Department of Transportation bid or request for proposals protest
7308	settlement agreement approval and review.
7309	(1) As used in this section:
7310	(a) "Department" means the Department of Transportation created in Section 72-1-201.
7311	(b) "Settlement agreement" includes stipulations, consent decrees, settlement
7312	agreements, or other legally binding documents or representations resolving a dispute between
7313	the department and another party when the department is required to pay money or required to
7314	take legally binding action.
7315	(2) The department shall obtain the approval of the Transportation Commission or the
7316	governor or review by the Legislative Management Committee of a settlement agreement that
7317	involves a bid or request for proposal protest in accordance with this section.
7318	(3) A settlement agreement that is being settled by the department as part of a bid or
7319	request for proposal protest, in accordance with Section [63G-6-801] 63G-6a-1603, that might
7320	cost government entities more than \$100,000 to implement shall be presented to the
7321	Transportation Commission for approval or rejection.
7322	(4) A settlement agreement that is being settled by the department as part of a bid or
7323	request for proposal protest, in accordance with Section [63G-6-801] 63G-6a-1603, that might
7324	cost government entities more than \$500,000 to implement shall be presented:
7325	(a) to the Transportation Commission for approval or rejection; and
7326	(b) to the governor for approval or rejection.
7327	(5) (a) A settlement agreement that is being settled by the department as part of a bid or
7328	request for proposal protest, in accordance with Section [63G-6-801] 63G-6a-1603, that might
7329	cost government entities more than \$1,000,000 to implement shall be presented:
7330	(i) to the Transportation Commission for approval or rejection;
7331	(ii) to the governor for approval or rejection; and
7332	(iii) if the settlement agreement is approved by the Transportation Commission and the
7333	governor, to the Legislative Management Committee.
7334	(b) The Legislative Management Committee may recommend approval or rejection of

7335	the settlement agreement.
7336	(6) (a) The department may not enter into a settlement agreement that resolves a bid or
7337	request for proposal protest, in accordance with Section [63G-6-801] 63G-6a-1603, that might
7338	cost government entities more than \$100,000 to implement until the Transportation
7339	Commission has approved the agreement.
7340	(b) The department may not enter into a settlement agreement that resolves a bid or
7341	request for proposal protest, in accordance with Section [63G-6-801] 63G-6a-1603, that might
7342	cost government entities more than \$500,000 to implement until the Transportation
7343	Commission and the governor have approved the agreement.
7344	(c) The department may not enter into a settlement agreement that resolves a bid or
7345	request for proposal protest, in accordance with Section [63G-6-801] 63G-6a-1603, that might
7346	cost government entities more than \$1,000,000 to implement until:
7347	(i) the Transportation Commission has approved the agreement;
7348	(ii) the governor has approved the agreement; and
7349	(iii) the Legislative Management Committee has reviewed the agreement.
7350	Section 213. Section 63H-2-504 is amended to read:
7351	63H-2-504. Relation to other state statutes.
7352	(1) The authority is subject to review by the Retirement and Independent Entities
7353	Committee in accordance with Title 63E, Chapter 1, Independent Entities Act.
7354	(2) The authority is subject to:
7355	(a) Title 51, Chapter 5, Funds Consolidation Act;
7356	(b) Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act;
7357	(c) Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act;
7358	(d) Title 63A, Utah Administrative Services Code;
7359	(e) Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act;
7360	(f) Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
7361	(g) Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act;

(h) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code;

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7363	(i) Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act;	
7364	(j) Title 63J, Chapter 2, Revenue Procedures and Control Act; and	
7365	(k) Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah State Personnel Management Act.	
7366	Section 214. Section 63H-3-109 is amended to read:	
7367	63H-3-109. Relation to certain acts.	
7368	(1) The authority is exempt from:	
7369	(a) Title 51, Chapter 5, Funds Consolidation Act;	
7370	(b) Title 63A, Chapter 1, Department of Administrative Services;	
7371	(c) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code;	
7372	(d) Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act; and	
7373	(e) Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah State Personnel Management Act.	
7374	(2) The authority is subject to audit by:	
7375	(a) the state auditor pursuant to Title 67, Chapter 3, Auditor; and	
7376	(b) the legislative auditor general pursuant to Section 36-12-15.	
7377	(3) The authority shall annually report to the Retirement and Independent Entities	
7378	Committee created under Section 63E-1-201 concerning the authority's implementation of	this
7379	part.	
7380	Section 215. Section 63H-4-108 is amended to read:	
7381	63H-4-108. Relation to certain acts.	
7382	(1) The authority is exempt from:	
7383	(a) Title 51, Chapter 5, Funds Consolidation Act;	
7384	(b) Title 63A, Utah Administrative Services Code;	
7385	(c) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code;	
7386	(d) Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act; and	
7387	(e) Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah State Personnel Management Act.	

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(2) The authority is subject to audit by the state auditor pursuant to Title 67, Chapter 3,

Auditor, and by the legislative auditor general pursuant to Section 36-12-15.

Section 216. Section **63H-5-108** is amended to read:

7391	63H-5-108. Relation to certain acts.
7392	(1) The authority is exempt from:
7393	(a) Title 51, Chapter 5, Funds Consolidation Act;
7394	(b) Title 63A, Chapter 1, Department of Administrative Services;
7395	(c) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code;
7396	(d) Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act; and
7397	(e) Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah State Personnel Management Act.
7398	(2) The authority is subject to audit by the state auditor pursuant to Title 67, Chapter 3,
7399	Auditor, and by the legislative auditor general pursuant to Section 36-12-15.
7400	Section 217. Section 63H-6-103 is amended to read:
7401	63H-6-103. Utah State Fair Corporation Legal status Powers.
7402	(1) There is created an independent public nonprofit corporation known as the "Utah
7403	State Fair Corporation."
7404	(2) The board shall file articles of incorporation for the corporation with the Division
7405	of Corporations and Commercial Code.
7406	(3) The corporation, subject to this chapter, has all powers and authority permitted
7407	nonprofit corporations by law.
7408	(4) The corporation shall, subject to approval of the board:
7409	(a) have general management, supervision, and control over all activities relating to the
7410	state fair and have charge of all state expositions except as otherwise provided by statute;
7411	(b) for public entertainment, displays, and exhibits or similar events:
7412	(i) provide, sponsor, or arrange the events;
7413	(ii) publicize and promote the events; and
7414	(iii) secure funds to cover the cost of the exhibits from:
7415	(A) private contributions;
7416	(B) public appropriations;
7417	(C) admission charges; and
7418	(D) other lawful means:

7419	(c) establish the time, place, and purpose of state expositions; and
7420	(d) acquire and designate exposition sites.
7421	(5) (a) The corporation shall:
7422	(i) use generally accepted accounting principals in accounting for its assets, liabilities,
7423	and operations;
7424	(ii) seek corporate sponsorships for the state fair park and for individual buildings or
7425	facilities within the fair park;
7426	(iii) work with county and municipal governments, the Salt Lake Convention and
7427	Visitor's Bureau, the Utah Travel Council, and other entities to develop and promote
7428	expositions and the use of the state fair park;
7429	(iv) develop and maintain a marketing program to promote expositions and the use of
7430	the state fair park;
7431	(v) in cooperation with the Division of Facilities Construction and Management,
7432	maintain the physical appearance and structural integrity of the state fair park and the buildings
7433	located at the state fair park;
7434	(vi) hold an annual exhibition that:
7435	(A) is called the state fair or a similar name;
7436	(B) includes expositions of livestock, poultry, agricultural, domestic science,
7437	horticultural, floricultural, mineral, and industrial products, manufactured articles, and
7438	domestic animals that, in the corporation's opinion will best stimulate agricultural, industrial,
7439	artistic, and educational pursuits and the sharing of talents among the people of Utah;
7440	(C) includes the award of premiums for the best specimens of the exhibited articles and
7441	animals;
7442	(D) permits competition by livestock exhibited by citizens of other states and territories
7443	of the United States; and
7444	(E) is arranged according to plans approved by the board;
7445	(vii) fix the conditions of entry to the exposition described in Subsection (5)(a)(vi); and
7446	(viii) publish a list of premiums that will be awarded at the exhibition described in

Subsection (5)(a)(vi) for the best specimens of exhibited articles and animals.

- (b) In addition to the state fair to be held in accordance with Subsection (5)(a)(vi), the corporation may hold other exhibitions of livestock, poultry, agricultural, domestic science, horticultural, floricultural, mineral, and industrial products, manufactured articles, and domestic animals that, in its opinion, will best stimulate agricultural, industrial, artistic, and educational pursuits and the sharing of talents among the people of Utah.
 - (6) The corporation may:

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- (a) employ advisers, consultants, and agents, including financial experts and independent legal counsel, and fix their compensation;
- (b) procure insurance against any loss in connection with its property and other assets, including mortgage loans;
 - (c) receive and accept aid or contributions of money, property, labor, or other things of value from any source, including any grants or appropriations from any department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States or Utah;
 - (d) hold, use, loan, grant, and apply that aid and those contributions to carry out the purposes of the corporation, subject to the conditions, if any, upon which the aid and contributions were made;
 - (e) enter into management agreements with any person or entity for the performance of its functions or powers;
 - (f) establish whatever accounts and procedures as necessary to budget, receive, and disburse, account for, and audit all funds received, appropriated, or generated;
- (g) enter into agreements for the leasing of any of the facilities at the state fair park, if approved by the board; and
 - (h) sponsor events as approved by the board.
- 7471 (7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(c), as an independent agency of Utah, the corporation is exempt from:
- 7473 (i) Title 51, Chapter 5, Funds Consolidation Act;
- 7474 (ii) Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act;

- 7475 (iii) Title 63A, Utah Administrative Services Code;
- 7476 (iv) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code;
- 7477 (v) Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act; and
- 7478 (vi) Title 67, Chapter 19, Utah State Personnel Management Act.
- 7479 (b) The board shall adopt policies parallel to and consistent with:
- 7480 (i) Title 51, Chapter 5, Funds Consolidation Act;
- 7481 (ii) Title 51, Chapter 7, State Money Management Act;
- 7482 (iii) Title 63A, Utah Administrative Services Code;
- 7483 (iv) Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
- 7484 (v) Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act.
- 7485 (c) The corporation shall comply with the legislative approval requirements for new facilities established in Subsection 63A-5-104(3).
- 7487 Section 218. Section **63I-1-263** is amended to read:
- 7488 **63I-1-263.** Repeal dates, Titles **63A** to **63M**.
- 7489 (1) Section 63A-4-204, authorizing the Risk Management Fund to provide coverage to any public school district which chooses to participate, is repealed July 1, 2016.
- 7491 (2) Section 63A-5-603, State Facility Energy Efficiency Fund, is repealed July 1, 2016.
- 7492 (3) Section 63C-8-106, rural residency training program, is repealed July 1, 2015.
- 7493 (4) Title 63C, Chapter 13, Prison Relocation and Development Authority Act, is 7494 repealed July 1, 2014.
- 7495 (5) Subsection [63G-6-502(5)(b)(ii)] 63G-6a-1402(7) authorizing certain transportation 7496 agencies to award a contract for a design-build transportation project in certain circumstances, 7497 is repealed July 1, 2015.
- 7498 (6) Title 63H, Chapter 4, Heber Valley Historic Railroad Authority, is repealed July 1, 7499 2020.
- 7500 (7) The Resource Development Coordinating Committee, created in Section 7501 63J-4-501, is repealed July 1, 2015.
- 7502 (8) Title 63M, Chapter 1, Part 4, Enterprise Zone Act, is repealed July 1, 2018.

7503	(9) (a) Title 63M, Chapter 1, Part 11, Recycling Market Development Zone Act, is
7504	repealed January 1, 2021.
7505	(b) Subject to Subsection (9)(c), Sections 59-7-610 and 59-10-1007 regarding tax
7506	credits for certain persons in recycling market development zones, are repealed for taxable
7507	years beginning on or after January 1, 2012.
7508	(c) A person may not claim a tax credit under Section 59-7-610 or 59-10-1007:
7509	(i) for the purchase price of machinery or equipment described in Section 59-7-610 or
7510	59-10-1007, if the machinery or equipment is purchased on or after January 1, 2012; or
7511	(ii) for an expenditure described in Subsection 59-7-610(1)(b) or 59-10-1007(1)(b), if
7512	the expenditure is made on or after January 1, 2012.
7513	(d) Notwithstanding Subsections (9)(b) and (c), a person may carry forward a tax credit
7514	in accordance with Section 59-7-610 or 59-10-1007 if:
7515	(i) the person is entitled to a tax credit under Section 59-7-610 or 59-10-1007; and
7516	(ii) (A) for the purchase price of machinery or equipment described in Section
7517	59-7-610 or 59-10-1007, the machinery or equipment is purchased on or before December 31,
7518	2011; or
7519	(B) for an expenditure described in Subsection 59-7-610(1)(b) or 59-10-1007(1)(b), the
7520	expenditure is made on or before December 31, 2011.
7521	(10) The Crime Victim Reparations and Assistance Board, created in Section
7522	63M-7-504, is repealed July 1, 2017.
7523	(11) Title 63M, Chapter 8, Utah Commission for Women and Families Act, is repealed
7524	July 1, 2011.
7525	(12) Title 63M, Chapter 9, Families, Agencies, and Communities Together for
7526	Children and Youth At Risk Act, is repealed July 1, 2016.
7527	(13) Title 63M, Chapter 11, Utah Commission on Aging, is repealed July 1, 2012.
7528	Section 219. Section 63M-1-2602 is amended to read:
7529	63M-1-2602. Definitions.

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As used in this part:

7531	(1) "Affected department" means, as applicable, the Board of Education or the
7532	Department of Technology Services.
7533	(2) "Board" means the Board of Business and Economic Development created under
7534	Section 63M-1-301.
7535	(3) "Board of Education" means the Utah State Board of Education.
7536	(4) "Chief procurement officer" means the chief procurement officer appointed under
7537	Section [63G-6-203] <u>63G-6a-302</u> .
7538	(5) "Committee" means the proposal review committee created under Section
7539	63M-1-2604.
7540	(6) "Day" means a calendar day.
7541	(7) "Director" is as defined in Section 63M-1-102.
7542	(8) "Executive Appropriations Committee" means the Legislature's Executive
7543	Appropriations Committee.
7544	(9) "Information technology" is as defined in Section 63F-1-102.
7545	(10) "Office" means the Governor's Office of Economic Development created under
7546	Section 63M-1-201.
7547	(11) "Private entity" means a person submitting a proposal under this part for the
7548	purpose of entering into a project.
7549	(12) "Project" means the subject of a proposal or an agreement for the procurement or
7550	disposal of:
7551	(a) information technology or telecommunications products or services; or
7552	(b) supplies or services for or on behalf of the Department of Technology Services or
7553	the Board of Education.
7554	(13) "Proposal" means an unsolicited offer by a private entity to undertake a project,
7555	including an initial proposal under Section 63M-1-2605 and a detailed proposal under Section
7556	63M-1-2608.
7557	(14) "Services" is as defined in Section [63G-6-103] <u>63G-6a-103</u> .
7558	(15) "Supplies" is as defined in Section [63G-6-103] <u>63G-6a-103</u> .

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7559	(16) "Telecommunications" is as defined in Section 63F-1-102.
7560	Section 220. Section 63M-1-2603 is amended to read:
7561	63M-1-2603. Government Procurement Private Proposal Program Proposals
7562	Rulemaking.
7563	(1) There is created within the office the Government Procurement Private Proposal
7564	Program.
7565	(2) In accordance with this part, the board may:
7566	(a) accept a proposal for a project;
7567	(b) solicit comments, suggestions, and modifications to a project in accordance with
7568	Section [63G-6-408.5] <u>63G-6a-711</u> ; and
7569	(c) make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
7570	Rulemaking Act, establishing requirements, including time limits for any action required by the
7571	affected department, a directly affected state entity or school district, or the Governor's Office
7572	of Planning and Budget, for the procurement of a project to the extent not governed by Title
7573	63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
7574	Section 221. Section 63M-1-2605 is amended to read:
7575	63M-1-2605. Initial proposal Requirements.
7576	(1) In accordance with this part, a private entity may at any time submit to the
7577	committee an initial proposal for a project.
7578	(2) An initial proposal shall include:
7579	(a) a conceptual description of the project;
7580	(b) a description of the economic benefit of the project to the state and the affected
7581	department;
7582	(c) information concerning the products, services, and supplies currently being
7583	provided by the state, that are similar to the project;

(d) an estimate of the following costs associated with the project:

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(i) design;

(ii) implementation;

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7587	(iii) operation and maintenance; and	
7588	(iv) any other related project cost; and	
7589	(e) the name and address of a person who may be contacted for fur	ther information

- 7590 concerning the initial proposal.
 7591 (3) A private entity submitting an initial proposal under this section shall pay the fee
- 7591 (3) A private entity submitting an initial proposal under this section shall pay the fee 7592 required by Section 63M-1-2612 when the initial proposal is submitted.
- (4) An initial proposal submitted under this section is a protected record under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act, until the chief procurement officer initiates a procurement process in accordance with Section [63G-6-408.5] 63G-6a-711.
- 7597 (5) The board shall make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
 7598 Administrative Rulemaking Act, detailing the portions of an initial proposal that remain
 7599 protected after the chief procurement officer initiates a procurement process.
- 7600 Section 222. Section **63M-1-2606** is amended to read:
- 7601 **63M-1-2606.** Review of initial proposal -- Affected department review.
- 7602 (1) The committee shall review and evaluate an initial proposal submitted in accordance with:
- 7604 (a) this part; and
- 7605 (b) any rule established by the board under Section 63M-1-2603.
- 7606 (2) If the committee, in its sole discretion, determines to proceed with the project, the committee shall submit a copy of the initial proposal to:
- 7608 (a) the affected department; and
- 7609 (b) the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget.
- 7610 (3) (a) An affected department, directly affected state entity, and school district 7611 receiving a copy of the initial proposal under Subsection (2) or (4) shall review the initial 7612 proposal and provide the committee with any comment, suggestion, or modification to the 7613 project.
- 7614 (b) After receiving an initial proposal, the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget

7615	shall prepare an economic feasibility report containing:
7616	(i) information concerning the economic feasibility and effectiveness of the project
7617	based upon competent evidence;
7618	(ii) a dollar amount representing the total estimated fiscal impact of the project to the
7619	affected department and the state; and
7620	(iii) any other matter the committee requests or is required by the board by rule.
7621	(4) In reviewing an initial proposal, the affected department shall share the initial
7622	proposal with any other state entity or school district that will be directly affected if the
7623	proposal is ultimately adopted, if the confidentiality of the initial proposal is maintained.
7624	(5) If the committee determines to proceed with the project, the committee shall submit
7625	a copy of the initial proposal, including any comment, suggestion, or modification to the initial
7626	proposal, to:
7627	(a) the chief procurement officer in accordance with Section [63G-6-408.5]
7628	63G-6a-711; and
7629	(b) the Executive Appropriations Committee, for informational purposes.
7630	(6) Before taking any action under Subsection (5), the committee shall consider:
7631	(a) any comment, suggestion, or modification to the initial proposal submitted in
7632	accordance with Subsection (3);
7633	(b) the extent to which the project is practical, efficient, and economically beneficial to
7634	the state and the affected department;
7635	(c) the economic feasibility report prepared by the Governor's Office of Planning and
7636	Budget; and
7637	(d) any other reasonable factor identified by the committee or required by the board by
7638	rule.
7639	Section 223. Section 63M-1-2607 is amended to read:
7640	63M-1-2607. Acceptance of initial proposal Obtaining detailed proposals.

(1) If an initial proposal is accepted under Section 63M-1-2606, the chief procurement

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officer shall:

7643	(a) take action under Section [63G-6-408.5] 63G-6a-711 to initiate a procurement
7644	process to obtain one or more detailed proposals using information from portions of the initial
7645	proposal that are not protected records under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records [and]
7646	Access and Management Act;
7647	(b) consult with the committee during the procurement process; and
7648	(c) submit all detailed proposals that meet the guidelines established under Subsection
7649	63M-1-2608(1), including the detailed proposal submitted by the private entity that submitted
7650	the initial proposal for the project, to:
7651	(i) the committee; and
7652	(ii) the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget.
7653	(2) The office is considered the purchasing agency for a procurement process initiated
7654	under this part.
7655	Section 224. Section 63M-1-2608 is amended to read:
7656	63M-1-2608. Detailed proposal Requirements Cooperation of affected
7657	department.
	department. (1) A detailed proposal submitted in response to a procurement process initiated under
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7657 7658	(1) A detailed proposal submitted in response to a procurement process initiated under
7657 7658 7659	(1) A detailed proposal submitted in response to a procurement process initiated under Section 63M-1-2607 shall include:
7657 7658 7659 7660	 (1) A detailed proposal submitted in response to a procurement process initiated under Section 63M-1-2607 shall include: (a) a conceptual description of the project, including the scope of the work;
7657 7658 7659 7660 7661	 (1) A detailed proposal submitted in response to a procurement process initiated under Section 63M-1-2607 shall include: (a) a conceptual description of the project, including the scope of the work; (b) a description of the economic benefit of the project to the state and the affected
7657 7658 7659 7660 7661 7662	 (1) A detailed proposal submitted in response to a procurement process initiated under Section 63M-1-2607 shall include: (a) a conceptual description of the project, including the scope of the work; (b) a description of the economic benefit of the project to the state and the affected department;
7657 7658 7659 7660 7661 7662 7663	 (1) A detailed proposal submitted in response to a procurement process initiated under Section 63M-1-2607 shall include: (a) a conceptual description of the project, including the scope of the work; (b) a description of the economic benefit of the project to the state and the affected department; (c) an estimate of the design, implementation, operation, maintenance, or other costs
7657 7658 7659 7660 7661 7662 7663 7664	(1) A detailed proposal submitted in response to a procurement process initiated under Section 63M-1-2607 shall include: (a) a conceptual description of the project, including the scope of the work; (b) a description of the economic benefit of the project to the state and the affected department; (c) an estimate of the design, implementation, operation, maintenance, or other costs associated with the project;
7657 7658 7659 7660 7661 7662 7663 7664 7665	 (1) A detailed proposal submitted in response to a procurement process initiated under Section 63M-1-2607 shall include: (a) a conceptual description of the project, including the scope of the work; (b) a description of the economic benefit of the project to the state and the affected department; (c) an estimate of the design, implementation, operation, maintenance, or other costs associated with the project; (d) information concerning the information technology or telecommunication product
7657 7658 7659 7660 7661 7662 7663 7664 7665 7666	(1) A detailed proposal submitted in response to a procurement process initiated under Section 63M-1-2607 shall include: (a) a conceptual description of the project, including the scope of the work; (b) a description of the economic benefit of the project to the state and the affected department; (c) an estimate of the design, implementation, operation, maintenance, or other costs associated with the project; (d) information concerning the information technology or telecommunication product and service or other supply or service currently provided by the state that is similar to the
7657 7658 7659 7660 7661 7662 7663 7664 7665 7666 7667	(1) A detailed proposal submitted in response to a procurement process initiated under Section 63M-1-2607 shall include: (a) a conceptual description of the project, including the scope of the work; (b) a description of the economic benefit of the project to the state and the affected department; (c) an estimate of the design, implementation, operation, maintenance, or other costs associated with the project; (d) information concerning the information technology or telecommunication product and service or other supply or service currently provided by the state that is similar to the project being proposed, if applicable;

7671	proposed debt or equity investment on behalf of the private entity;
7672	(f) the name and address of the person who may be contacted for further information
7673	concerning the detailed proposal;
7674	(g) a statement describing the private entity's experience with other similar projects and
7675	a description of why the private entity is best qualified for the project; and
7676	(h) any other information:
7677	(i) reasonably requested by the affected department or the committee, or required by
7678	the board by rule; or
7679	(ii) that the private entity considers necessary or appropriate to complete or describe
7680	the detailed proposal.
7681	(2) To assist each private entity in preparing a detailed proposal:
7682	(a) the affected department shall provide each private entity with access to all
7683	information, records, documents, and reports related to the proposal and the project that are
7684	designated public records under Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and
7685	Management Act; and
7686	(b) the affected department and the committee shall cooperate with each private entity
7687	to assist the private entity in the development of a detailed proposal that is:
7688	(i) practical;
7689	(ii) efficient; and
7690	(iii) economically beneficial to the state and the affected department.
7691	(3) The committee or any private entity may choose to terminate the development of
7692	the detailed proposal at any time before the submission of the detailed proposal to the chief
7693	procurement officer under Section [63G-6-408.5] <u>63G-6a-711</u> .
7694	Section 225. Section 63M-1-2610 is amended to read:
7695	63M-1-2610. Project agreement.
7696	(1) If the board accepts the detailed proposal, the director shall:

other state entity directly impacted by the detailed proposal; and

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(a) prepare a project agreement in consultation with the affected department and any

7699	(b) enter into the project agreement with the private entity.
7700	(2) A project agreement shall be signed by the director, the affected department, a
7701	directly affected state entity or school district, and the private entity.
7702	(3) A project agreement shall include provisions concerning:
7703	(a) the scope of the project;
7704	(b) the pricing method of the project;
7705	(c) the director's or the state's ability to terminate for convenience or for default, and
7706	any termination compensation to be paid to the private entity, if applicable;
7707	(d) the ability to monitor performance under the project agreement;
7708	(e) the appropriate limits of liability;
7709	(f) the appropriate transition of services, if applicable;
7710	(g) the exceptions from applicable rules and procedures for the implementation and
7711	administration of the project by the affected department, if any;
7712	(h) the clauses and remedies applicable to state contracts under Title 63G, Chapter [6,
7713	Part 6, Contract Clauses] 6a, Part 12, Contracts and Change Orders; and
7714	(i) any other matter reasonably requested by the committee or required by the board by
7715	rule.
7716	(4) A copy of the signed project agreement shall be submitted to:
7717	(a) the affected department; and
7718	(b) the Executive Appropriations Committee.
7719	(5) A project agreement is considered a contract under Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah
7720	Procurement Code.
7721	(6) The affected department shall implement and administer the project agreement in
7722	accordance with rules made under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act
7723	except as modified by the project agreement under Subsection (3)(g).
7724	Section 226. Section 64-13a-13 is amended to read:
7725	64-13a-13. Purchases of material Exemption.

(1) The Division of Correctional Industries is exempt from the provisions of Title 63G,

7727 Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, in respect to goods or services purchased by or sold to
7728 the department.
7729 (2) The purchase of raw materials for use by the division in manufacturing or

- (2) The purchase of raw materials for use by the division in manufacturing or processing products for resale is exempt from the powers and duties of the state purchasing agent.
- Section 227. Section **67-16-4** is amended to read:

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- 67-16-4. Improperly disclosing or using private, controlled, or protected information -- Using position to secure privileges or exemptions -- Accepting employment which would impair independence of judgment or ethical performance -- Exceptions.
- (1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is an offense for a public officer, public employee, or legislator, under circumstances not amounting to a violation of Section [63G-6-1001] 63G-6a-2304 or 76-8-105, to:
- (a) accept employment or engage in any business or professional activity that he might reasonably expect would require or induce him to improperly disclose controlled information that he has gained by reason of his official position;
- (b) disclose or improperly use controlled, private, or protected information acquired by reason of his official position or in the course of official duties in order to further substantially the officer's or employee's personal economic interest or to secure special privileges or exemptions for himself or others;
 - (c) use or attempt to use his official position to:
 - (i) further substantially the officer's or employee's personal economic interest; or
 - (ii) secure special privileges or exemptions for himself or others;
- 7749 (d) accept other employment that he might expect would impair his independence of judgment in the performance of his public duties; or
 - (e) accept other employment that he might expect would interfere with the ethical performance of his public duties.
- 7753 (2) (a) Subsection (1) does not apply to the provision of education-related services to public school students by public education employees acting outside their regular employment.

7755	(b) The conduct referred to in Subsection (2)(a) is subject to Section 53A-1-402.5.
7756	(3) A county legislative body member who does not participate in the process of
7757	selecting a mental health or substance abuse service provider does not commit an offense under
7758	Subsection (1)(a) or (b) by:
7759	(a) serving also as a member of the governing board of the provider of mental health or
7760	substance abuse services under contract with the county; or
7761	(b) discharging, in good faith, the duties and responsibilities of each position.
7762	Section 228. Section 67-16-5 is amended to read:
7763	67-16-5. Accepting gift, compensation, or loan When prohibited.
7764	(1) As used in this section, "economic benefit tantamount to a gift" includes:
7765	(a) a loan at an interest rate that is substantially lower than the commercial rate then
7766	currently prevalent for similar loans; and
7767	(b) compensation received for private services rendered at a rate substantially
7768	exceeding the fair market value of the services.
7769	(2) It is an offense for a public officer or public employee, under circumstances not
7770	amounting to a violation of Section [63G-6-1001] 63G-6a-2304 or 76-8-105, to knowingly
7771	receive, accept, take, seek, or solicit, directly or indirectly for himself or another a gift of
7772	substantial value or a substantial economic benefit tantamount to a gift:
7773	(a) that would tend improperly to influence a reasonable person in the person's position
7774	to depart from the faithful and impartial discharge of the person's public duties;
7775	(b) that the public officer or public employee knows or that a reasonable person in that
7776	position should know under the circumstances is primarily for the purpose of rewarding the
7777	public officer or public employee for official action taken; or
7778	(c) if the public officer or public employee recently has been, is now, or in the near
7779	future may be involved in any governmental action directly affecting the donor or lender,
7780	unless a disclosure of the gift, compensation, or loan and other relevant information has been
7781	made in the manner provided in Section 67-16-6.

(3) Subsection (2) does not apply to:

7783	(a) an occasional nonpecuniary gift, having a value of not in excess of \$50;
7784	(b) an award publicly presented in recognition of public services;
7785	(c) any bona fide loan made in the ordinary course of business; or
7786	(d) a political campaign contribution.
7787	Section 229. Section 67-16-5.3 is amended to read:
7788	67-16-5.3. Requiring donation, payment, or service to government agency in
7789	exchange for approval When prohibited.
7790	(1) It is an offense for a public officer, public employee, or legislator, under
7791	circumstances not amounting to a violation of Section [63G-6-1001] 63G-6a-2304 or 76-8-105,
7792	to demand from any person as a condition of granting any application or request for a permit,
7793	approval, or other authorization, that the person donate personal property, money, or services to
7794	any agency.
7795	(2) (a) Subsection (1) does not apply to any donation of property, funds, or services to
7796	an agency that is:
7797	(i) expressly required by statute, ordinance, or agency rule;
7798	(ii) mutually agreed to between the applicant and the entity issuing the permit,
7799	approval, or other authorization;
7800	(iii) made voluntarily by the applicant; or
7801	(iv) a condition of a consent decree, settlement agreement, or other binding instrument
7802	entered into to resolve, in whole or in part, an actual or threatened agency enforcement action.
7803	(b) If a person donates property, funds, or services to an agency, the agency shall, as
7804	part of the permit or other written authorization:
7805	(i) identify that a donation has been made;
7806	(ii) describe the donation;
7807	(iii) certify, in writing, that the donation was voluntary; and
7808	(iv) place that information in its files.
7809	Section 230. Section 67-16-6 is amended to read:
7810	67-16-6. Receiving compensation for assistance in transaction involving an

7811	agency Filing sworn statement.
7812	(1) It is an offense for a public officer or public employee, under circumstances not
7813	amounting to a violation of Section [63G-6-1001] 63G-6a-2304 or 76-8-105, to receive or
7814	agree to receive compensation for assisting any person or business entity in any transaction
7815	involving an agency unless the public officer or public employee files a sworn, written
7816	statement containing the information required by Subsection (2) with:
7817	(a) the head of the officer or employee's own agency;
7818	(b) the agency head of the agency with which the transaction is being conducted; and
7819	(c) the state attorney general.
7820	(2) The statement shall contain:
7821	(a) the name and address of the public officer or public employee involved;
7822	(b) the name of the public officer's or public employee's agency;
7823	(c) the name and address of the person or business entity being or to be assisted; and
7824	(d) a brief description of:
7825	(i) the transaction as to which service is rendered or is to be rendered; and
7826	(ii) the nature of the service performed or to be performed.
7827	(3) The statement required to be filed under Subsection (1) shall be filed within 10
7828	days after the date of any agreement between the public officer or public employee and the
7829	person or business entity being assisted or the receipt of compensation, whichever is earlier.
7830	(4) The statement is public information and shall be available for examination by the
7831	public.
7832	Section 231. Section 72-6-107 is amended to read:
7833	72-6-107. Construction or improvement of highway Contracts Retainage
7834	Certain indemnification provisions forbidden.
7835	(1) As used in this section, "design professional" means:
7836	(a) an architect, licensed under Title 58, Chapter 3a, Architects Licensing Act;

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Licensing Act; and

(b) a landscape architect, licensed under Title 58, Chapter 53, Landscape Architects

7839 (c) a professional engineer or professional land surveyor, licensed under Title 58, 7840 Chapter 22, Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing Act.

- (2) (a) The department shall make plans, specifications, and estimates prior to the construction or improvement of any state highway.
- (b) Except as provided in Section [63G-6-502] 63G-6a-1402 and except for construction or improvements performed with state prison labor, a construction or improvement project with an estimated cost exceeding the bid limit as defined in Section 72-6-109 for labor and materials shall be performed under contract awarded to the lowest responsible bidder.
 - (c) (i) The department:

- (A) shall publish an advertisement for bids in accordance with Section 45-1-101, for a period of two weeks ending no more than 10 days before bids are opened; and
- (B) may publish an advertisement for bids in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the work is to be performed.
- (ii) If the department publishes an advertisement for bids in a newspaper under Subsection (2)(c)(i)(B), the department shall publish the advertisement at least once a week for two consecutive weeks, with the last publication at least 10 days before bids are opened.
- (d) The department shall receive sealed bids and open the bids at the time and place designated in the advertisement. The department may then award the contract but may reject any and all bids.
- (e) If the department's estimates are substantially lower than any responsible bid received, the department may perform any work by force account.
- (3) If any payment on a contract with a private contractor for construction or improvement of a state highway is retained or withheld, the payment shall be retained or withheld and released as provided in Section 13-8-5.
- (4) If the department performs a construction or improvement project by force account, the department shall:
- 7866 (a) provide an accounting of the costs and expenditures of the improvement including

7867	material and labor;
7868	(b) disclose the costs and expenditures to any person upon request and allow the person
7869	to make a copy and pay for the actual cost of the copy; and
7870	(c) perform the work using the same specifications and standards that would apply to a
7871	private contractor.
7872	(5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
7873	department shall establish procedures for:
7874	(a) hearing evidence that a region within the department violated this section; and
7875	(b) administering sanctions against the region if the region is found in violation.
7876	(6) (a) Beginning May 12, 2009, a contract, including an amendment to an existing
7877	contract, entered into under authority of this chapter may not require that a design professional
7878	indemnify another from liability claims that arise out of the design professional's services,
7879	unless the liability claim arises from the design professional's negligent act, wrongful act, error
7880	or omission, or other liability imposed by law.
7881	(b) Subsection (6)(a) may not be waived by contract.
7882	(c) Notwithstanding Subsections (6)(a) and (b), a design professional may be required
7883	to indemnify a person for whom the design professional has direct or indirect control or
7884	responsibility.
7885	Section 232. Section 72-6-107.5 is amended to read:
7886	72-6-107.5. Construction of improvements of highway Contracts Health
7887	insurance coverage.
7888	(1) For purposes of this section:
7889	(a) "Employee" means an "employee," "worker," or "operative" as defined in Section
7890	34A-2-104 who:
7891	(i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and
7892	(ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance which

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may not exceed the first day of the calendar month following 90 days from the date of hire.

(b) "Health benefit plan" has the same meaning as provided in Section 31A-1-301.

- 7895 (c) "Qualified health insurance coverage" is as defined in Section 26-40-115.
- 7896 (d) "Subcontractor" has the same meaning provided for in Section 63A-5-208.
- 7897 (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), this section applies to contracts entered 7898 into by the department on or after July 1, 2009, for construction or design of highways and to a 7899 prime contractor or to a subcontractor in accordance with Subsection (2)(b).
 - (b) (i) A prime contractor is subject to this section if the prime contract is in the amount of \$1,500,000 or greater.
 - (ii) A subcontractor is subject to this section if a subcontract is in the amount of \$750,000 or greater.
- 7904 (3) This section does not apply if:

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- (a) the application of this section jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;
- 7906 (b) the contract is a sole source contract; or
- 7907 (c) the contract is an emergency procurement.
- 7908 (4) (a) This section does not apply to a change order as defined in Section [63G-6-103] 7909 63G-6a-103, or a modification to a contract, when the contract does not meet the initial 7910 threshold required by Subsection (2).
 - (b) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to circumvent the requirements of Subsection (2) is guilty of an infraction.
 - (5) (a) A contractor subject to Subsection (2) shall demonstrate to the department that the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the contractor's employees and the employees' dependents during the duration of the contract.
 - (b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2), the contractor shall demonstrate to the department that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees' dependents during the duration of the contract.
- 7920 (c) (i) (A) A contractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(a) during 7921 the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules 7922 adopted by the department under Subsection (6).

7923	(B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to meet the
7924	requirements of Subsection (5)(b).
7925	(ii) (A) A subcontractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(b) during
7926	the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules
7927	adopted by the department under Subsection (6).
7928	(B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to meet the
7929	requirements of Subsection (5)(a).
7930	(6) The department shall adopt administrative rules:
7931	(a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
7932	(b) in coordination with:
7933	(i) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 19-1-206;
7934	(ii) the Department of Natural Resources in accordance with Section 79-2-404;
7935	(iii) the State Building Board in accordance with Section 63A-5-205;
7936	(iv) the State Capitol Preservation Board in accordance with Section 63C-9-403;
7937	(v) a public transit district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-818.5; and
7938	(vi) the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and
7939	(c) which establish:
7940	(i) the requirements and procedures a contractor must follow to demonstrate to the
7941	department compliance with this section which shall include:
7942	(A) that a contractor will not have to demonstrate compliance with Subsection (5)(a) or
7943	(b) more than twice in any 12-month period; and
7944	(B) that the actuarially equivalent determination required for qualified health insurance
7945	coverage in Subsection (1) is met by the contractor if the contractor provides the department or
7946	division with a written statement of actuarial equivalency from either:
7947	(I) the Utah Insurance Department;
7948	(II) an actuary selected by the contractor or the contractor's insurer; or
7949	(III) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
7950	rates;

7951 (ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally 7952 violates the provisions of this section, which may include: 7953 (A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into 7954 future contracts with the state upon the first violation; 7955 (B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future 7956 contracts with the state upon the second violation; 7957 (C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with 7958 Section [63G-6-804] 63G-6a-904 upon the third or subsequent violation; and 7959 (D) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to 7960 purchase qualified health insurance coverage for an employee and a dependent of the employee 7961 of the contractor or subcontractor who was not offered qualified health insurance coverage 7962 during the duration of the contract; and 7963 (iii) a website on which the department shall post the benchmark for the qualified 7964 health insurance coverage identified in Subsection (1)(c). 7965 (7) (a) (i) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (6), a contractor or 7966 subcontractor who intentionally violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the 7967 employee for health care costs that would have been covered by qualified health insurance 7968 coverage. 7969 (ii) An employer has an affirmative defense to a cause of action under Subsection (7)(a)(i) if: 7970 7971 (A) the employer relied in good faith on a written statement of actuarial equivalency 7972 provided by: 7973 (I) an actuary; or 7974 (II) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium 7975 rates; or

- 7976 (B) the department determines that compliance with this section is not required under
- 7977 the provisions of Subsection (3) or (4).

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(b) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to

7979 enforce the provisions of this Subsection (7).

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- 7980 (8) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the 7981 Medicaid Restricted Account created in Section 26-18-402.
 - (9) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide qualified health insurance coverage as required by this section:
- 7984 (a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror, 7985 or contractor under Section [63G-6-801] 63G-6a-1603 or any other provision in Title 63G, 7986 Chapter [6, Part 8, Legal and Contractual Remedies] 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
- 7987 (b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or 7988 contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design 7989 or construction.
- 7990 Section 233. Section **72-6-108** is amended to read:

72-6-108. Class B and C roads -- Improvement projects -- Contracts -- Retainage.

- (1) A county executive for class B roads and the municipal executive for class C roads shall cause plans, specifications, and estimates to be made prior to the construction of any improvement project, as defined in Section 72-6-109, on a class B or C road if the estimated cost for any one project exceeds the bid limit as defined in Section 72-6-109 for labor, equipment, and materials.
- (2) (a) All projects in excess of the bid limit shall be performed under contract to be let to the lowest responsible bidder.
- (b) If the estimated cost of the improvement project exceeds the bid limit for labor, equipment, and materials, the project may not be divided to permit the construction in parts, unless each part is done by contract.
 - (3) (a) The advertisement on bids shall be published:
- (i) in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the work is to be performed at least once a week for three consecutive weeks; and
 - (ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for three weeks.
- 8006 (b) If there is no newspaper of general circulation as described in Subsection (3)(a)(I),

the notice shall be posted for at least 20 days in at least five public places in the county.

- (4) The county or municipal executive or their designee shall receive sealed bids and open the bids at the time and place designated in the advertisement. The county or municipal executive or their designee may then award the contract but may reject any and all bids.
- (5) The person, firm, or corporation that is awarded a contract under this section is subject to the provisions of Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
- (6) If any payment on a contract with a private contractor for construction or improvement of a class B or C road is retained or withheld, the payment shall be retained or withheld and released as provided in Section 13-8-5.
 - Section 234. Section **72-6-205** is amended to read:

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72-6-205. Solicited and unsolicited tollway development agreement proposals.

- (1) In accordance with this section, the department may:
- (a) accept unsolicited tollway development agreement proposals; or
- (b) solicit tollway development agreement proposals for a proposed project.
- (2) The department shall solicit tollway development agreement proposals in accordance with Section [63G-6-503] 63G-6a-1403.
- (3) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the department and the commission shall establish rules and procedures for accepting unsolicited proposals that require the:
- (a) private entity that submits the unsolicited proposal to comply with the minimum requirements for tollway development agreement proposals under Section 72-6-204;
- (b) department to issue a request for competing proposals and qualifications that includes:
- (i) a description of the proposed tollway development facility and the terms and conditions of a tollway development agreement;
 - (ii) submittal requirements;
- 8033 (iii) the criteria to be used to evaluate the proposals;
- 8034 (iv) the relative weight given to the criteria; and

8035	(v) the deadline by which competing proposals must be received; and
8036	(c) department to publish a notice advertising the request for competing proposals and
8037	providing information regarding how to obtain a copy of the request.
8038	(4) (a) The department may establish a fee in accordance with Section 63J-1-504 for
8039	reviewing unsolicited proposals and competing proposals submitted under this section.
8040	(b) The department may waive the fee under Subsection (4)(a) if it determines that it is
8041	reasonable and in the best interest of the state.
8042	Section 235. Section 72-7-504 is amended to read:
8043	72-7-504. Advertising prohibited near interstate or primary system Exceptions
8044	Logo advertising Department rules.
8045	(1) Outdoor advertising that is capable of being read or comprehended from any place
8046	on the main-traveled way of an interstate or primary system may not be erected or maintained,
8047	except:
8048	(a) directional and other official signs and notices authorized or required by law,
8049	including signs and notices pertaining to natural wonders and scenic and historic attractions,
8050	informational or directional signs regarding utility service, emergency telephone signs, buried
8051	or underground utility markers, and above ground utility closure signs;
8052	(b) signs advertising the sale or lease of property upon which they are located;
8053	(c) signs advertising activities conducted on the property where they are located,
8054	including signs on the premises of a public assembly facility as provided in Section 72-7-504.5;
8055	(d) signs located in a commercial or industrial zone;
8056	(e) signs located in unzoned industrial or commercial areas as determined from actual
8057	land uses; and
8058	(f) logo advertising under Subsection (2).
8059	(2) (a) The department may itself or by contract erect, administer, and maintain
8060	informational signs on the main-traveled way of an interstate or primary system for the display
8061	of logo advertising and information of interest to the traveling public if:
8062	(i) the department complies with Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, in

8063 the lease or other contract agreement with a private party for the sign or sign space; and 8064 (ii) the private party for the lease of the sign or sign space pays an amount set by the 8065 department to be paid to the department or the party under contract with the department under 8066 this Subsection (2). 8067 (b) The amount shall be sufficient to cover the costs of erecting, administering, and 8068 maintaining the signs or sign spaces. 8069 (c) The department may consult the Governor's Office of Economic Development in 8070 carrying out this Subsection (2). 8071 (3) (a) Revenue generated under Subsection (2) shall be: 8072 (i) applied first to cover department costs under Subsection (2); and 8073 (ii) deposited in the Transportation Fund. (b) Revenue in excess of costs under Subsection (2)(a) shall be deposited in the 8074 8075 General Fund as a dedicated credit for use by the Governor's Office of Economic Development 8076 no later than the following fiscal year. 8077 (4) Outdoor advertising under Subsections (1)(a), (d), (e), and (f) shall conform to the 8078 rules made by the department under Sections 72-7-506 and 72-7-507. 8079 Section 236. Section 73-10-27 is amended to read: 8080 73-10-27. Definitions -- Project priorities -- Considerations -- Determinations of 8081 feasibility -- Bids and contracts -- Definitions -- Retainage. 8082 (1) As used in this section: (a) "Board" means the Board of Water Resources created in Section 73-10-1.5. 8083 (b) "Estimated cost" means the cost of the labor, material, and equipment necessary for 8084 8085 construction of the contemplated project. 8086 (c) "Lowest responsible bidder" means a licensed contractor: 8087 (i) who: 8088 (A) submits the lowest bid; and 8089 (B) furnishes a payment bond and a performance bond under Sections 14-1-18 and

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[63G-6-505] 63G-6a-1103; and

8091	(ii) whose bid:
8092	(A) is in compliance with the invitation for a bid; and
8093	(B) meets the plans and specifications.
8094	(2) In considering the priority for a project to be built or financed with funds made
8095	available under Section 73-10-24, the board shall give preference to a project that:
8096	(a) is sponsored by, or for the benefit of, the state or a political subdivision of the state;
8097	(b) meets a critical local need;
8098	(c) has greater economic feasibility;
8099	(d) will yield revenue to the state within a reasonable time or will return a reasonable
8100	rate of interest, based on financial feasibility; and
8101	(e) meets other considerations deemed necessary by the board, including wildlife
8102	management and recreational needs.
8103	(3) (a) In determining the economic feasibility, the board shall establish a
8104	benefit-to-cost ratio for each project, using a uniform standard of procedure for all projects.
8105	(b) In considering whether a project should be built, the benefit-to-cost ratio for each
8106	project shall be weighted based on the relative cost of the project.
8107	(c) A project, when considered in total with all other projects constructed under this
8108	chapter and still the subject of a repayment contract, may not cause the accumulative
8109	benefit-to-cost ratio of the projects to be less than one to one.
8110	(4) A project may not be built if the project is not:
8111	(a) in the public interest, as determined by the board; or
8112	(b) adequately designed based on sound engineering and geologic considerations.
8113	(5) In preparing a project constructed by the board, the board shall:
8114	(a) based on a competitive bid, award a contract for:
8115	(i) a flood control project:
8116	(A) involving a city or county; and
8117	(B) costing in excess of \$35,000;
8118	(ii) the construction of a storage reservoir in excess of 100 acre-feet; or

5119	(iii) the construction of a hydroelectric generating facility;
3120	(b) publish an advertisement for a competitive bid:
3121	(i) at least once a week for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper with general
3122	circulation in the state, with the last date of publication appearing at least five days before the
3123	schedule bid opening; and
3124	(ii) indicating that the board:
3125	(A) will award the contract to the lowest responsible bidder; and
3126	(B) reserves the right to reject any and all bids;
3127	(c) readvertise the project in the manner specified in Subsection (5)(b) if the board
3128	rejects all of the initial bids on the project; and
3129	(d) keep an accurate record of all facts and representations relied upon in preparing the
3130	board's estimated cost for a project that is subject to the competitive bidding requirements of
3131	this section.
3132	(6) If no satisfactory bid is received by the board upon the readvertisement of the
3133	project in accordance with Subsection (5), the board may proceed to construct the project in
3134	accordance with the plan and specifications used to calculate the estimated cost of the project.
3135	(7) If a payment on a contract with a private contractor for construction of a project
3136	under this section is retained or withheld, it shall be retained or withheld and released as
3137	provided in Section 13-8-5.
3138	Section 237. Section 73-23-3 is amended to read:
3139	73-23-3. Duties and powers of Division of Water Resources.
3140	For purposes of this chapter, the Division of Water Resources:
3141	(1) shall provide for the construction, operation, and maintenance of the West Desert
3142	Pumping Project;
3143	(2) may enter into agreements as necessary to provide for all or any portion of the West
3144	Desert Pumping Project, including any indemnification agreements required by the federal
3145	government;
3146	(3) may acquire land or any other property right by any lawful means, including

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- 8148 (4) is exempt from Title 63G, Chapter [6, the] 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
- (5) may proceed without obtaining water right approval from the state engineer.
- 8150 Section 238. Section **76-10-1602** is amended to read:

76-10-1602. Definitions.

As used in this part:

- (1) "Enterprise" means any individual, sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, business trust, association, or other legal entity, and any union or group of individuals associated in fact although not a legal entity, and includes illicit as well as licit entities.
- (2) "Pattern of unlawful activity" means engaging in conduct which constitutes the commission of at least three episodes of unlawful activity, which episodes are not isolated, but have the same or similar purposes, results, participants, victims, or methods of commission, or otherwise are interrelated by distinguishing characteristics. Taken together, the episodes shall demonstrate continuing unlawful conduct and be related either to each other or to the enterprise. At least one of the episodes comprising a pattern of unlawful activity shall have occurred after July 31, 1981. The most recent act constituting part of a pattern of unlawful activity as defined by this part shall have occurred within five years of the commission of the next preceding act alleged as part of the pattern.
- (3) "Person" includes any individual or entity capable of holding a legal or beneficial interest in property, including state, county, and local governmental entities.
- (4) "Unlawful activity" means to directly engage in conduct or to solicit, request, command, encourage, or intentionally aid another person to engage in conduct which would constitute any offense described by the following crimes or categories of crimes, or to attempt or conspire to engage in an act which would constitute any of those offenses, regardless of whether the act is in fact charged or indicted by any authority or is classified as a misdemeanor or a felony:
- 8173 (a) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 13, Chapter 10, Unauthorized Recording Practices Act;

8175	(b) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 19, Environmental Quality
8176	Code, Sections 19-1-101 through 19-7-109;
8177	(c) taking, destroying, or possessing wildlife or parts of wildlife for the primary
8178	purpose of sale, trade, or other pecuniary gain, in violation of Title 23, Wildlife Resources
8179	Code of Utah, or Section 23-20-4;
8180	(d) false claims for medical benefits, kickbacks, and any other act prohibited by Title
8181	26, Chapter 20, Utah False Claims Act, Sections 26-20-1 through 26-20-12;
8182	(e) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 32B, Chapter 4, Criminal
8183	Offenses and Procedure Act;
8184	(f) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 57, Chapter 11, Utah Uniform
8185	Land Sales Practices Act;
8186	(g) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah
8187	Controlled Substances Act, or Title 58, Chapter 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances Act,
8188	Title 58, Chapter 37c, Utah Controlled Substance Precursor Act, or Title 58, Chapter 37d,
8189	Clandestine Drug Lab Act;
8190	(h) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 61, Chapter 1, Utah Uniform
8191	Securities Act;
8192	(i) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah
8193	Procurement Code;
8194	(j) assault or aggravated assault, Sections 76-5-102 and 76-5-103;
8195	(k) a threat of terrorism, Section 76-5-107.3;
8196	(1) criminal homicide, Sections 76-5-201, 76-5-202, and 76-5-203;
8197	(m) kidnapping or aggravated kidnapping, Sections 76-5-301 and 76-5-302;
8198	(n) sexual exploitation of a minor, Section 76-5b-201;
8199	(o) arson or aggravated arson, Sections 76-6-102 and 76-6-103;
8200	(p) causing a catastrophe, Section 76-6-105;
8201	(q) burglary or aggravated burglary, Sections 76-6-202 and 76-6-203;
8202	(r) burglary of a vehicle, Section 76-6-204;

8203	(s) manufacture or possession of an instrument for burglary or theft, Section 76-6-205;
8204	(t) robbery or aggravated robbery, Sections 76-6-301 and 76-6-302;
8205	(u) theft, Section 76-6-404;
8206	(v) theft by deception, Section 76-6-405;
8207	(w) theft by extortion, Section 76-6-406;
8208	(x) receiving stolen property, Section 76-6-408;
8209	(y) theft of services, Section 76-6-409;
8210	(z) forgery, Section 76-6-501;
8211	(aa) fraudulent use of a credit card, Sections 76-6-506.2, 76-6-506.3, 76-6-506.5, and
8212	76-6-506.6;
8213	(bb) deceptive business practices, Section 76-6-507;
8214	(cc) bribery or receiving bribe by person in the business of selection, appraisal, or
8215	criticism of goods, Section 76-6-508;
8216	(dd) bribery of a labor official, Section 76-6-509;
8217	(ee) defrauding creditors, Section 76-6-511;
8218	(ff) acceptance of deposit by insolvent financial institution, Section 76-6-512;
8219	(gg) unlawful dealing with property by fiduciary, Section 76-6-513;
8220	(hh) bribery or threat to influence contest, Section 76-6-514;
8221	(ii) making a false credit report, Section 76-6-517;
8222	(jj) criminal simulation, Section 76-6-518;
8223	(kk) criminal usury, Section 76-6-520;
8224	(ll) fraudulent insurance act, Section 76-6-521;
8225	(mm) retail theft, Section 76-6-602;
8226	(nn) computer crimes, Section 76-6-703;
8227	(oo) identity fraud, Section 76-6-1102;
8228	(pp) mortgage fraud, Section 76-6-1203;
8229	(qq) sale of a child, Section 76-7-203;
8230	(rr) bribery to influence official or political actions, Section 76-8-103;

8231	(ss) threats to influence official or political action, Section 76-8-104;
8232	(tt) receiving bribe or bribery by public servant, Section 76-8-105;
8233	(uu) receiving bribe or bribery for endorsement of person as public servant, Section
8234	76-8-106;
8235	(vv) official misconduct, Sections 76-8-201 and 76-8-202;
8236	(ww) obstruction of justice, Section 76-8-306;
8237	(xx) acceptance of bribe or bribery to prevent criminal prosecution, Section 76-8-308;
8238	(yy) false or inconsistent material statements, Section 76-8-502;
8239	(zz) false or inconsistent statements, Section 76-8-503;
8240	(aaa) written false statements, Section 76-8-504;
8241	(bbb) tampering with a witness or soliciting or receiving a bribe, Section 76-8-508;
8242	(ccc) retaliation against a witness, victim, or informant, Section 76-8-508.3;
8243	(ddd) extortion or bribery to dismiss criminal proceeding, Section 76-8-509;
8244	(eee) public assistance fraud in violation of Section 76-8-1203, 76-8-1204, or
8245	76-8-1205;
8246	(fff) unemployment insurance fraud, Section 76-8-1301;
8247	(ggg) intentionally or knowingly causing one animal to fight with another, Subsection
8248	76-9-301(2)(d) or (e), or Section 76-9-301.1;
8249	(hhh) possession, use, or removal of explosives, chemical, or incendiary devices or
8250	parts, Section 76-10-306;
8251	(iii) delivery to common carrier, mailing, or placement on premises of an incendiary
8252	device, Section 76-10-307;
8253	(jjj) possession of a deadly weapon with intent to assault, Section 76-10-507;
8254	(kkk) unlawful marking of pistol or revolver, Section 76-10-521;
8255	(Ill) alteration of number or mark on pistol or revolver, Section 76-10-522;
8256	(mmm) forging or counterfeiting trademarks, trade name, or trade device, Section
8257	76-10-1002;
8258	(nnn) selling goods under counterfeited trademark, trade name, or trade devices,

8259	Section 76-10-1003;
8260	(000) sales in containers bearing registered trademark of substituted articles, Section
8261	76-10-1004;
8262	(ppp) selling or dealing with article bearing registered trademark or service mark with
8263	intent to defraud, Section 76-10-1006;
8264	(qqq) gambling, Section 76-10-1102;
8265	(rrr) gambling fraud, Section 76-10-1103;
8266	(sss) gambling promotion, Section 76-10-1104;
8267	(ttt) possessing a gambling device or record, Section 76-10-1105;
8268	(uuu) confidence game, Section 76-10-1109;
8269	(vvv) distributing pornographic material, Section 76-10-1204;
8270	(www) inducing acceptance of pornographic material, Section 76-10-1205;
8271	(xxx) dealing in harmful material to a minor, Section 76-10-1206;
8272	(yyy) distribution of pornographic films, Section 76-10-1222;
8273	(zzz) indecent public displays, Section 76-10-1228;
8274	(aaaa) prostitution, Section 76-10-1302;
8275	(bbbb) aiding prostitution, Section 76-10-1304;
8276	(cccc) exploiting prostitution, Section 76-10-1305;
8277	(dddd) aggravated exploitation of prostitution, Section 76-10-1306;
8278	(eeee) communications fraud, Section 76-10-1801;
8279	(ffff) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of [Chapter 10,] Part 19, Money
8280	Laundering and Currency Transaction Reporting Act;
8281	(gggg) vehicle compartment for contraband, Section 76-10-2801;
8282	(hhhh) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of the laws governing taxation in
8283	this state; and
8284	(iiii) any act illegal under the laws of the United States and enumerated in 18 U.S.C.
8285	Sec. 1961 (1)(B), (C), and (D).
8286	Section 239. Section 78A-2-112 is amended to read:

8287	78A-2-112. Grants to nonprofit legal assistance organization.
8288	Subject to legislative appropriation, the state court administrator shall, in accordance
8289	with Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code, solicit requests for proposals and
8290	award grants to nonprofit legal assistance providers to provide legal assistance throughout the
8291	state to:
8292	(1) low to moderate income victims of domestic violence; and
8293	(2) low to moderate income individuals in family law matters.
8294	Section 240. Section 79-2-404 is amended to read:
8295	79-2-404. Contracting powers of department Health insurance coverage.
8296	(1) For purposes of this section:
8297	(a) "Employee" means an "employee," "worker," or "operative" as defined in Section
8298	34A-2-104 who:
8299	(i) works at least 30 hours per calendar week; and
8300	(ii) meets employer eligibility waiting requirements for health care insurance which
8301	may not exceed the first day of the calendar month following 90 days from the date of hire.
8302	(b) "Health benefit plan" has the same meaning as provided in Section 31A-1-301.
8303	(c) "Qualified health insurance coverage" is as defined in Section 26-40-115.
8304	(d) "Subcontractor" has the same meaning provided for in Section 63A-5-208.
8305	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), this section applies a design or
8306	construction contract entered into by, or delegated to, the department or a division, board, or
8307	council of the department on or after July 1, 2009, and to a prime contractor or to a
8308	subcontractor in accordance with Subsection (2)(b).
8309	(b) (i) A prime contractor is subject to this section if the prime contract is in the
8310	amount of \$1,500,000 or greater.
8311	(ii) A subcontractor is subject to this section if a subcontract is in the amount of
8312	\$750,000 or greater.
8313	(3) This section does not apply to contracts entered into by the department or a
8314	division, board, or council of the department if:

8315	(a) the application of this section jeopardizes the receipt of federal funds;
8316	(b) the contract or agreement is between:
8317	(i) the department or a division, board, or council of the department; and
8318	(ii) (A) another agency of the state;
8319	(B) the federal government;
8320	(C) another state;
8321	(D) an interstate agency;
8322	(E) a political subdivision of this state; or
8323	(F) a political subdivision of another state; or
8324	(c) the contract or agreement is:
8325	(i) for the purpose of disbursing grants or loans authorized by statute;
8326	(ii) a sole source contract; or
8327	(iii) an emergency procurement.
8328	(4) (a) This section does not apply to a change order as defined in Section [63G-6-103]
8329	63G-6a-103, or a modification to a contract, when the contract does not meet the initial
8330	threshold required by Subsection (2).
8331	(b) A person who intentionally uses change orders or contract modifications to
8332	circumvent the requirements of Subsection (2) is guilty of an infraction.
8333	(5) (a) A contractor subject to Subsection (2)(b)(i) shall demonstrate to the department
8334	that the contractor has and will maintain an offer of qualified health insurance coverage for the
8335	contractor's employees and the employees' dependents during the duration of the contract.
8336	(b) If a subcontractor of the contractor is subject to Subsection (2)(b)(ii), the contractor
8337	shall demonstrate to the department that the subcontractor has and will maintain an offer of
8338	qualified health insurance coverage for the subcontractor's employees and the employees'
8339	dependents during the duration of the contract.
8340	(c) (i) (A) A contractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(a) during
8341	the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules
8342	adopted by the department under Subsection (6).

8343	(B) A contractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a subcontractor to meet the
8344	requirements of Subsection (5)(b).
8345	(ii) (A) A subcontractor who fails to meet the requirements of Subsection (5)(b) during
8346	the duration of the contract is subject to penalties in accordance with administrative rules
8347	adopted by the department under Subsection (6).
8348	(B) A subcontractor is not subject to penalties for the failure of a contractor to meet the
8349	requirements of Subsection (5)(a).
8350	(6) The department shall adopt administrative rules:
8351	(a) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
8352	(b) in coordination with:
8353	(i) the Department of Environmental Quality in accordance with Section 19-1-206;
8354	(ii) a public transit district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-818.5;
8355	(iii) the State Building Board in accordance with Section 63A-5-205;
8356	(iv) the State Capitol Preservation Board in accordance with Section 63C-9-403;
8357	(v) the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section 72-6-107.5; and
8358	(vi) the Legislature's Administrative Rules Review Committee; and
8359	(c) which establish:
8360	(i) the requirements and procedures a contractor must follow to demonstrate
8361	compliance with this section to the department which shall include:
8362	(A) that a contractor will not have to demonstrate compliance with Subsection (5)(a) or
8363	(b) more than twice in any 12-month period; and
8364	(B) that the actuarially equivalent determination required for qualified health insurance
8365	coverage in Subsection (1) is met by the contractor if the contractor provides the department or
8366	division with a written statement of actuarial equivalency from either:
8367	(I) the Utah Insurance Department;
8368	(II) an actuary selected by the contractor or the contractor's insurer; or
8369	(III) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
8370	rates;

8371	(ii) the penalties that may be imposed if a contractor or subcontractor intentionally
8372	violates the provisions of this section, which may include:
8373	(A) a three-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into
8374	future contracts with the state upon the first violation;
8375	(B) a six-month suspension of the contractor or subcontractor from entering into future
8376	contracts with the state upon the second violation;
8377	(C) an action for debarment of the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with
8378	Section [63G-6-804] 63G-6a-904 upon the third or subsequent violation; and
8379	(D) monetary penalties which may not exceed 50% of the amount necessary to
8380	purchase qualified health insurance coverage for an employee and a dependent of an employee
8381	of the contractor or subcontractor who was not offered qualified health insurance coverage
8382	during the duration of the contract; and
8383	(iii) a website on which the department shall post the benchmark for the qualified
8384	health insurance coverage identified in Subsection (1)(c).
8385	(7) (a) (i) In addition to the penalties imposed under Subsection (6), a contractor or
8386	subcontractor who intentionally violates the provisions of this section shall be liable to the
8387	employee for health care costs that would have been covered by qualified health insurance
8388	coverage.
8389	(ii) An employer has an affirmative defense to a cause of action under Subsection
8390	(7)(a)(i) if:
8391	(A) the employer relied in good faith on a written statement of actuarial equivalency
8392	provided by:
8393	(I) an actuary; or
8394	(II) an underwriter who is responsible for developing the employer group's premium
8395	rates; or
8396	(B) the department determines that compliance with this section is not required under
8397	the provisions of Subsection (3) or (4).
8398	(b) An employee has a private right of action only against the employee's employer to

enforce the provisions of this Subsection (7).

- (8) Any penalties imposed and collected under this section shall be deposited into the Medicaid Restricted Account created in Section 26-18-402.
- (9) The failure of a contractor or subcontractor to provide qualified health insurance coverage as required by this section:
- (a) may not be the basis for a protest or other action from a prospective bidder, offeror, or contractor under Section [63G-6-801] 63G-6a-1603 or any other provision in Title 63G, Chapter [6, Part 8, Legal and Contractual Remedies] 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
- (b) may not be used by the procurement entity or a prospective bidder, offeror, or contractor as a basis for any action or suit that would suspend, disrupt, or terminate the design or construction.
 - Section 241. Section **79-4-203** is amended to read:

79-4-203. Powers and duties of division.

- (1) As used in this section, "real property" includes land under water, upland, and all other property commonly or legally defined as real property.
- (2) The Division of Wildlife Resources shall retain the power and jurisdiction conferred upon it by law within state parks and on property controlled by the Division of Parks and Recreation with reference to fish and game.
- (3) The division shall permit multiple use of state parks and property controlled by it for purposes such as grazing, fishing, hunting, mining, and the development and utilization of water and other natural resources.
- (4) (a) The division may acquire real and personal property in the name of the state by all legal and proper means, including purchase, gift, devise, eminent domain, lease, exchange, or otherwise, subject to the approval of the executive director and the governor.
- (b) In acquiring any real or personal property, the credit of the state may not be pledged without the consent of the Legislature.
- 8425 (5) (a) Before acquiring any real property, the division shall notify the county 8426 legislative body of the county where the property is situated of its intention to acquire the

8427	property.
8428	(b) If the county legislative body requests a hearing within 10 days of receipt of the
8429	notice, the division shall hold a public hearing in the county concerning the matter.
8430	(6) Acceptance of gifts or devises of land or other property is at the discretion of the
8431	division, subject to the approval of the executive director and the governor.
8432	(7) The division shall acquire property by eminent domain in the manner authorized by
8433	Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 5, Eminent Domain.
8434	(8) (a) The division may make charges for special services and use of facilities, the
8435	income from which is available for park and recreation purposes.
8436	(b) The division may conduct and operate those services necessary for the comfort and
8437	convenience of the public.
8438	(9) (a) The division may lease or rent concessions of all lawful kinds and nature in state
8439	parks and property to persons, partnerships, and corporations for a valuable consideration upon
8440	the recommendation of the board.
8441	(b) The division shall comply with Title 63G, Chapter [6] 6a, Utah Procurement Code,
8442	in selecting concessionaires.
8443	(10) The division shall proceed without delay to negotiate with the federal government
8444	concerning the Weber Basin and other recreation and reclamation projects.
8445	(11) The division shall receive and distribute voluntary contributions collected under
8446	Section 41-1a-422 in accordance with Section 79-4-404.
8447	Section 242. Repealer.
8448	This bill repeals:
8449	Section 10-7-87, Procurement Use of recycled goods.
8450	Section 11-37-101, Definition Procurement Use of recycled goods.
8451	Section 17-15-24, Procurement Use of recycled goods.
8452	Section 17B-1-109, Procurement Use of recycled goods.

Section 26A-1-108.7, Procurement -- Use of recycled goods.

Section 63G-6-206, Transfer of power to policy board.

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8455	Section 63G-6-301, Rules for specifications.
8456	Section 63G-6-401, Contracts awarded by sealed bidding Procedure.
8457	Section 63G-6-402, Contracts awarded by reverse auction.
8458	Section 63G-6-403, Procurement Use of recycled goods.
8459	Section 63G-6-406, Preference for recycled paper and paper products.
8460	Section 63G-6-407, Use of alkaline paper.
8461	Section 63G-6-408, Use of competitive sealed proposals in lieu of bids Procedure
8462	Section 63G-6-409, Small purchases.
8463	Section 63G-6-411, Emergency procurements.
8464	Section 63G-6-414, Prequalification of suppliers.
8465	Section 63G-6-417, Period of time for contract of supplies.
8466	Section 63G-6-418, Right of state to inspect place of business of contractor or
8467	subcontractor.
8468	Section 63G-6-422, Exemptions from source selection and contract requirements -
8469	Violation penalty.
8470	Section 63G-6-426, Tie bids Preference for providers of state products
8471	Resolution of tie bids Record of tie bids.
8472	Section 63G-6-903, Payments between public procurement units.
8473	Section 63G-6-906, Resolving controversy arising under a cooperative purchasing
8474	agreement.
8475	Section 63G-6-1001, Felony to accept emolument.
8476	Section 63G-6-1002, Felony to offer emolument.
8477	Section 243. Effective date.
8478	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2013.
8479	Section 244. Coordinating S.B. 153 with S.B. 114 Substantive and technical
8480	amendments.
8481	If this S.B. 153 and S.B. 114, Contesting Public Procurements, both pass and become
8482	law, the Legislature intends that the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel shall

8483	prepare the Utah Code database for publication on May 1, 2013, as follows:
8484	(1) by amending Subsection 26-8a-405.3(5)(b) to read:
8485	"(b) [The Procurement Appeals Board created in Section 63G-6-807] A procurement
8486	appeals panel described in Section 63G-6a-1702 shall have jurisdiction to review and
8487	determine an appeal of an offeror under this section[in the same manner as provided in Section
8488	63G-6-810]." <u>;</u>
8489	(2) by amending Subsection 26-8a-405.3(5)(c)(ii) to read:
8490	"(ii) [The factual determination required by Subsection 63G-6-813(1) shall be based on]
8491	A procurement appeals panel described in Section 63G-6a-1702 shall determine whether the
8492	solicitation or award was made in accordance with the procedures set forth in this section and
8493	Section 26-8a-405.2.";
8494	(3) by amending Subsection 63A-5-208(6)(d)(ii) to read:
8495	"(ii) may not pursue claims or disputes under the dispute resolution process established
8496	in [Sections 63G-6-805 through 63G-6-814] <u>Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code</u> .";
8497	(4) by adding the following definition to Section 63G-6a-103 and renumbering the
8498	remaining subsections in Section 63G-6a-103 accordingly:
8499	"(33) "Protest officer" means:
8500	(a) as it relates to a state purchasing unit, the head of the state purchasing unit or a
8501	designee of the head of the state purchasing unit;
8502	(b) as it relates to a local public procurement unit, the purchasing officer or the
8503	governing body of the local public procurement unit, or a designee of either; or
8504	(c) as it relates to a public procurement unit other than a public procurement unit
8505	described in Subsection (1)(a) or (b), the chief procurement officer or the chief procurement
8506	officer's designee.";
8507	(5) the changes to Section 63G-6a-105 (renumbered from Section 63G-6-104) in S.B.
8508	153 supersede the changes to Section 63G-6-104 in S.B. 114;
8509	(6) by amending Section 63G-6a-202 (renumbered from Section 63G-6-201) to read:
8510	"[63G-6-201] <u>63G-6a-202</u> . Creation of Utah State Procurement Policy Board.

8511	(1) [(a)] There is created [a state procurement policy board] the Utah State Procurement
8512	Policy Board.
8513	[(b)] (2) The [policy board shall consist of 10] board consists of up to 15 members as
8514	follows:
8515	[(i) an employee of a state institution]
8516	(a) two representatives of state institutions of higher education, appointed by the board
8517	of regents;
8518	[(ii) an employee]
8519	(b) a representative of the Department of Human Services, appointed by the executive
8520	director of that department;
8521	[(iii) an employee]
8522	(c) a representative of the Department of Transportation, appointed by the executive
8523	director of that department;
8524	[(iv) an employee of a school district]
8525	(d) two representatives of school districts, appointed by [a cooperative purchasing entity
8526	for school districts] the State Office of Education;
8527	[(v) an employee]
8528	(e) a representative of the Division of Facilities Construction and Management,
8529	appointed by the director of that division;
8530	[(vi) an employee of a county]
8531	(f) one representative of a county, appointed by the Utah Association of Counties;
8532	[(vii) an employee of a city]
8533	(g) one representative of a city or town, appointed by the Utah League of Cities and
8534	Towns;
8535	[(viii) an employee of a local district]
8536	(h) two representatives of local districts or special service [district] districts, appointed
8537	by the Utah Association of Special Districts;
8538	[(ix)] (i) the executive director of the Department of Technology Services or the

8539	executive director's designee; [and]
8540	$[\frac{x}{y}]$ (j) the chief procurement officer or the chief procurement officer's designee $[\frac{x}{y}]$; and
8541	(k) two representatives of state agencies, other than a state agency already represented
8542	on the board, appointed by the executive director of the Department of Administrative
8543	Services, with the approval of the executive director of the state agency that employs the
8544	employee.
8545	[(e)] (3) Members of the [policy] board shall be knowledgeable and experienced in, and
8546	have supervisory responsibility for, procurement in their official positions.
8547	$[\frac{(2)}{4}]$ A board member $[\frac{1}{2}]$ may serve as long as the member meets the
8548	description in Subsection $[\frac{(1)(b)}{2}]$ unless removed by the person or entity $[\frac{(a)(b)}{2}]$
8549	with the authority to appoint the board member.
8550	$\left[\frac{3}{(5)}\right]$ (a) The $\left[\frac{1}{(5)}\right]$ board shall:
8551	(i) adopt rules of procedure for conducting its business; and
8552	(ii) elect a chair to serve for one year.
8553	(b) The chair of the board shall be selected by a majority of the members of the board
8554	and may be elected to succeeding terms.
8555	(c) The chief procurement officer shall designate an employee of the [Division of
8556	Purchasing and General Services] division to serve as the nonvoting secretary to the policy
8557	board.
8558	[(4)] (6) A member of the board may not receive compensation or benefits for the
8559	member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
8560	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
8561	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
8562	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
8563	63A-3-107." <u>:</u>
8564	(7) by amending Section 63G-6a-203 (renumbered from Section 63G-6-202) to read:
8565	"[63G-6-202.] <u>63G-6a-203.</u> Powers and duties of board.
8566	[(1) Except as otherwise provided in Section 63G-6-104 and Subsection

8567	63G-6-208(1)(b), the policy board shall:
8568	[(a) make rules, consistent with this chapter, governing the procurement, management,
8569	and control of any and all supplies, services, technology, and construction to be procured by the
8570	state; and]
8571	[(b)] (1) In addition to making rules in accordance with Section 63G-6a-402 and the
8572	other provisions of this chapter, the board shall consider and decide matters of policy within
8573	the provisions of this chapter, including those referred to it by the chief procurement officer.
8574	(2) (a) The [policy] board may:
8575	(i) audit and monitor the implementation of its rules and the requirements of this
8576	chapter;
8577	(ii) upon the request of a local public procurement unit, review that <u>local public</u>
8578	procurement unit's proposed rules to ensure that they are not inconsistent with the provisions of
8579	this chapter or rules made by the board; and
8580	(iii) approve the use of innovative procurement [methods proposed by local public
8581	procurement units] processes.
8582	(b) [The policy] Except as provided in Section 63G-6a-1702, the board may not
8583	exercise authority over the award or administration of:
8584	(i) any particular [contact] contract; or
8585	(ii) [over] any dispute, claim, or litigation pertaining to any particular contract.
8586	(3) The board does not have authority over a matter involving:
8587	(a) a non-executive state procurement unit;
8588	(b) a local government unit; or
8589	(c) except as expressly provided in this chapter, a local public procurement unit.";
8590	(8) the changes to Section 63G-6a-1602 (renumbered from Section 63G-6-805) in S.B.
8591	153 do not go into effect;
8592	(9) by renumbering and amending Section 63G-6-801 to Section 63G-6a-1602, to read:
8593	"[63G-6-801.] <u>63G-6a-1602.</u> Protest to chief procurement officer or head of a
8594	nurchasing agency Time Authority to resolve protest

8595	(1) [Any] Except as provided in Subsection (2), a person who is an actual or
8596	prospective bidder, offeror, or contractor who is aggrieved in connection with [the solicitation]
8597	a procurement or award of a contract may protest to the [chief procurement officer or the head
8598	of a purchasing agency. A] protest officer as follows:
8599	(a) with respect to an invitation for bids or a request for proposals[-shall be submitted in
8600	writing prior to]:
8601	(i) before the opening of bids or the closing date for proposals[, unless]; or
8602	(ii) if the [aggrieved] person did not know and should not have known of the facts
8603	giving rise to the protest [prior to] before the bid opening or the closing date for proposals[:
8604	The protest shall be submitted in writing within five working days after the aggrieved person
8605	knows or should have known of the facts giving rise thereto.], within seven days after the day
8606	on which the person knows or should have known of the facts giving rise to the protest; or
8607	[(2) Subject to the applicable requirements in Section 63G-10-403, the chief
8608	procurement officer, the head of a purchasing agency, or a designee of either officer shall have
8609	the authority, prior to the commencement of an action in court concerning the controversy, to
8610	settle and resolve the protest.]
8611	(b) if Subsection (1)(a) does not apply, within seven days after the day on which the
8612	person knows or should have known of the facts giving rise to the protest.
8613	(2) A person who is debarred or suspended under this chapter may protest the
8614	debarment or suspension to the protest officer that ordered the debarment, as applicable, within
8615	seven days after the day on which the debarment or suspension is ordered.
8616	(3) A person who files a protest under this section shall include in the filing document:
8617	(a) the person's address of record and email address of record; and
8618	(b) a concise statement of the grounds upon which the protest is made.
8619	(4) A person described in Subsection (1), (2), or (3) who fails to timely file a protest
8620	under this section may not bring a protest, action, or appeal challenging a solicitation or award
8621	of a contract, or a debarment or suspension, before the protest officer, an appeals panel, a court
8622	or any other forum.

8623	(5) Subject to the applicable requirements of Section 63G-10-403, a protest officer, or
8624	the protest officer's designee, may enter into a settlement agreement to resolve a protest.";
8625	(10) the changes to Section 63G-6a-1603 (renumbered from Section 63G-6-801) in S.B
8626	153 do not go into effect;
8627	(11) by renumbering and amending Section 63G-6-806 to Section 63G-6a-1603, to
8628	<u>read:</u>
8629	"[63G-6-806.] <u>63G-6a-1603.</u> Decisions of protest officer to be in writing Effect of
8630	no writing.
8631	[(1)The chief procurement officer, the head of a purchasing agency, or the designee of
8632	either officer]
8633	(1) After a timely protest is filed in accordance with Section 63G-6a-1602, the protest
8634	officer:
8635	(a) shall consider the protest; and
8636	(b) may hold a hearing on the protest.
8637	(2) (a) The protest officer may:
8638	(i) subpoena witnesses and compel their attendance at a protest hearing; or
8639	(ii) subpoena documents for production at a protest hearing.
8640	(b) The Rules of Evidence do not apply to a protest hearing.
8641	(c) The Procurement Policy Board shall make rules relating to intervention in a protest,
8642	including designating:
8643	(i) who may intervene; and
8644	(ii) the time and manner of intervention.
8645	(d) If a hearing on a protest is held under this section, the protest officer shall:
8646	(i) record the hearing;
8647	(ii) preserve all evidence presented at the hearing; and
8648	(iii) preserve all records and other evidence relied upon in reaching the written decision
8649	described in this section.
8650	(e) Regardless of whether a hearing on a protest is held under this section, the protest

8651	officer shall preserve all records and other evidence relied upon in reaching the written
8652	decision.
8653	(f) The records described in Subsections (2)(d) and (e) may not be destroyed until the
8654	decision, and any appeal of the decision, becomes final.
8655	(g) A protest officer who holds a hearing, considers a protest, or issues a written
8656	decision under this section does not waive the right to, at a later date, question or challenge the
8657	protest officer's jurisdiction to hold the hearing, consider the protest, or render the decision.
8658	(3) A protest officer, or the protest officer's designee, shall promptly issue a written
8659	decision regarding any protest, debarment [or], suspension, or contract controversy if it is not
8660	settled by $[a]$ mutual agreement. The decision shall state the reasons for the action taken and
8661	inform the protestor, contractor, or prospective contractor of the right to judicial or
8662	administrative review as provided in this chapter.
8663	[(2)] (4) A decision [shall be] described in this section is effective until stayed or
8664	reversed on appeal, except to the extent provided in Section [63G-6-802] 63G-6a-1903. A
8665	[copy of the] person who issues a decision [under] described in Subsection (1) shall [be mailed
8666	or otherwise furnished immediately] mail, email, or otherwise immediately furnish a copy of
8667	the decision to the protestor, prospective contractor, or contractor. The decision shall be final
8668	and conclusive unless the protestor, prospective contractor, or contractor [appeals
8669	administratively to the procurement appeals board in accordance with Subsection
8670	63G-6-810(2) or the protestor, prospective contractor, or contractor]:
8671	(a) for a controversy described in Section 63G-6a-1905, commences an action in district
8672	court in accordance with [Section 63G-6-815.] Subsection 63G-6a-1802(5);
8673	(b) for a controversy related to a solicitation or the award of a contract, files an appeal
8674	under Section 63G-6a-1702; or
8675	(c) for a debarment or suspension, files an appeal under Section 63G-6a-1702.
8676	[(3)] (5) If the [chief procurement officer, the head of a purchasing agency, or the
8677	designee of either] protest officer does not issue the written decision regarding a protest or a
8678	contract controversy within [60] 30 calendar days after the day on which a written request for a

8679	final decision is filed with the protest officer, or within [such] a longer period as may be agreed
8680	upon by the parties, [then] the protester, prospective contractor, or contractor may proceed as if
8681	an adverse decision had been received.
8682	(6) Except for a controversy described in Section 63G-6a-1905, a determination under
8683	this section by the protest officer regarding an issue of fact may not be overturned on appeal
8684	unless the decision is arbitrary and capricious or clearly erroneous.";
8685	(12) the changes to Section 63G-6a-1604 (renumbered from Section 63G-6-806) in S.B.
8686	153 do not go into effect;
8687	(13) by enacting Section 63G-6a-1604 to read:
8688	"63G-6a-1604. Dismissal of protest not filed in accordance with requirements.
8689	The protest officer may dismiss a protest described in Section 63G-6a-1602 that is not
8690	filed in accordance with the requirements of this part.";
8691	(14) the changes to Section 63G-6a-1607 (renumbered from Section 63G-6-803) in S.B.
8692	153 do not go into effect;
8693	(15) the changes to Section 63G-6a-1702 (renumbered from Section 63G-6-807) in S.B.
8694	153 do not go into effect;
8695	(16) by renumbering and amending Section 63G-6-807 to Section 63G-6a-1702, to
8696	read:
8697	"[63G-6-807] 63G-6a-1702. Appeal to procurement policy board Appointment of
8698	procurement appeals panel Proceedings.
8699	(1) A party to a protest may appeal the protest decision to the procurement policy board
8700	<u>by:</u>
8701	(a) filing a written notice of appeal with the chair of the procurement policy board
8702	within seven days after:
8703	(i) the day on which the written decision described in Section 63G-6a-1603 is:
8704	(A) personally served on the party or the party's representative; or
8705	(B) emailed or mailed to the address or email address of record provided by the party
8706	under Subsection 63G-6a-1602(3); or

8707	(ii) the day on which the 30-day period described in Subsection 63G-6a-1603(5) ends, if
8708	a written decision is not issued before the end of the 30-day period;
8709	(b) including in the filing document the person's address of record and email address of
8710	record; and
8711	(c) at the time that the notice of appeal described in Subsection (1)(a) is filed,
8712	complying with the requirements of Section 63G-6a-1703 regarding the posting of a security
8713	deposit or a bond.
8714	(2) A person may not appeal from a protest described in Section 63G-6a-1602, unless:
8715	(a) a decision on the protest has been issued; or
8716	(b) a decision is not issued and the 30-day period described in Subsection
8717	63G-6a-1603(5) has passed.
8718	(3) The chair of the procurement policy board or a designee of the chair who is not
8719	employed by the public procurement unit responsible for the solicitation, contract award, or
8720	other action complained of:
8721	(a) shall, within seven days after the day on which the chair receives a timely written
8722	notice of appeal under Subsection (1), appoint:
8723	(i) a procurement appeals panel to hear and decide the appeal, consisting of at least
8724	three individuals, each of whom shall be:
8725	(A) a member of the Procurement Policy Board; or
8726	(B) a designee of a member appointed under Subsection (3)(a)(i)(A), if the designee is
8727	approved by the chair; and
8728	(ii) one of the members of the procurement appeals panel to be the chair of the panel;
8729	<u>(b) may:</u>
8730	(i) appoint the same procurement appeals panel to hear more than one appeal; or
8731	(ii) appoint a separate procurement appeals panel for each appeal; and
8732	(c) may not appoint a person to a procurement appeals panel if the person is employed
8733	by the public procurement unit responsible for the solicitation, contract award, or other action
8734	complained of.

8735	(4) A procurement appeals panel described in Subsection (3) shall:
8736	(a) consist of an odd number of members;
8737	(b) except as provided in Subsection (5), conduct an informal proceeding on the appeal
8738	within 60 days after the day on which the procurement appeals panel is appointed, unless all
8739	parties stipulate to a later date;
8740	(c) at least seven days before the proceeding, mail, email, or hand-deliver a written
8741	notice of the proceeding to the parties to the appeal; and
8742	(d) within seven days after the day on which the proceeding ends:
8743	(i) issue a written decision on the appeal; and
8744	(ii) mail, email, or hand-deliver the written decision on the appeal to the parties to the
8745	appeal and to the protest officer.
8746	(5) A procurement appeals panel may continue a procurement appeals proceeding
8747	beyond the 60-day period described in Subsection (4)(b) if the procurement appeals panel
8748	determines that the continuance is in the interests of justice.
8749	(6) A procurement appeals panel:
8750	(a) shall consider the appeal based solely on:
8751	(i) the protest decision;
8752	(ii) the record considered by the person who issued the protest decision; and
8753	(iii) if a protest hearing was held, the record of the protest hearing;
8754	(b) may not take additional evidence; and
8755	(c) shall uphold the decision of the protest officer, unless the decision is arbitrary and
8756	capricious or clearly erroneous.
8757	(7) If a procurement appeals panel determines that the decision of the protest officer is
8758	arbitrary and a capricious or clearly erroneous, the procurement appeals panel:
8759	(a) shall remand the matter to the protest officer, to cure the problem or render a new
8760	decision;
8761	(b) may recommend action that the protest officer should take; and
8762	(c) may not order that:

8763	(i) a contract be awarded to a certain person;
8764	(ii) a contract or solicitation be cancelled; or
8765	(iii) any other action be taken other than the action described in Subsection (7)(a).
8766	(8) The Procurement Policy Board shall make rules relating to the conduct of an appeals
8767	proceeding, including rules that provide for:
8768	(a) expedited proceedings; and
8769	(b) electronic participation in the proceedings by panel members and participants.
8770	(9) The Rules of Evidence do not apply to an appeals proceeding.";
8771	(17) the changes to Section 63G-6a-1703 (renumbered from Section 63G-6-810) in S.B.
8772	153 do not go into effect and Section 63G-6-810 in S.B. 114 remains repealed;
8773	(18) by renumbering and amending Section 63G-6-807.5, which was enacted by S.B.
8774	114, to Section 63G-6a-1703 to read:
8775	"[63G-6-807.5.] <u>63G-6a-1703.</u> Requirement to post a security deposit or bond
8776	Exceptions Forfeiture of security deposit or bond.
	•
8777	(1) Except as provided by rule made under Subsection (2)(a), a person who files an
8778	appeal under Section 63G-6a-1702 shall, at the time that the appeal is filed, pay a security
8779	deposit or post a bond with the protest officer in an amount that is the greater of:
8780	(a) for the appeal of a debarment or suspension, \$1,000;
8781	(b) for any type of procurement, \$1,000;
8782	(c) for an invitation for bids, 5% of:
8783	(i) the lowest bid amount, if the bid opening has occurred; or
8784	(ii) the estimated contract cost, established in accordance with Subsection (2)(b), if the
8785	bid opening has not yet occurred;
8786	(d) for a request for proposals, 5% of:
8787	(i) the lowest cost proposed in a response to a request for proposals, if the opening of
8788	proposals has occurred; or
8789	(ii) the estimated contract cost, established in accordance with Subsection (2)(b), if the
8790	opening of proposals has not occurred; or

8791	(e) for a type of procurement other than an invitation for bids or a request for proposals,
8792	the amount established in accordance with Subsection (2).
8793	(2) The Procurement Policy Board shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G,
8794	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that establish:
8795	(a) circumstances and procedures under which the requirement for paying a security
8796	deposit or posting a bond may be waived or reduced on grounds, including:
8797	(i) that the person filing the appeal is impecunious;
8798	(ii) circumstances where certain small purchases are involved; or
8799	(iii) other grounds determined by the Division of Purchasing and General Services to be
8800	appropriate; and
8801	(b) the method used to determine:
8802	(i) the estimated contract cost described in Subsections (1)(c)(ii) and (1)(d)(ii); and
8803	(ii) the amount described in Subsection (1)(e).
8804	(3) The chair of the Procurement Policy Board shall a dismiss a protest filed under
8805	Section 63G-6a-1702 if the actual or prospective bidder, offeror, or contractor fails to timely
8806	pay the security deposit or post the bond required under Subsection (1).
8807	(4) The chair of the Procurement Policy Board shall:
8808	(a) retain the security deposit or bond until the protest and any appeal of the protest
8809	decision is final;
8810	(b) as it relates to a security deposit:
8811	(i) deposit the security deposit into an interest-bearing account; and
8812	(ii) after any appeal of the protest decision becomes final, return the security deposit
8813	and the interest it accrues to the person who paid the security deposit, unless the security
8814	deposit is forfeited to the General Fund under Subsection (5); and
8815	(c) as it relates to a bond:
8816	(i) retain the bond until the protest and any appeal of the protest decision becomes final;
8817	<u>and</u>
8818	(ii) after the protest and any appeal of the protest decision becomes final, return the

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8819	bond to the person who posted the bond, unless the bond is forfeited to the General Fund under
8820	Subsection (5).
8821	(5) A security deposit that is paid, or a bond that is posted, under this section shall
8822	forfeit to the General Fund if:
8823	(a) the person who paid the security deposit or posted the bond fails to ultimately
8824	prevail on appeal; and
8825	(b) the procurement appeals panel finds that the protest or appeal is frivolous or that its
8826	primary purpose is to harass or cause a delay.";
8827	(19) the changes to Section 63G-6a-1704 (renumbered from Section 63G-6-808) in S.B.
8828	153 do not go into effect and Section 63G-6-808 in S.B. 114 remains repealed;
8829	(20) by renumbering and amending Section 63G-6-812 to Section 63G-6a-1704, to
8830	read:
8831	"[63G-6-812.] <u>63G-6a-1704.</u> Discontinued appeal with prejudice, except as
8832	authorized.
8833	After notice of an appeal [has been filed with the Procurement Appeals Board] to the
8834	procurement policy board is filed under Section 63G-6a-1702, no party may discontinue the
8835	appeal without prejudice, except as authorized by the [Procurement Appeals Board]
8836	procurement appeals panel appointed for the appeal.";
8837	(21) the changes to Section 63G-6a-1705 (renumbered from Section 63G-6-809) in S.B.
8838	153 do not go into effect and Section 63G-6-809 in S.B. 114 remains repealed;
8839	(22) by renumbering and amending Section 63G-6-813 to Section 63G-6a-1705, to
8840	read:
8841	"[63G-6-813.] <u>63G-6a-1705.</u> Factual determination of procurement appeals panel
8842	final and conclusive.

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[(1) On any protest or appeal under Section 63G-6-810, the Procurement Appeals Board

shall promptly decide the contract controversy or whether the solicitation or award was in

accordance with this chapter. Any prior determinations by administrative officials regarding

protests of solicitations or awards, suspension or debarments, contract controversies, or breach

8847	of contract controversies shall not be final or conclusive.]
8848	[(2)] A determination of an issue of fact by [the Procurement Appeals Board under
8849	Subsection (1) shall be final and conclusive unless] a procurement appeals panel may not be
8850	overturned on appeal, unless the determination is arbitrary and capricious or clearly erroneous.
8851	[No determination on an issue of law shall be final or conclusive.]";
8852	(23) by repealing Section 63G-6-814.5;
8853	(24) the changes to Section 63G-6a-1706 (renumbered from Section 63G-6-811) in S.B.
8854	153 do not go into effect and Section 63G-6-811 in S.B. 114 remains repealed;
8855	(25) by enacting Section 63G-6a-1706 to read:
8856	"63G-6a-1706. Dismissal of an appeal not filed in compliance with requirements.
8857	A procurement appeals panel may dismiss an appeal that is assigned to the procurement
8858	appeals panel if the appeal is not filed in accordance with the requirements of this chapter.";
8859	(26) the changes to Section 63G-6a-1707 (renumbered from Section 63G-6-812) in S.B.
8860	153 do not go into effect;
8861	(27) the changes to Section 63G-6a-1708 (renumbered from Section 63G-6-813) in S.B.
8862	153 do not go into effect;
8863	(28) the changes to Section 63G-6a-1802 (renumbered from Section 63G-6-814) in S.B.
8864	153 do not go into effect and Section 63G-6-814 in S.B. 114 remains repealed;
8865	(29) by renumbering and amending Section 63G-6-815 to Section 63G-6a-1802, to
8866	<u>read:</u>
8867	"[63G-6-815.] 63G-6a-1802. Appeal to Utah Court of Appeals Jurisdiction of
8868	district court.
8869	(1) Subject to Subsection (2), a person who receives an adverse decision, or the state,
8870	may appeal a decision of a procurement appeals panel to the Utah Court of Appeals within
8871	seven days after the day on which the decision is issued.
8872	(2) An agency in the state executive branch or a local public procurement unit may not
8873	appeal the decision of a procurement appeals panel, unless the appeal is:
8874	(a) recommended by the protest officer involved; and

8875	(b) except for a local public procurement unit that is not represented by the attorney
8876	general's office, approved by the attorney general.
8877	(3) The Utah Court of Appeals:
8878	(a) shall consider the appeal as an appellate court;
8879	(b) may not hear the matter as a trial de novo; and
8880	(c) may not overturn a finding or decision of the protest officer or a procurement
8881	appeals panel, unless the finding or decision is arbitrary and capricious or clearly erroneous.
8882	(4) The Utah Court of Appeals is encouraged to:
8883	(a) give an appeal made under Subsection (1) priority; and
8884	(b) consider the appeal and render a decision in an expeditious manner.
8885	(5) The district court shall have original jurisdiction in a cause of action between a
8886	contractor and the state for any cause of action that arises under, or in relation to, an existing
8887	contract between the contractor and the state.";
8888	(30) the changes to Section 63G-6a-1803 (renumbered from Section 63G-6-815) in S.B.
8889	153 do not go into effect;
8890	(31) by renumbering and amending Section 63G-6-817 to Section 63G-6a-1803, to
8891	read:
8892	"[63G-6-817.] <u>63G-6a-1803.</u> Statutes of limitations.
8893	[(1) Any action under Subsection 63G-6-815(1)(a) shall be initiated as follows:]
8894	[(a) within 20 calendar days after the aggrieved person knows or should have known of
8895	he facts giving rise to the action; provided, however, that an action with respect to an invitation
8896	for bids or request for proposals shall be initiated prior to the opening of bids or the closing
8897	date for proposals unless the aggrieved person did not know and should not have known of the
8898	facts giving rise to the action prior to bid opening or the closing date for proposals; or]
8899	[(b) within 14 calendar days after receipt of a final administrative decision pursuant to
8900	either Section 63G-6-806 or Section 63G-6-813, whichever is applicable.]
8901	[(2) Any] (1) An action [under] described in Subsection [63G-6-815(1)(b)]
8902	63G-6a-1802(5) shall be commenced within six months after [receipt of a final administrative

8903	decision pursuant to Section 63G-6-806 or Section 63G-6-813, whichever is applicable] the
8904	person bringing the action knew or should have known of the circumstances upon which the
8905	action is based.
8906	[(3)] (2) The statutory limitations on an action between private persons on a contract or
8907	for breach of contract shall apply to any action commenced pursuant to Subsection
8908	[63G-6-815(1)(c)(2), except notice of appeals from the Procurement Appeals Board
8909	pursuant to Section 63G-6-814 concerning actions on a contract or for breach of contract shall
8910	be filed within one year after the date of the Procurement Appeals Board decision]
8911	63G-6a-1802(5).";
8912	(32) the changes to Section 63G-6a-1804 (renumbered from Section 63G-6-817) in S.B.
8913	153 do not go into effect;
8914	(33) the changes to Section 63G-6a-1805 (renumbered from Section 63G-6-816) in S.B.
8915	153 do not go into effect;
8916	(34) by renumbering Section 63G-6a-1902 to Section 63G-6a-1911;
8917	(35) by renumbering and amending Section 63G-6-801.5, that was enacted in S.B. 114,
8918	to Section 63G-6a-1902, to read:
8919	"[63G-6-801.5.] <u>63G-6a-1902.</u> Requirement to exhaust administrative remedies
8920	Protests and appeals.
8921	(1) A person may not challenge a procurement, a procurement process, the award of a
8922	contract relating to a procurement, a debarment, or a suspension, in a court, before an
8923	administrative officer or body, or in any other forum other than the forum permitted in this
8924	chapter.
8925	(2) A person who desires to challenge a procurement, a procurement process, the award
8926	of a contract relating to a procurement, a debarment, or a suspension, shall bring the challenge,
8927	in accordance with the requirements of this chapter, by timely filing:
8928	(a) a protest in accordance with Section 63G-6a-1602;
8929	(b) any appeal of the protest decision in accordance with Section 63G-6a-1702; and
8930	(c) any appeal from a procurement appeals panel in accordance with Section

8931	<u>63G-6a-1802.</u>
8932	(3) A person who files a protest or appeal under this chapter is limited to protesting or
8933	appealing on the grounds specified in the filing document described in Subsection
8934	<u>63G-6a-1602.</u>
8935	(4) In hearing a protest or an appeal under this chapter relating to an expenditure of
8936	federal assistance, federal contract funds, or a federal grant, the person who hears the appeal
8937	shall ensure compliance with federal law and regulations relating to the expenditure.";
8938	(36) by renumbering Section 63G-6a-1903 (renumbered from Section 63G-6-818) in
8939	S.B 153 to Section 63G-6a-1909;
8940	(37) the changes to Section 63G-6a-1606 (renumbered from Section 63G-6-802) in S.B.
8941	153 do not go into effect;
8942	(38) by renumbering and amending Section 63G-6-802 to Section 63G-6a-1903, to
8943	read:
8944	"[63G-6-802.] <u>63G-6a-1903.</u> Effect of timely protest or appeal.
8945	In the event of a timely protest under [Subsection 63G-6-801(1), 63G-6-810(1), or
8946	63G-6-815(1), the state shall] Subsection 63G-6a-1602(1), or a timely appeal of the protest
8947	under Section 63G-6a-1702 or 63G-6a-1802, a state executive branch agency or a local public
8948	procurement unit may not proceed further with the solicitation or with the award of the contract
8949	until <u>:</u>
8950	(1) all administrative and judicial remedies [have been] are exhausted [or until];
8951	(2) for a protest under Section 63G-6a-1602 or an appeal under Section 63G-6a-1702:
8952	(a) the chief procurement officer, after consultation with the attorney general's office
8953	and the head of the using agency [or the head of a purchasing agency], makes a written
8954	determination that [the] award of the contract without delay is necessary to protect substantial
8955	interests of the state[:]:
8956	(b) the head of the purchasing agency, after consultation with the attorney general's
8957	office, makes a written determination that award of the contract without delay is necessary to
8958	protect substantial interests of the state; or

8959	(c) for a local public procurement unit that is not represented by the attorney general's
8960	office, the local public procurement unit, after consulting with the attorney for the local public
8961	procurement unit, makes a written determination that award of the contract without delay is
8962	necessary to protect substantial interests of the local public procurement unit; or
8963	(3) for an appeal under Section 63G-6a-1802, or an appeal to a higher court than district
8964	court:
8965	(a) the chief procurement officer, after consultation with the attorney general's office
8966	and the head of the using agency, makes a written determination that award of the contract
8967	without delay is in the best interest of the state;
8968	(b) the head of the purchasing agency, after consultation with the attorney general's
8969	office, makes a written determination that award of the contract without delay is in the best
8970	interest of the state; or
8971	(c) for a local public procurement unit that is not represented by the attorney general's
8972	office, the local public procurement unit, after consulting with the attorney for the local public
8973	procurement unit, makes a written determination that award of the contract without delay is
8974	necessary to protect the best interest of the local public procurement unit.";
8975	(39) the changes to Section 63G-6a-1904 (renumbered from Section 63G-6-819) in S.B.
8976	153 do not go into effect;
8977	(40) by renumbering and amending Section 63G-6-803 to Section 63G-6a-1904, to
8978	read:
8979	"[63G-6-803.] <u>63G-6a-1904.</u> Costs to or against protestor.
8980	(1) When a protest is sustained administratively or upon administrative or judicial
8981	review and the protesting bidder or offeror should have been awarded the contract under the
8982	solicitation but is not, the protestor shall be entitled to the following relief as a claim against
8983	the state:
8984	(a) the reasonable costs incurred in connection with the solicitation, including bid
8985	preparation and appeal costs; and
8986	(b) any equitable relief determined to be appropriate by the reviewing administrative or

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(2) When a protest is not sustained by [the Procurement Appeals Board] a procurement appeals panel, the protestor shall reimburse the [Division of Purchasing and General Services] public procurement unit for the per diem and expenses paid by the [division] public procurement unit to witnesses or appeals [board] panel members and any additional expenses incurred by the [state agency] staff of the public procurement unit who have provided materials and administrative services to the [board] procurement appeals panel for that case.

(3) The provisions of Title 63G, Chapter 7, Part 4, Notice of Claim Against a

Governmental Entity or a Government Employee, and Section 63G-7-601 do not apply to

actions brought under this chapter by an aggrieved party for equitable relief or reasonable costs
incurred in preparing or appealing an unsuccessful bid or offer.";

(41) the changes to Section 63G-6a-1905 (renumbered from Section 63G-6-820) in S.B. 153 do not go into effect;

(42) by renumbering and amending Section 63G-6-805 to Section 63G-6a-1905, to read:

"[63G-6-805.] 63G-6a-1905. Authority to resolve controversy between state and contractor.

[The chief procurement officer, the head of a purchasing agency, or a designee of either officer] A protest officer, or the protest officer's designee, is authorized, [prior to] before commencement of an action in court concerning [the controversy, to settle and resolve] a controversy [which] that arises between the state and a contractor [under or by virtue of a contract between them. This includes, without limitation,] in relation to an existing contract between the state and the contractor, including controversies based upon breach of contract, [mistakes] mistake, misrepresentation, or other cause for contract modification or rescission, to settle and resolve the controversy.";

(43) by renumbering and amending Section 63G-6-816 to Section 63G-6a-1906, to read:

"[63G-6-816.] 63G-6a-1906. Effect of prior determination by agents of state.

9015	In any judicial action under Section [63G-6-815] 63G-6a-1802, determinations by
9016	employees, agents, or other persons appointed by the state shall be final and conclusive only as
9017	provided in Sections [63G-6-419 and 63G-6-806, and Subsection 63G-6-813(2)] <u>63G-6a-1911,</u>
9018	63G-6a-1603, and 63G-6a-1705.";
9019	(44) by renumbering and amending Section 63G-6-819 to Section 63G-6a-1907, to
9020	read:
9021	"[63G-6-819.] <u>63G-6a-1907.</u> Effect of violation after award of contract.
9022	(1) If after [an] award of a contract it is determined administratively or upon
9023	administrative or judicial review that a [solicitation] procurement or award of a contract is in
9024	violation of law:
9025	[(1) If] (a) (i) if the person awarded the contract [has not acted] did not act fraudulently
9026	or in bad faith:
9027	[(a) The] (A) the contract may be ratified and affirmed if it [is determined that doing so]
9028	is in the best interests of the state; or
9029	[(b) The] (B) the contract may be terminated; and
9030	(ii) the person awarded the contract shall be compensated for the actual expenses
9031	reasonably incurred under the contract [prior to] before the termination, plus a reasonable
9032	profit; <u>or</u>
9033	[(2) If] (b) if the person awarded the contract [has] acted fraudulently or in bad faith:
9034	[(a) The] (i) the contract may be declared null and void; or
9035	[(b) The] (ii) the contract may be ratified and affirmed if [such action] it is in the best
9036	interests of the state, without prejudice to the state's rights to any appropriate damages.
9037	(2) Under no circumstances is a person entitled to consequential damages in relation to
9038	a solicitation or award of a contract under this chapter, including consequential damages for
9039	lost profits, loss of business opportunities, or damage to reputation.";
9040	(45) by renumbering and amending Section 63G-6-820 to Section 63G-6a-1910, to
9041	<u>read:</u>
9042	"[63G-6-820.] <u>63G-6a-1910.</u> Interest rate.

9043	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), in controversies between the state and
9044	contractors under this [part,] chapter, interest on amounts ultimately determined to be due to a
9045	contractor or [to] the state are payable at the rate applicable to judgments from the date the
9046	claim arose through the date of decision or judgment, whichever is later.
9047	(2) This section does not apply to public assistance benefits programs.";
9048	(46) the changes to Section 63G-6a-1605 (renumbered from Section 63G-6-907) in S.B.
9049	153 do not go into effect;
9050	(47) by renumbering and amending Section 63G-6-907 to Section 63G-6a-1908, to
9051	read:
9052	"[63G-6-907.] <u>63G-6a-1908.</u> Resolution of local public procurement controversies.
9053	The provisions of this chapter relating to protests and appeals apply to a local public
9054	procurement unit.";
9055	(48) by changing the references in Section 63G-10-403 from "Subsection
9056	63G-6-801(9)" to "Subsection 63G-6a-1602(5)"; and
9057	(49) by granting the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel the authority
9058	to technically renumber sections for proper placement in the chapter and to technically
9059	renumber corresponding cross references."
9060	Section 245. Coordinating S.B. 153 with S.B. 165 Substantive and technical
9061	amendments.
9062	If this S.B. 153 and S.B. 165, Redevelopment Agency Amendments, both pass and
9063	become law, the Legislature intends that the Office of Legislative Research and General
9064	Counsel shall prepare the Utah Code database for publication on May 1, 2013, by amending
9065	Subsection 63G-6a-104(4) to read:
9066	"(4) "Local public procurement unit" means:
9067	(a) a local district, as defined in Section 17B-1-102;
9068	(b) a special service district, as defined in Section 17D-1-102;
9069	(c) a local building authority, as defined in Section 17D-2-102;
9070	(d) a conservation district, as described in Title 17D. Chapter 3. Conservation District

9071	Act;
9072	(e) a public corporation, other than the Utah Housing Corporation;
9073	(f) a school district;
9074	(g) a public school, including a local school board or a charter school;
9075	(h) Utah Schools for the Deaf and Blind;
9076	(i) the Utah Education Network;
9077	(j) an institution of higher education of the state;
9078	(k) a county or municipality, and each office or agency of the county or municipality,
9079	unless the county or municipality adopts its own procurement code by ordinance;
9080	(l) a county or municipality, and each office or agency of the county or municipality,
9081	that has adopted this entire chapter by ordinance;
9082	(m) a county or municipality, and each office or agency of the county or municipality,
9083	that has adopted a portion of this chapter by ordinance, to the extent that the term is used in the
9084	adopted portion of this chapter; or
9085	(n) two or more of the entities described in this Subsection (4), acting under legislation
9086	that authorizes intergovernmental cooperation."